



PGIM India Mutual Fund

SCHEME INFORMATION DOCUMENT

SECTION – I

**PGIM India Balanced Advantage Fund
 (An open ended dynamic asset allocation fund)**

Product labeling for the scheme is as follows:

This product is suitable for investors who are seeking*		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Capital appreciation over a long period of time. Investment in equity and equity related securities including the use of equity derivatives strategies and arbitrage opportunities with balance exposure in debt and money market instruments. 	Scheme Riskometer  RISKOMETER Very High - Investors understand that their principal will be at very high risk	Benchmark Riskometer  RISKOMETER Benchmark riskometer is at high risk AMFI Tier 1 Benchmark - CRISIL Hybrid 50+50 Moderate Index

*Investors should consult their financial advisers if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them.

Continuous Offer of Units at NAV based prices

Name of Mutual Fund	PGIM INDIA MUTUAL FUND
Name of Asset Management Company	PGIM India Asset Management Private Limited
Name of Trustee Company	PGIM India Trustees Private Limited
Address of the entities	4 th Floor, C Wing, Laxmi Towers, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai - 400 051.
Website	www.pgimindiamf.com

The particulars of the Scheme have been prepared in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996, (herein after referred to as SEBI (MF) Regulations) as amended till date, and circulars issued thereunder filed with SEBI, along with a Due Diligence Certificate from the AMC. The units being offered for public subscription have not been approved or recommended by SEBI nor has SEBI certified the accuracy or adequacy of the Scheme Information Document.

The Scheme Information Document sets forth concisely the information about the Scheme(s) that a prospective investor ought to know before investing. Before investing, investors should also ascertain about any further changes to this Scheme Information Document after the date of this Document from the Mutual Fund / Investor Service Centres / Website / Distributors or Brokers.

The investors are advised to refer to the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for details of PGIM India Mutual Fund, Standard Risk Factors, Special Considerations, Tax and Legal issues and general information on www.pgimindiamf.com.

SAI is incorporated by reference (is legally a part of the Scheme Information Document). For a free copy of the current SAI, please contact your nearest Investor Service Centre or log on to our website, www.pgimindiamf.com.

The Scheme Information Document (Section I and II) should be read in conjunction with the SAI and not in isolation.

This Scheme Information Document is dated June 26, 2024.

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Part. I HIGHLIGHTS / SUMMARY OF THE SCHEME

Sr. No.	Title	Description
I.	Name of the Scheme	PGIM India Balanced Advantage Fund

II.	Category of the Scheme	Balanced Advantage Fund
III.	Scheme Type	An open ended dynamic asset allocation fund
IV.	Scheme Code	PGIM/O/H/BAF/20/09/0022
V.	Investment objective	<p>To provide capital appreciation and income distribution to the investors by dynamically managing the asset allocation between equity and fixed income using equity derivatives strategies, arbitrage opportunities and pure equity investments. The scheme seeks to reduce the volatility by diversifying the assets across equity and fixed income.</p> <p>However, there is no assurance that the investment objective of the Scheme will be achieved. The Scheme does not guarantee/ indicate any returns.</p>
VI.	Liquidity / listing details	<p>The Scheme offers Units for Subscription/switch in and Redemption/switch out at NAV based prices on all Business Days on an ongoing basis.</p> <p>The AMC shall dispatch the redemption proceeds within 3 business days from date of receipt of valid redemption request from the Unit holder.</p> <p>In case of exceptional circumstances as prescribed under paragraph 14.1.3 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023 and amended from time to time, redemption or repurchase proceeds shall be transferred / dispatched to Unitholders within the time frame prescribed for such exceptional circumstances.</p> <p>Currently the Units of the Scheme are not proposed to be listed on any stock exchange.</p>
VII.	Benchmark (Total Return Index)	<p>CRISIL Hybrid 50+50 Moderate Index</p> <p>As required under clause 1.9 of Master Circular dated May 19, 2023, the benchmark has been selected from amongst those notified by AMFI as the first tier benchmark to be adopted by mutual funds and which are reflective of the category of the scheme.</p> <p>The Scheme intends to invest in a portfolio of equity instruments diversified across market cap spectrum which is best captured by CRISIL Hybrid 50+50 Moderate Index. The composition of the CRISIL Hybrid 50+50 Moderate Index is such that it is most suited for comparing the performance of the Scheme. Hence, it is an appropriate benchmark for the Scheme.</p>
VIII.	NAV Disclosure	The AMC will calculate and update the NAV of the Scheme on all the Business Days. The AMC shall update the NAVs on the website of the AMC (www.pgimindiamf.com) and of the Association of Mutual Funds in India – AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) before 11.00 p.m. on every Business Day.

		For further details, please refer Section II.
IX.	Applicable Timelines	<p>Dispatch of redemption proceeds:</p> <p>The AMC shall dispatch the redemption proceeds within 3 business days from date of receipt of valid redemption request from the Unit holder.</p> <p>Dispatch of IDCW:</p> <p>The IDCW proceeds shall be remitted to the Unitholder within 7 business days from the record date.</p>
X.	Plans & Options Plans/Options and sub options under the Scheme	<p>The Scheme shall offer two plans viz. Regular Plan and Direct Plan.</p> <p>Direct Plan is only for investors who purchase /subscribe Units in the Scheme directly with the Fund and is not available for investors who route their investments through a Distributor and is offered in accordance with paragraph 2.5 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023.</p> <p>Each Plan has two Options, viz., Growth Option and Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal (IDCW) Option. IDCW Option has the following two facilities:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> i. Payout of Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal option (IDCW- Payout); ii. Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal option (IDCW- Reinvestment); <p>Default Option/Facility:</p> <p>The investor must clearly specify his/her choice of Option/Facility in the application form, in the absence of which, the Default Option/Sub-option would be applicable and the application will be processed accordingly:</p> <p>Default Option: Growth Option (if the investor has not indicated choice between ‘Growth’ or ‘IDCW Option’).</p> <p>Default Facility Under IDCW Option: IDCW Re-investment (if the investor has not indicated choice between ‘IDCW Payout’ or ‘IDCW Re-investment’)</p> <p>All plans/options under the Scheme shall have common portfolio.</p> <p>Kindly refer SAI for detailed disclosure on:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> i. Default plans and options; ii. Treatment of purchase/switch/ Systematic Investment Plans (SIPs)/ Systematic Transfer Plans (STPs) transactions received through distributors who are

		<p>suspended temporarily or terminated permanently by AMFI.</p> <p>iii. Treatment of applications under “Direct” / “Regular” Plans;</p> <p>iv. Other updates</p>
XI.	Load Structure	<p>Exit Load:- For each purchase of units through Lumpsum / switch-in / Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) and Systematic Transfer Plan (STP), exit load will be as follows:</p> <p>For Exits within 90 days from date of allotment of units: 0.50%; For Exits beyond 90 days from date of allotment of units: NIL</p> <p>The entire exit load (net of Goods and Services tax), charged, if any, shall be credited to the Scheme.</p>
XII.	Minimum Application amount / switch in	Initial Purchase/Switch-in – Minimum of Rs. 5,000/- and in multiples of Re.1/- thereafter.
XIII.	Minimum Additional Purchase amount	Additional Purchase - Minimum of Rs.1,000/- and in multiples of Re.1/-thereafter.
XIV.	Minimum Redemption / switch out amount	Redemption / Switch out – Minimum amount of Rs. 1,000/- and in multiples of Re.1/- thereafter or account balance whichever is lower.
XV.	New Fund Offer Period This is the period during which a new scheme sells its units to the investors.	<p>Not Applicable.</p> <p>The Scheme is open on an ongoing basis for subscription/redemption at NAV based prices.</p>
XVI.	New Fund Offer Price This is the price per unit that the investors have to pay to invest during the NFO	<p>Not Applicable</p> <p>The Scheme is open on an ongoing basis for subscription/redemption at NAV based prices.</p>
XVII.	Segregated portfolio/side pocketing disclosure	<p>The AMC has a written down policy on Creation of segregated portfolio which is approved by the Trustees. Creation of Segregated Portfolio shall be subject to guidelines specified by SEBI from time to time.</p> <p>Creation of Segregated portfolio is optional and is at the discretion of the AMC. Currently, there is no segregated portfolio created in the Scheme.</p> <p>For details, on writeup of Segregated portfolio kindly refer SAI.</p>
XVIII	Swing pricing disclosure	Not Applicable, as scheme is a Hybrid Scheme.

XIX	Stock lending/short selling	<p>The Scheme has enabling provision for stock lending / short selling.</p> <p>For details on stock lending and short selling, kindly refer SAI.</p>
XX	How to Apply and other details	<p>Investor can obtain application form / Key Information Memorandum (KIM) from AMC branch offices, Investor services centers and RTA's (Kfin) branch office. Investors can also download application form / Key Information Memorandum (KIM) from our website (www.pgimindiamf.com).</p> <p>The list of the Investor Service Centres (ISCs)/Official Points of Acceptance (OPAs) of the Mutual Fund is available on the website of the AMC. i.e. www.pgimindiamf.com Please refer to the SAI and Application form for the instructions.</p> <p>For further details, please refer Section II.</p>
XXI.	Investor services	<p>Investors may make any service request or complaints or enquiries by calling the AMC's Investor Helpline "1800 266 7446 " (toll-free) or send an e-mail to care@pgimindia.co.in</p> <p>The customer service representatives may require personal information of the customer for verification of the customer's identity in order to protect confidentiality of information. The AMC will at all times endeavour to handle transactions efficiently and to resolve any grievances promptly. For any queries / complaints / feedbacks investors may contact:</p> <p>Mr. Ranjit Venugopal, PGIM India Mutual Fund Investor Relations Officer 1 D, First Floor, Century Plaza No. 560/561 - Anna Salai, Teynampet Chennai – 600018.</p> <p>Tel: +91-44-40745800</p>
XXII	Specific attribute of the scheme (such as lock in, duration in case of target maturity scheme/close ended schemes) (as applicable)	Not Applicable
XXIII.	Special product/facility available during the NFO and on ongoing basis	<p>The Special Products / Facilities available on an ongoing basis are as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> i. Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) ii. Top-up facility under Systematic Investment Plan iii. Systematic Investment Plan ('SIP') Pause Facility iv. Systematic Transfer Plan (STP) v. Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP) vi. Facility to transact in the Scheme through MF Utility Portal

		<p>vii. Facility to Purchase/Redeem Units of the Scheme(s) through Stock Exchange(s)</p> <p>viii. Application / Request Through Fax / Online Transactions</p> <p>For further details of above special products / facilities, kindly refer SAI.</p>
XXIV	Weblink	<p>Weblink for TER for last 6 months, Daily TER and Scheme Factsheet:</p> <p>TER (Last 6 months and daily TER): https://www.pgimindiamf.com/statutory-disclosure/portfolio-related/expense-ratio</p> <p>Scheme Factsheet: https://www.pgimindiamf.com/forms-and-updates/fund-factsheet</p>

DUE DILIGENCE BY THE ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY

It is confirmed that:

- (i) The Scheme Information Document submitted to SEBI is in accordance with the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines and directives issued by SEBI from time to time;
- (ii) All legal requirements connected with the launching of the Scheme and also the guidelines, instructions, etc., issued by the Government and any other competent authority in this behalf, have been duly complied with;
- (iii) The disclosures made in the Scheme Information Document are true, fair and adequate to enable the investors to make a well informed decision regarding investment in the scheme;
- (iv) The intermediaries named in the Scheme Information Document and Statement of Additional Information are registered with SEBI and their registration is valid, as on date.
- (v) The contents of the Scheme Information Document including figures, data, yields etc. have been checked and are factually correct.
- (vi) A confirmation that the AMC has complied with the compliance checklist applicable for Scheme Information Documents and other than cited deviations/ that there are no deviations from the regulations.
- (vii) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.
- (viii) The Trustees have ensured that PGIM India Balanced Advantage Fund approved by them is a new product offered by PGIM India Mutual Fund and is not a minor modification of any existing scheme/fund/product.

Place: Mumbai
Date: June 26, 2024

Name : Sandeep Kamath
Designation : Head - Compliance & Legal

Part II. INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME

A. HOW WILL THE SCHEME ALLOCATE ITS ASSETS?

The asset allocation in the Scheme under normal circumstances will be as follows:

Instruments	Indicative allocations (% of total assets)	
	Minimum	Maximum
Equity & Equity Related Instruments**	0%	100%
Debt and Money Market Instruments	0%	100%

** Investments in derivative instruments shall be as permitted vide paragraph 7.5 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023, and such other circulars as may be issued from time to time.

The Scheme may use equity and fixed income derivatives for such purposes as maybe permitted by the Regulations, including for the purpose of hedging and portfolio balancing, based on the opportunities available and subject to guidelines issued by SEBI and RBI from time to time. The Scheme will not have a leveraged position in derivatives. Investment in stock Future will be counted as exposure unless it is a perfect hedge (i.e. have the same security).

Indicative Table: (Actual instrument/percentages may vary subject to applicable SEBI circulars)

Sr. No.	Type of Instrument	Percentage of exposure	Circular references
1.	Derivatives	The Maximum exposure to equity and debt derivatives shall not exceed 50% of net assets of debt and equity component of the scheme.	Paragraph 12.25 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023.
2.	Overseas securities	If the scheme decides to invest in foreign securities including overseas ETFs, the same shall not exceed 20% of the corpus of the Scheme.	Paragraph 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023.
3.	Short selling of securities	The Scheme may engage in short selling of Securities in accordance with Paragraph 12.11 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023.	Paragraph 12.11 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023.
4.	Securities lending & Borrowing	The scheme may also engage in securities lending; provided however that the Scheme shall not deploy more than 20% of its net assets in securities lending, and a single intermediary exposure shall not exceed 5% of the net assets of the Scheme.	Paragraph 12.11 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023,

5.	Securitized Debt	If the Scheme decides to invest in securitised debt, such investments will not, exceed 20% of the net assets of the scheme.	Paragraph 12.15 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023.
6.	Debt Instruments with SO / CE	The scheme may invest in debt instruments having structured obligations / credit enhancements which shall not exceed 10% of the debt portfolio of the scheme and group exposure in such instruments shall not exceed 5% of the debt portfolio of the scheme.	Paragraph 12.3 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023
7.	Credit Default Swaps	The Scheme shall not participate in Credit Default Swaps.	Paragraph 12.28 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023.
8.	Other/own mutual funds	The scheme may invest in the units of Mutual Fund Schemes. Such investment shall not exceed 5% of the net asset value of the Fund.	Clause 4 of Seventh Schedule of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996.
9.	Repo/ reverse repo transactions in corporate debt securities	The scheme may participate in corporate bond repo transactions. Gross exposure of the scheme to repo transactions in corporate debt securities shall not be more than 10% of the net assets of the scheme.	Paragraph 12.18 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023.
10.	AT1 and AT2 Bonds	The scheme does not intend to invest in debt instruments with special features or Tier 1 bonds and Tier 2 bonds issued under Basel III framework	Paragraph 12.2 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023

In terms of paragraph 12.24 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023, the cumulative gross exposure through equity, debt, derivative positions (and fixed income derivatives), repo transactions and other permitted securities/assets and such other securities/assets as may be permitted by the Board from time to time shall not exceed 100% of the net assets of the scheme.

Pending deployment of funds of the Scheme in securities in terms of the investment objective of the Scheme the AMC may park the funds of the Scheme in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks, subject to the guidelines prescribed under paragraph 12.16 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023, as amended from time to time. The Scheme will comply with the following guidelines/restrictions for parking of funds in short term deposits:-

- a. "Short Term" for parking of funds shall be treated as a period not exceeding 91 days.
- b. Such short-term deposits shall be held in the name of the Scheme.
- c. The Scheme shall not park more than 15% of the net assets in short term deposit(s) of all the scheduled commercial banks put together. However, such limit may be raised to 20% with the approval of the Trustee.
- d. Parking of funds in short term deposits of associate and sponsor scheduled commercial banks together shall not exceed 20% of total deployment by the Mutual Fund in short term deposits.
- e. The Scheme shall not park more than 10% of the net assets in short term deposit(s), with any one scheduled commercial bank including its subsidiaries.
- f. The Scheme shall not park funds in short-term deposit of a bank which has invested in the said Scheme. Further Trustees/AMC shall also ensure that a bank in which scheme has short term deposit does not invest in the Scheme until the Scheme has short term deposits with such bank.
- g. AMC shall not charge any investment management and advisory fees for parking of funds in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks.

However, the above provisions will not apply to term deposits placed as margins for trading in cash and derivatives market.

Overseas Investments by the Scheme:

According to paragraph 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023, mutual funds can invest in certain permissible foreign securities.

As per paragraph 12.19.1 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023, overseas investments are subject to an overall limit of US\$ 7 billion for all mutual funds put together. The Mutual Funds have been allowed an individual limit of US\$ 1 billion for overseas investments. The Scheme may, with the approval of SEBI/ RBI invest in foreign securities as specified by SEBI. The overall ceiling for investment in overseas ETFs that invest in securities is US \$ 1 billion subject to a maximum of US \$ 300 million per mutual fund.

The AMC is allowed to invest in overseas securities upto 20% of the average Asset Under Management ('AUM') in overseas securities of the previous three calendar months subject to maximum limit of USD 1 billion per Mutual Fund. The above limits shall be considered as soft limits for the purpose of reporting only by Mutual Funds on monthly basis as per paragraph 12.19.1.3(d) of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023.

The Mutual Fund may, where necessary will appoint intermediaries as sub-managers, sub-custodians, etc. for managing and administering such investments. The appointment of such intermediaries shall be in accordance with the applicable requirements of SEBI and within the permissible ceilings of expenses.

Portfolio Rebalancing:

In accordance with paragraph 2.9 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023, in case of deviation from the mandated asset allocation due to passive breaches (occurrence of instances not arising out of omission and commission of AMCs), the portfolio would be rebalanced within 30 business days from the date of deviation. Where the portfolio is not rebalanced within 30 business days, justification for the same shall be placed before the Investment Committee and reasons for the same shall be recorded in writing. The Investment Committee, if so desires, can extend the timelines up to sixty (60) business days from the date of completion of mandated rebalancing period. However, at all times, the portfolio will adhere to the overall investment objective of the scheme.

In case the portfolio of schemes is not rebalanced within the aforementioned mandated plus extended timelines, AMCs shall:

- i. not be permitted to launch any new scheme till the time the portfolio is rebalanced.
- ii. not to levy exit load, if any, on the investors exiting such scheme(s)

Short term defensive consideration:

Due to market conditions, the AMC may invest beyond the range set out in the asset allocation. Such deviations shall normally be for a short term and defensive considerations in line with paragraph 1.14.1.2(b) of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023 and the fund manager will rebalance the portfolio within 30 calendar days from the date of deviation.

B. WHERE WILL THE SCHEME INVEST?

Subject to the Regulations and other prevailing laws as applicable, the corpus of the Scheme can be invested in any (but not exclusively) of the following securities:

- 1) Indian Equity and equity related securities including convertible bonds and debentures and warrants carrying the right to obtain equity shares.
- 2) Securities created and issued by the Central and State Governments and/or repos/reverse repos in such Government Securities as may be permitted by RBI (including but not limited to coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds and treasury bills)
- 3) Securities guaranteed by the Central and State Governments (including but not limited to coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds and treasury bills)
- 4) Repos of Corporate debt securities.
- 5) Debt securities issued by domestic Government agencies and statutory bodies, which may or may not carry a Central/State Government guarantee.
- 6) Corporate debt securities (of both public and private sector undertakings)
- 7) Securities issued by banks (both public and private sector) as permitted by SEBI from time to time and development financial institutions
- 8) Money market instruments permitted by SEBI, having maturities of up to one year, or in alternative investment for the call money market.
- 9) Certificate of Deposits (CDs)
- 10) Tri -Party Repo (TREPS)
- 11) Commercial Paper (CPs)
- 12) The non-convertible part of convertible securities
- 13) Derivative instruments like, Stock / Index Futures, Stock / Index Options and such other derivative instruments permitted by SEBI.
- 14) Foreign securities as defined under Paragraph 12.19 of SEBI master circular dated May 19, 2023. The Investment in Foreign Securities shall be in accordance with the guidelines issued by SEBI and RBI from time to time.
- 15) Schemes managed by the AMC or the schemes launched by SEBI registered Mutual Funds, provided it is in conformity to the investment objectives of the Scheme and in terms of the prevailing Regulations.
- 16) Any other instruments, as may be permitted by RBI / SEBI / such other Regulatory Authority, from time to time; subject to Regulatory approval.

The securities mentioned above could be listed or permitted unlisted, privately placed, secured or unsecured, rated or un-rated and of any maturity, as enabled under SEBI Regulations/ circulars/ RBI. The securities may be acquired from primary market/ Initial Public Offer (IPO), secondary market operations, private placement or negotiated deals.

C. WHAT ARE THE INVESTMENT STRATEGIES?

The Fund will allocate money to equity and fixed income asset classes based on the percentage allocation suggested by the Dynamic Advantage Asset Allocation Facility (DAAAF) model.

DAAAF is a unique P/E based variation asset allocation facility, that automatically manages asset allocation across equity and debt in different market phases based on an in-house proprietary P/E based investment model.

DAAAF manages allocation across equity and debt based on the market valuations and P/E based model & executes three critical strategies:

Enter: When the equity market is undervalued i.e. Current P/E is significantly lower, it switches or increases allocation from the debt allocation to the equity allocation.

Exit: When the equity market is overvalued i.e. Current P/E is significantly higher, it switches or decreases allocation from the equity allocation to the debt allocation.

Re-enter: When valuations are reasonable vis-à-vis the historical averages, it switches / increases allocation to the equity allocation from the debt allocation.

At the time of initial NFO allotment, the resources were allotted as per following table:

Variation* from Long Term average PE	% Equity Allocation
Above 40%	30%
Between 31% and 40%	30%
Between 21% and 30%	40%
Between 11% and 20%	60%
Between 1% and 10%	80%
Below 0%	100%

*PE variation is defined as the deviation of trailing PE of Nifty 50 Index (observed on a 20 days moving average basis) from 15 year rolling average PE of Nifty 50 Index.

From the subsequent month from the date of allotment, the fund would rebalance the portfolio on monthly basis according to the following table:

Variation* from Long Term average P/E	Rising Variation***
Less than - 20%	Directional equity exposure 100%
Between -20% and -11%	Maintains existing equity exposure plus switches 50% of debt to equity for every monthly observation
Between -10% and 0%	Maintains existing equity exposure plus switches 10% of debt to equity for every monthly observation
Between 1% and 10%	Maintains existing equity exposure
Between 11% and 20%	Maintains existing equity exposure
Between 21% and 30%	Maintains existing equity exposure
Between 31% and 40%	Shifts 50% money from equity to debt for every monthly observation **
Above 40%	Directional equity exposure 30%

<u>Variation* from Long Term average P/E</u>	<u>Falling Variation***</u>
Above 40%	Directional equity exposure 30%
Between 31% and 40%	Shifts 50% money from equity to debt for every monthly observation **
Between 21% and 30%	Directional equity exposure 50%
Between 11% and 20%	Directional equity exposure 50%
Between 1% and 10%	Directional equity exposure 65%
Between -10% and 0%	Maintains existing equity exposure plus switches 10% of debt to equity for every monthly observation
Between -20% and -11%	Maintains existing equity exposure plus switches 50% of debt to equity for every monthly observation
Less than - 20%	Directional equity exposure 100%

* P/E variation is defined as the deviation of trailing P/E of Nifty 500 Index (observed on a 20 days moving average basis) from 15 year rolling average P/E of Nifty 500 Index.

** This will be subject to the overall equity floor of 30%.

*** Fund will have at least 65% exposure to equity and equity related instruments at all points of time. Within this, minimum directional exposure to Equity will not go below 30% and the balance exposure will be invested in derivatives.

The rising and falling variation would be defined as a sequential rise or fall in the variation on a month on month basis that is, the variation for a particular month end would be compared to the variation of the previous month end to ascertain the trend.

The model recommendations would come on the 1st working day of the month, basis which the recommended actions needed to be taken in the portfolio will be executed within 7 working days.

In case there is a deviation from the model recommendation at the end of the execution period (i.e. the 7th working day), the portfolio would be rebalanced within another 7 working days and reasons for the same shall be recorded in writing.

The asset allocations to Equity and Fixed Income asset classes would be governed by the DAAAF Model, however, the selection of specific securities/papers in equity as well as debt will be done at the respective fund manager's discretion. The Equity portion of the investments would be allocated in a diversified manner and the Fixed Income portion of the investments would be managed through investments in debt securities at the fund manager's discretion.

The overall investment strategy will be in line with the investment objective and asset allocation of the scheme at all times.

The Scheme may invest in other scheme(s) managed by the AMC or in the scheme(s) of any other mutual fund, provided it is in conformity with the investment objectives of the Scheme and in terms of the prevailing Regulations. As per the Regulations, no investment management fees will be charged for such investments.

DERIVATIVES

The Scheme may invest in various derivative instruments which are permissible under the applicable regulations. Such investments shall be subject to the investment objective and strategy of the Scheme and the internal limits if any, as laid down from time to time. These include but are not limited to futures (both stock and index) and options (stock and index). Derivatives are financial contracts of pre-determined fixed duration, whose values are derived from the value of an underlying primary financial

instrument such as interest rates, exchange rates, commodities and equities. There are several advantages in using derivatives in the portfolio. The use of derivatives provides flexibility to the Scheme to hedge whole or part of the portfolio.

The risks associated with derivatives are similar to those associated with underlying investments. The additional risks of using derivative strategies could be on account of:

- Illiquidity;
- Potential mispricing of the Futures/Options;
- Lack of opportunity;
- Inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with the underlying (Indices, Assets, Exchange Rates);
- Cost of hedge can be higher than adverse impact of market movements;
- An exposure to derivatives in excess of the hedging requirements can lead to losses;
- An exposure to derivatives can also limit the profits from a genuine investment transaction.
- The prices which are seen on the screen need not be the same at which execution will take place.

For detailed risks associated with use of derivatives, please refer paragraph “Scheme Specific Risk Factors”

For further details regarding concepts and examples of derivatives that may be used by the fund manager, please refer to SAI.

Securitisation

Asset securitisation is a process whereby commercial or consumer credits are packaged and sold in the form of financial instruments. A typical process of asset securitisation involves sale of specific Receivables to a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) set up in the form of a trust or a company. The SPV in turn issues financial instruments (e.g., promissory notes, pass through certificates or other debt instruments) to investors, such instruments evidencing the beneficial ownership of the investors in the Receivables. The financial instruments are rated by an independent credit rating agency. An Investor’s Agent is normally appointed for providing trusteeship services for the transaction.

On the recommendation of the credit rating agency, additional credit support (Credit Enhancement) may be provided in order that the instrument may receive the desired level of rating. Typically the servicing of the Receivables is continued by the seller in the capacity of the Servicer. Cash flows, as and when they are received, are passed onto the investors.

Risk Control

Since investing requires disciplined risk management, the AMC would incorporate adequate safeguards for controlling risks in the portfolio construction process.

The risk control process involves reducing risks through portfolio diversification, taking care however not to dilute returns in the process. The AMC believes that this diversification would help achieve the desired level of consistency in returns. Stock specific risk will be minimized by investing only in those companies that have been analyzed by the Investment Team at the AMC. For investments in debt securities, the AMC aims to identify securities, which offer superior levels of yield at lower levels of risks. With the aim of controlling risks, rigorous and in-depth credit evaluation of the securities proposed to be invested in, will be carried out by the investment team of the AMC. Rated Debt instruments in which the Scheme invests will be of investment grade as rated by a credit rating agency. The AMC will be guided but not limited by the ratings of Rating Agencies such as CRISIL, CARE, ICRA and Fitch or any other rating agencies that may be registered with SEBI from time to time. In

case a debt instrument is not rated, investment will be in accordance with Guidelines approved by the Board.

The Scheme may also use various derivatives and hedging products from time to time, as would be available and permitted by SEBI, in an attempt to protect the value of the portfolio and enhance Unitholders' interest.

D. HOW WILL THE SCHEME BENCHMARK ITS PERFORMANCE?

Benchmark (Total Returns Index): CRISIL Hybrid 50+50 Moderate Index. As required under clause 1.9 of Master Circular dated May 19, 2023, the benchmark has been selected from amongst those notified by AMFI as the first tier benchmark to be adopted by mutual funds and which are reflective of the category of the scheme.

The Scheme intends to invest in a portfolio of equity instruments diversified across market cap spectrum which is best captured by CRISIL Hybrid 50+50 Moderate Index. The composition of the CRISIL Hybrid 50+50 Moderate Index is such that it is most suited for comparing the performance of the Scheme. Hence, it is an appropriate benchmark for the Scheme.

The Trustee/AMC reserves the right to change the benchmark for evaluating the performance of the Scheme from time to time, in conformity with the investment objective of the Scheme and the appropriateness of the benchmark, subject to SEBI guidelines and other prevalent guidelines.

E. WHO MANAGES THE SCHEME?

Mr. Utsav Mehta, Mr. Anandha Padmanabhan Anjeneyan, Mr. Vinay Paharia and Mr. Chetan Chavan are the equity fund managers for the scheme, Mr. Chetan Gindodia is the overseas fund manager for the scheme and Mr. Puneet Pal is the debt fund manager for the scheme.

Name, Designation & Tenure in managing scheme	Age / Educational Qualifications	Brief Experience	Name of other Schemes under his management
<p>Mr. Utsav Mehta</p> <p>Fund Manager – Equity</p> <p>Tenure in managing scheme: Managing the scheme since November 01, 2023</p>	<p>Age: 36 years</p> <p>Qualification: B.Com., CFA</p>	<p>Over 13 years of experience in Equity market, research and fund management :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • October 23, 2023 onwards - PGIM India Asset Management Pvt Ltd. - Vice President - Fund Manager - Equity. • September 2018 to October 2023 - Edelweiss Asset Management Ltd - VP, Alternatives. • June 2014 to September 2018 - Ambit Capital - Sector Analyst - Institutional Equities. • January 2014 to May 2014 - MF Advisors LLP - Analyst – Investments. <p>November 2012 - December 2013 - Ambit Capital - Associate – Investment Research</p>	<p>PGIM India ELSS Tax Saver Fund, PGIM India Midcap Opportunities Fund, PGIM India Small Cap Fund and PGIM India Large and Mid Cap Fund</p>

Name, Designation & Tenure in managing scheme	Age / Educational Qualifications	Brief Experience	Name of other Schemes under his management
<p>Mr. Anandha Padmanabhan Anjeneyan</p> <p>Fund Manager – Equity</p> <p>Tenure in managing scheme: Managing this scheme from April 01, 2023</p>	<p>Age: 42 years</p> <p>Qualification: B Com, ACA, CFA, FRM</p>	<p>Collectively over 16 years of experience in Indian financial markets, primarily in equity research:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • June 1, 2021 onwards - PGIM India Asset Management Pvt. Ltd. – Equity Analyst and Assistant Fund Manager - Equity • aJanuary 2020 to May 31, 2021 - PGIM India Asset Management Pvt. Ltd. -Equity Analyst and Dedicated Fund Manager - Overseas Investments • March 2019 to January 2020 - PGIM India Asset Management Pvt. Ltd. - Equity Analyst • May 2018 to March 2019 - Equity Analyst - Renaissance Investment Managers Private Ltd. • August 2010 to May 2018 - Equity Analyst – Canara Robeco Asset Management Company Ltd. • September 2009 to August 2010 - Fixed Income Dealer- Canara Robeco Asset Management Company Ltd. 	<p>PGIM India Large Cap Fund, PGIM India Flexi Cap Fund, PGIM India Hybrid Equity Fund, PGIM India Equity Savings Fund and PGIM India Large and Mid Cap Fund</p>
<p>Mr. Vinay Paharia</p> <p>Chief Investment Officer</p> <p>Tenure in managing scheme: Managing from April 01, 2023</p>	<p>Age: 44 Years</p> <p>Qualification: B.Com., M.M.S</p>	<p>Collectively over 20 years of experience in Indian financial markets, primarily in equity research & Fund Management</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • January 27, 2023 onwards - PGIM India Asset Management Private Limited - Chief Investment Officer • April 2018 to January 2023 - Union Asset Management Company Ltd. Last Position Held - Chief Investment Officer. • January 2007 to March 2018 – Invesco Asset Management Company Ltd. Last Position 	<p>PGIM India Large Cap Fund, PGIM India Midcap Opportunities Fund, PGIM India Large and Midcap Fund, PGIM India Small Cap Fund, PGIM India Flexi Cap Fund, PGIM India Hybrid Equity Fund, PGIM India ELSS Tax Saver Fund, PGIM India Equity Savings Fund and PGIM India Retirement Fund</p>

Name, Designation & Tenure in managing scheme	Age / Educational Qualifications	Brief Experience	Name of other Schemes under his management
		Held – Fund Manager - Equity	
<p>Mr. Chetan Chavan Dealer – Equity and Co-Fund Manager – Equity</p> <p>Tenure in managing the scheme: Managing the scheme from March 29, 2024</p>	<p>Age: 44 years</p> <p>Qualification: B.Com</p>	<p>Collectively over 20 years of experience in equity dealing and fund management:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 29 March, 2024 onwards - PGIM India Asset Management Private Limited – Dealer Equity • 15 March, 2023 to 27 March, 2024 - Bajaj Finserv Asset Management Limited - Senior Dealer- Equity Investment • 16 June, 2015 to 13 March, 2023 - Mahindra Manulife Investment Management Private Limited - Equity Dealer 	<p>PGIM India Arbitrage Fund and PGIM India Equity Savings Fund</p>
<p>Mr. Chetan Gindodia</p> <p>Dedicated Fund Manager for Overseas Investments</p> <p>Tenure in managing the scheme: Managing the scheme from March 29, 2024</p>	<p>Age: 30 Years</p> <p>Qualification: CA, CFA, BCOM</p>	<p>Collectively 8 years of experience in equity research:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 29 March, 2024 onwards - PGIM India Asset Management Private Limited - Dedicated Fund Manager for Overseas Investments • 08 January, 2024 to 28 March, 2024 - PGIM India Asset Management Private Limited – Research Analyst • 26 June, 2019 to 28 December, 2023 - AlfAccurate Advisors Private Limited - Research Analyst • 8 November, 2016 to 21 June, 2019 - Multi-Act Trade and Investments Private Limited – Research Associate 	<p>PGIM India Emerging Markets Equity Fund, PGIM India Global Equity Opportunities Fund, PGIM India Global Select Real Estate Securities Fund of Fund, PGIM India Hybrid Equity Fund, PGIM India Flexi Cap Fund, PGIM India Small Cap Fund and PGIM India Large and Mid Cap Fund</p>
<p>Mr. Puneet Pal</p> <p>Head - Fixed Income</p>	<p>Age: 47 years</p> <p>Qualification: MBA (Finance) from</p>	<p>More than 22 years of experience in the Debt markets within the Mutual Fund space. Below are details on his past stints:</p>	<p>PGIM India Flexi Cap Fund, PGIM India Small Cap Fund, PGIM India Hybrid Equity Fund, PGIM India Arbitrage Fund, PGIM India</p>

Name, Designation & Tenure in managing scheme	Age / Educational Qualifications	Brief Experience	Name of other Schemes under his management
Tenure in managing the scheme: Managing the scheme for more than 2 years	Symbiosis Institute of Business Management, Pune	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • December 01, 2021 onwards – Head – Fixed Income - PGIM India Asset Management Private Limited • December 13, 2017 to November 30, 2021 - Deputy Head - Fixed Income - PGIM India Asset Management Private Limited • February 2012 to December 12, 2017 - Head - Fixed Income - BNP Paribas Asset Management India Pvt. Ltd. • July 2008 to February 2012 - Sr. Vice President & Fund Manager - UTI Asset Management Company Ltd. • August 2006 to July 2008 - Fund Manager - Tata Asset Management Ltd. • April 2004 to August 2006 - Asst. Fund Manager - UTI Asset Management Company Ltd. • June 2001 to March 2004 - Dealer - UTI Asset Management Company Ltd 	Midcap Opportunities Fund, PGIM India Equity Savings Fund, PGIM India Large and Mid Cap Fund and PGIM India Retirement Fund (Debt Portion) PGIM India Money Market Fund, PGIM India Ultra Short Duration Fund, PGIM India Liquid Fund, , PGIM India Corporate Bond Fund, PGIM India Overnight Fund, PGIM India Dynamic Bond Fund, PGIM India Gilt Fund and PGIM India CRISIL Gilt Index - Apr 2028 Fund (Jointly with Mr. Bhupesh Kalyani)

F.HOW IS THE SCHEME DIFFERENT FROM EXISTING SCHEMES OF THE MUTUAL FUND?

Existing Hybrid Schemes of the Mutual Fund:-

Sr. no.	Name of the Scheme	Category of the Scheme	Type of the Scheme
1.	PGIM India Arbitrage Fund	Arbitrage Fund	An open ended scheme investing in arbitrage opportunities
2.	PGIM India Hybrid Equity Fund	Aggressive Hybrid Fund	An open ended hybrid scheme investing predominantly in equity and equity related instruments
3.	PGIM India Equity Savings Fund	Equity Savings Fund	An Open Ended Scheme investing in equity, arbitrage and debt

For details of asset allocation of all the existing Schemes of PGIM India Mutual Fund, you may refer to <https://www.pgimindiamf.com/statutory-disclosure/sid-kim-sai-related-disclosures>.

G. HOW HAS THE SCHEME PERFORMED?

Performance of the Scheme as of May 31, 2024:

Compounded Annualized Return	Regular Plan Returns^ (%)	Direct Plan Returns^ (%)	Benchmark Returns # (%)
Returns for the last 1 year	14.00	15.97	19.14
Returns for the last 3 years	9.10	11.08	11.38
Returns since inception	10.02	11.98	11.74

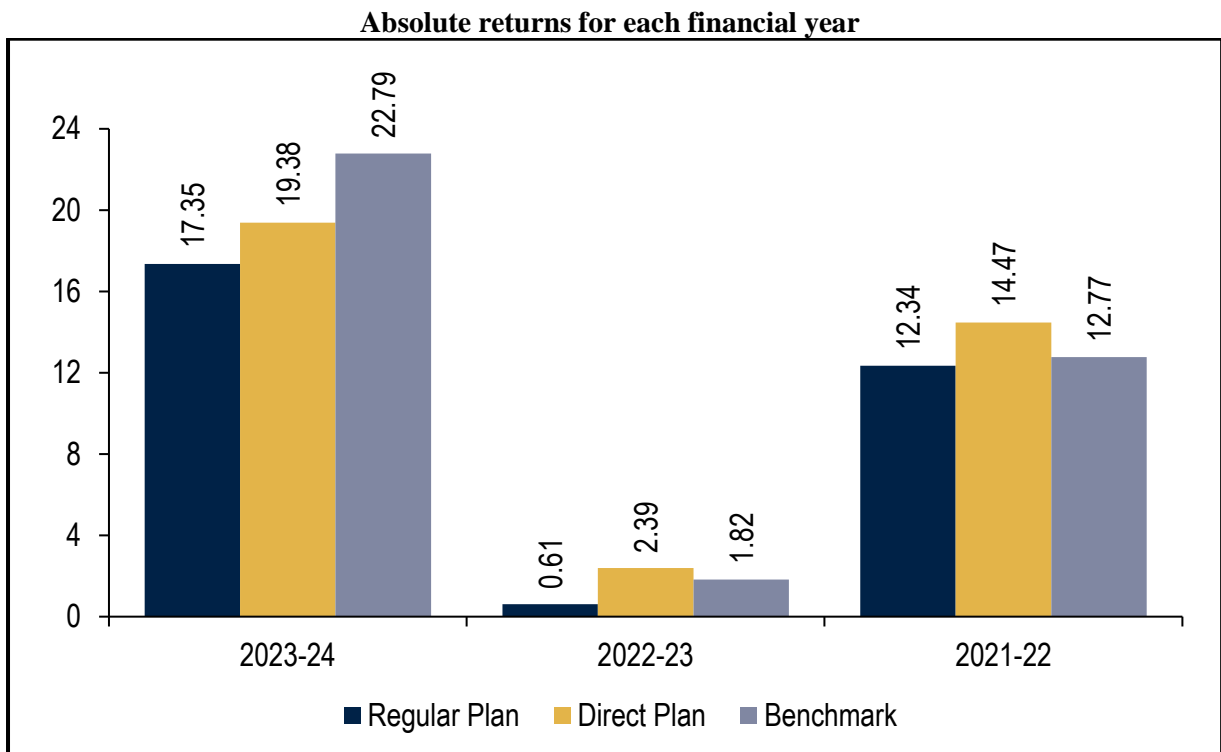
Past performance may or may not be sustained in future & should not be used as a basis of comparison with other investments.

^ Returns are calculated on Growth Option NAV.

^^ Returns are calculated on Compounded Annualised basis for a period of more than a year and on an absolute basis for a period of less than or equal to a year. Returns for the benchmark have been calculated using TRI values.

Inception Date: Regular Plan & Direct Plan: February 04, 2021

Benchmark - CRISIL Hybrid 50+50 Moderate Index



Returns are computed from the date of allotment/1st April, as the case may be, to 31st March of the respective financial year.

H. ADDITIONAL SCHEME RELATED DISCLOSURES

- Scheme’s Portfolio (top 10 holdings by issuer and fund allocation towards various sectors) :**

- **Top 10 holdings by issuer:** <https://www.pgimindiamf.com/statutory-disclosure/sid-kim-sai-related-disclosures>
 - **Fund allocation towards various sectors:** <https://www.pgimindiamf.com/statutory-disclosure/sid-kim-sai-related-disclosures>
1. **Portfolio Disclosure (monthly and half yearly):** <https://www.pgimindiamf.com/statutory-disclosure/financials>
 2. **Portfolio turnover ratio of the Scheme as on May 31, 2024:** 0.51
 3. **Aggregate investment in the Scheme by Fund Managers as on May 31, 2024:**

Sr. No.	Category of Persons	Net Value		Market Value (in Rs.)
		Units	NAV Per Unit	
	Concerned Scheme's Fund Manager(s)			
1.	Utsav Mehta	3722.918	14.56	54,205.69
2.	Anandha Padmanabhan Anjeneyan	14599.842	14.56	2,12,573.70
3.	Vinay Paharia	28556.656	14.56	4,15,784.91
4.	Chetan Chavan	1106.538	14.56	16,111.19
5.	Puneet Pal	44913.776	14.56	6,53,944.58
6.	Chetan Gindodia	411.077	14.56	5,985.28

For any other disclosure w.r.t investments by key personnel and AMC directors including regulatory provisions in this regard kindly refer SAI.

4. Investments of AMC in the Scheme:

The AMC may invest in the Scheme, subject to the Regulations and to the extent permitted by its Board from time to time. As per the existing Regulations, the AMC will not charge investment management and advisory fee on the investment made by it in the Scheme.

Please refer <https://www.pgimindiamf.com/statutory-disclosure/financials> for Investments of AMC in the Scheme.

Part III - OTHER DETAILS

A. COMPUTATION OF NAV

NAV of Units under the Scheme will be calculated by following method:

NAV (Rs.) =	Market or Fair Value of Scheme's investments + Current Assets - Current Liabilities and Provisions
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	No. of Units outstanding under the Scheme
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The NAV shall be calculated up to two decimal places. However the AMC reserves the right to declare the NAVs up to additional decimal places as it deems appropriate. Separate NAV will be calculated and disclosed for each Plan/Option. The AMC will calculate and disclose the NAV of the Scheme on all the Business Days.

The valuation of the Scheme’s assets and computation of the Scheme’s NAV shall be subject to audit on an annual basis and such regulations as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.

The numerical illustration of the above method is provided below:

Market or Fair Value of Scheme’s investment (Rs.) = 1,15,12,05,600.00
 Current Assets (Rs.) = 60,00,000.00
 Current Liabilities (Rs.) = 40,00,000.00
 No of units Outstanding under the scheme = 10,00,00,000

$$\text{NAV Per Unit (Rs.)} = \frac{115,12,05,600 + 60,00,000 - 40,00,000}{10,00,00,000} = 11.53$$

The aforesaid provision pertaining to “ Calculation of NAV” shall apply in respect of each individual scheme and / or plan as the case may be. The NAV per unit above is rounded off to two decimals.

The NAV will be calculated as of the close of every Business Day.

Methodology for calculation of sale and re-purchase price of the units of mutual fund scheme:

<p>Ongoing price for subscription (purchase)/ switch-in (from other Schemes of the Mutual Fund) by investors.</p> <p>This is the price you need to pay for purchase /switch-in.</p>	<p>At the applicable NAV.</p> <p>Ongoing Price for subscription = Applicable NAV*(1+ Entry Load, (if any))</p> <p>Example:</p> <p>If the Applicable NAV is Rs.10, Entry Load is nil then sales price will be</p> <p>= Rs. 10* (1+0)</p> <p>= Rs. 10</p>
<p>Ongoing price for redemption (sale) /switch outs (to other schemes of the Mutual Fund) by investors.</p> <p>This is the price you will receive for redemptions/switch outs.</p>	<p>At the applicable NAV, subject to prevailing exit load.</p> <p>Redemption Price = Applicable NAV*(1- Exit Load, (if any))</p> <p>Example:</p> <p>If the Applicable NAV is Rs.10, Exit Load is 1% then redemption price will be</p> <p>= Rs. 10* (1-0.01)</p> <p>= Rs. 9.90</p>

The Redemption Price will not be lower than 95% of the NAV or as permitted / prescribed under the SEBI Regulations from time to time.

For other details such as policies w.r.t computation of NAV, rounding off, investment in foreign securities, procedure in case of delay in disclosure of NAV etc. Kindly refer SAI.

This section provides details you need to know for investing in the Scheme.

B. NEW FUND OFFER (NFO) EXPENSES

These expenses are incurred for the purpose of various activities related to the NFO like sales and distribution fees paid marketing and advertising, registrar expenses, printing and stationary, bank charges etc. all such expenses are borne by the AMC.

C. ANNUAL SCHEME RECURRING EXPENSES

These are the fees and expenses for operating the Scheme. These expenses include the Investment Management and Advisory Fee charged by the AMC, Registrar and Transfer Agents' Fee, marketing and selling costs etc. as given below:

The AMC has estimated that up to 2.25 % of the daily net assets of the scheme will be charged to the scheme as expenses.

Operating & recurring expenses under regulation 52 (6) & 52 (6A):

- a) The total expense ratio that can be charged to the Scheme, excluding issue or redemption expenses, whether initially borne by the mutual fund or by the AMC, but including the investment management and advisory fee shall be as follows:

Assets under management Slab (In Rs. crore)	Total expense ratio limits for equity oriented schemes
on the first Rs.500 crores of the daily net assets	2.25%
on the next Rs.250 crores of the daily net assets	2.00%
on the next Rs.1,250 crores of the daily net assets	1.75%
on the next Rs.3,000 crores of the daily net assets	1.60%
on the next Rs.5,000 crores of the daily net assets	1.50%
On the next Rs.40,000 crores of the daily net assets	Total expense ratio reduction of 0.05% for every increase of Rs.5,000 crores of daily net assets or part thereof
On balance of the assets	1.05%

- b) In addition to the annual recurring expenses stated in (a) above, the following costs or expenses may be charged to the Scheme:-
- i. Brokerage and transaction cost incurred for the purpose of execution shall be charged to the schemes as provided under Regulation 52 (6A) (a) upto 0.12 percent and 0.05 per cent for cash market transactions and derivatives transactions respectively. Any payment towards brokerage & transaction costs, over and above the said 0.12 per cent and 0.05 per cent for cash market transactions and derivatives transactions respectively may be charged to the Scheme within the maximum limit of Total Expense Ratio (TER) as prescribed under Regulation 52 of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996.

- ii. Additional Expenses not exceeding of 0.30 per cent of daily net assets of the schemes, if the new inflows from beyond top 30 cities (as per SEBI Regulations /Circulars/ AMFI data) are at least (i) 30 per cent of gross new inflows from retail investors* in the scheme, or (ii) 15 per cent of the average assets under management (year to date) of the scheme, whichever is higher. Provided that if inflows from such cities is less than the higher of sub-clause (i) or sub-clause (ii), such expenses on daily net assets of the scheme shall be charged on proportionate basis.

**Inflows of amount upto Rs 2,00,000/- per transaction, by individual investors shall be considered as inflows from "retail investors."*

The additional expenses charged under this clause shall be utilised for distribution expenses incurred for bringing inflows from such cities. Provided further that amount incurred as additional expense on account of inflows from such cities shall be credited back to the scheme in case the said inflows are redeemed within a period of one year from the date of investment.

Note: Pursuant to the directions received from SEBI vide its letter no. SEBI/HO/IMD-SEC-3/P/OW/2023/5823/1 dated February 24, 2023 read along with AMFI communication dated March 02, 2023, w.e.f March 01, 2023 no additional expense shall be charged on the new inflows received on or after March 01, 2023 from specified cities as per Regulation 52 (6A) (b) till any further guidance is received from SEBI in this regard.

- iii. Additional expenses not exceeding 0.05 per cent of daily net assets of the scheme, towards the investment and advisory fees or various other permissible expenses; (It may be noted that these expenses will not be charged in case the scheme does not charge an exit load)

Within such total recurring expenses charged to the Scheme as above, the investment management and advisory fee (charged as a percentage of daily net assets) would be as decided by the AMC from time to time, provided that the investment management and advisory fee shall not exceed the aggregate of expenses charged under clause (a) and (b) (iii) above.

In terms of paragraph 10.1.16 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Fund dated May 19, 2023, the AMC shall annually set apart at least 0.02% on daily net assets within the maximum limit of recurring expenses as per Regulation 52 for investor education and awareness initiatives.

The maximum annual recurring expenses of the Scheme including the investment management and advisory fee (together with additional management fee wherever applicable) shall not exceed the limit stated in Regulation 52 read with paragraph 10.1 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Fund dated May 19, 2023, as explained above.

Goods and Services tax (GST):-

- AMC may charge GST on investment and advisory fees of the Scheme in addition to the maximum limit of TER as per the Regulation 52(6) and (6A).
- GST on expenses other than investment and advisory fees: AMC may charge GST on expenses other than investment and advisory fees of the Scheme, if any within the maximum limit of TER as per the Regulation under 52(6) and (6A).
- GST on brokerage & transaction cost: GST on brokerage and transaction costs which are incurred for the purpose of execution of trade, will be within the limit of expenses as per the Regulation 52(6) and (6A). Further, the Goods and Services tax on exit load, if any, shall be paid out of the exit load proceeds and the exit load net of Goods and Services tax, if any, shall be credited back to the scheme.

All fees and expenses charged in the Direct Plan (in percentage terms) under various heads including the investment and advisory fee shall not exceed the fees and expenses charged under the Regular Plan. The Direct Plan under the Scheme shall have a lower expense ratio as compared to the Regular Plan. Commission/ Distribution expenses will not be charged in case of Direct Plan. The Direct Plan shall also have separate NAV. For the actual current expenses being charged, the investor may refer to the website of the Mutual Fund (www.pgimindiamf.com). Further, the disclosure of Total Expense Ratio (TER) on a daily basis shall also be made on the website of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com). The Mutual Fund would update the expense ratios on the website at least three business days prior to the effective date of the change. Additionally, TER is also available on website <https://www.pgimindiamf.com/statutory-disclosure/portfolio-related/expense-ratio>.

The AMC has estimated the following total expenses for the first Rs. 500 Crores of the daily net assets of the Scheme:-

Expense Head	% of daily Net Assets
Investment Management and Advisory Fees	Upto 2.25%
Trustee fee	
Audit fees	
Custodian fees	
RTA Fees	
Marketing & Selling expense incl. agent commission	
Cost related to investor communications	
Cost of fund transfer from location to location	
Cost of providing account statements and IDCW redemption cheques and warrants	
Costs of statutory Advertisements	
Cost towards investor education & awareness (at least 2 bps)	
Brokerage & transaction cost over and above 12 bps for cash market trades and 5 bps for derivatives transactions	
Goods and Services tax on expenses other than investment and advisory fees	
Goods and Services tax on brokerage and transaction cost	
Other Expenses*	
Maximum total expense ratio (TER) permissible under Regulation 52 (6) (c)	Upto 2.25%
Additional expenses under regulation 52 (6A) (c)	Upto 0.05% **
Additional expenses for gross new inflows from beyond top 30 cities	Upto 0.30%

*Any other expenses which are directly attributable to the Scheme, except those expenses which are specifically prohibited, may be charged with the approval of the Trustee within the overall limits specified in the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations.

** It may be noted that these expenses will not be charged in case the scheme does not charge an exit load.

The purpose of the above table is to assist the investor in understanding the various costs & expenses that an investor in the Scheme will bear directly or indirectly. The above expenses (including Investment Management and Advisory Fees) are subject to inter-se change and may increase/decrease as per actual and/or any change in the Regulations. All types of expenses charged to the Scheme shall be in accordance with the SEBI (MF) Regulations.

The entire exit load (net of Goods and services tax), charged, if any, shall be credited to the Scheme.

Illustration of impact of expense ratio on scheme's returns

Particulars	Regular Plan	Direct Plan
Amount Invested at the beginning of the year (in Rs.)	10,000.00	10,000.00
Returns after Brokerage and Transaction Cost but before other expenses and Investment Management and Advisory Fees (in Rs.)	1,000.00	1,000.00
Returns after Brokerage and Transaction Cost but before other expenses and Investment Management and Advisory Fees (%)	10.00%	10.00%
Distribution Expenses (in Rs.)	150.00	0.00
Expenses other than Distribution Expenses (in Rs.)	20.00	20.00
Investment Management and Advisory Fees (in Rs.)	60.00	60.00
Returns after Brokerage and Transaction Cost ,other expenses and Investment Management and Advisory Fees (in Rs.)	770.00	920.00

The present illustration is calculated pursuant to the requirements of paragraph 5.8.2.2 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Fund dated May 19, 2023. The purpose of an illustration is to purely explain the impact of expense ratio charged to the Scheme and should not be construed as providing any kind of investment advice or guarantee of returns on investments. Actual returns on your investment may be more, or less. The expenses of the Direct Plan under the Scheme will be lower to the extent of distribution expenses/commission. The NAVs published by the AMC are net of scheme expenses and they reflects return on investment to investors, provided investment is not subject to exit load. Any tax impact has not been considered in the above example, in view of the individual nature of the tax implications. Each investor is advised to consult his or her own financial advisor.

D. LOAD STRUCTURE

Exit Load is an amount which is paid by the investor to redeem the units from the scheme. Load amounts are variable and are subject to change from time to time.

The load structure of the Scheme is as follows:

Type of Load	Load chargeable (as % age of NAV)
Exit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> For Exits within 90 days from date of allotment of units : 0.50%. For Exits beyond 90 days from date of allotment of units : NIL <p>Redemption of Units will be considered on First-in-First-Out (FIFO) basis.</p>

The entire exit load (net of Goods and Services Tax), charged, if any, shall be credited to the Scheme.

The AMC/Trustee reserves the right to change / modify the Load structure of the Scheme, subject to maximum limits as prescribed under the Regulations.

Exit Load for switches within the Scheme:

- A) Where the investments were routed through a distributor (i.e. made with distributor code), any Switch of Units from the Regular Plan to Direct Plan of a Scheme shall be subject to applicable exit load, if any. However, any subsequent switch – out or redemption of such investments from the Direct Plan will not be subject to any exit load;
- A) Where investments were made directly i.e. without any distributor code, exit load will not be levied on switch of Units from Regular Plan to Direct Plan of that Scheme. However, any subsequent switch-out or redemption will be subject to exit load applicable from the original date of investment;
- A) No exit load shall be levied in case of switch of Units from Direct Plan to Regular Plan of a Scheme. However, any subsequent switch-out or redemption of such investment from the Regular Plan shall be subject to exit load based on the original date of investment in the Direct Plan.

Load exemptions:

- a) No Exit Load will be charged on Intra-Scheme switches i.e., switches between Growth and Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal Options.

Any change in the load structure shall be applicable on prospective investments only. For any change in load structure, the AMC will issue an addendum and display it on its Website (www.pgimindiamf.com) and Investor Service Centers. The addendum will also be circulated to all the distributors / brokers, so that the same can be attached to all SIDs and Key Information Memorandum in stock till the same is updated and reprinted. The AMC would make arrangements to display the addendum to the SID in the form of a notice at all the Investor Service Centers. The introduction/change in the Exit Load would be disclosed in the statement of accounts issued after the introduction of such Load. Any other measures which the Mutual Fund may feel necessary would be undertaken.

The investors are requested to check the prevailing load structure of the Scheme before investing. For the current applicable exit load structure, please refer to the website of the AMC (www.pgimindiamf.com) or may call at 1800 266 7446 (toll free no.) or your distributor.

Section II

I. Introduction

A. Definitions/interpretation

For detailed description please click the link: <https://www.pgimindiamf.com/statutory-disclosure/sid-kim-sai-related-disclosures>

B. Risk Factors

i. Standard Risk Factors:

- Investment in Mutual Fund Units involves investment risks such as trading volumes, settlement risk, liquidity risk, default risk including the possible loss of principal;
- As the price/value/interest rates of the securities in which the Scheme invests fluctuates, the value of your investment in the Scheme may go up or down;
- Past performance of the Sponsor/AMC/Mutual Fund does not guarantee future performance of the Scheme;
- The name of the Scheme does not in any manner indicate either the quality of the scheme or its future prospects and returns;
- Save as otherwise provided in the Regulations, the Sponsor is not responsible or liable for any loss resulting from the operation of the Scheme beyond the initial contribution of Rs.100,000/- made by it towards setting up the Fund;
- The present Scheme is not guaranteed or assured return schemes.

ii. SCHEME SPECIFIC RISK FACTORS

Some of the Scheme specific risk factors include, but not limited, to the following:-

1. Risks associated with investments in Equities

- Equity and equity related securities may be volatile and hence are prone to price fluctuations on a daily basis. The liquidity of investments made in the Scheme may be restricted by trading volumes and settlement periods. Settlement periods may be extended significantly by unforeseen circumstances. The inability of the Scheme to make intended securities purchases, due to settlement problems, could cause the Scheme to miss certain investment opportunities. Similarly, the inability to sell securities held in the Scheme portfolio would result at times, in potential losses to the Scheme, should there be a subsequent decline in the value of securities held in the Scheme portfolio. Also, the value of the Scheme investments may be affected by interest rates, currency exchange rates, changes in law / policies of the government, taxation laws and political, economic or other developments which may have an adverse bearing on individual securities, a specific sector or all sectors.
- Investments in equity and equity related securities involve a degree of risk and investors should not invest in the equity Schemes unless they can afford to take the risk of losing their investment.

2. Risk associated with investing in Fixed Income Securities

- **Interest Rate Risk:** Market value of fixed income securities is generally inversely related to interest rate movement. Accordingly, value of portfolio of the scheme may fall if the market interest rate rise and may appreciate when the market interest rate comes down.
- **Credit Risk:** - This is risk associated with default on interest and /or principal amounts by issuers of fixed income securities. In case of a default, scheme may not fully receive the due amounts and NAV of the scheme may fall to the extent of default.
- **Spread Risk:** - Credit spreads on corporate bonds may change with varying market conditions. Market value of debt securities in portfolio may depreciate if the credit spreads widen and vice –versa. Similarly, in case of floating rate securities, if the spreads over the benchmark security / index widen, then the value of such securities may depreciate.
- **Liquidity Risk:** - Liquidity condition in market varies from time to time. In an environment of tight liquidity, necessity to sell securities may have higher than usual impact cost. Further, liquidity of any particular security in portfolio may lessen depending on market condition, requiring higher discount at the time of selling.
- **Counterparty Risk:** - This is the risk of failure of counterparty to a transaction to deliver securities against consideration received or to pay consideration against securities delivered, in full or in part or as per the agreed specification. There could be losses to the Scheme in case of a counterparty default.
- **Re-investment Risk:** - Investment in fixed income securities carries re-investment risk. Interest rates prevailing on the coupon payment or maturity date may differ from the purchase yield of the security. This may result in final realized yield to be lower than that expected at the time of purchase.
- The Scheme at times may receive large number of redemption requests, leading to an asset-liability mismatch and therefore, requiring the investment manager to make a distress sale of the securities leading to realignment of the portfolio and consequently resulting in investment in lower yield instruments.
- **Risks associated with unrated instruments:** - Investments in unrated instruments are subject to the risk associated with investments in any other fixed income securities, as referred above. However, investments in unrated instruments are considered to be subject to greater risk of loss of principal and interest than rated instruments.

3. Risk envisaged and mitigation measures for repo transactions :

- **Counterparty Risks** - Risks could arise if the Counterparty does not return the security (in a borrowing transaction) as contracted or pay interest (lending transaction) on the due date. This risk is largely mitigated, as the choice of counterparties is ‘restricted’ and their credit ratings and overall credit risk levels are taken into account before entering into such transactions.
- **Settlement Risks** - Operational risks are lower as such trades are settled on a DVP (Delivery versus Payment – Safe settlement) basis. The trades are settled on a bilateral basis in the OTC segment.

- **Collateral / Credit Risk** - In the event of the scheme being unable to pay back the money to the Counterparty as contracted, the counter party may dispose of the assets (as they have sufficient margin) and the net proceeds if any after such disposal may be refunded to the scheme. The value of the collateral will be monitored on a daily basis and shortfalls if any will lead to demand on the counterparty to top up collateral. In ability to comply with top up requests could lead to liquidation of security / collateral and an early / premature termination of the agreement.
- **Risk of Co-mingling**
Servicers normally deposit all payments received from the Obligor into the Collection Account. However, there could be a time gap between collection by a Servicer and depositing the same into the Collection account especially considering that some of the collections may be in the form of cash. In this interim period, collections from the Loan Agreements may not be segregated from other funds of the Servicer. If the Servicer fails to remit such funds due to Investors, the Investors may be exposed to a potential loss. Due care is normally taken to ensure that the Servicer enjoys highest credit rating on standalone basis to minimize Co-mingling risk

4. Risk associated with investments in Derivatives

- Derivative products are leveraged instruments and can provide disproportionate gains as well as disproportionate losses to the investors. Execution of such strategies depends upon the ability of the fund manager to identify such opportunities as well as to manage risks arising thereby. Identification and execution of the strategies to be pursued by the Scheme involve uncertainty and investment decisions may not always be profitable. No assurance can be given that the fund manager will be able to identify or execute such strategies. Derivative investments carry certain risks and issues arising out of such dealings. The risks associated with the use of derivatives - either for hedging or for portfolio balancing – are different from, and possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments. Certain other risks, one or more, that may arise consequent to use of derivatives are: risk of mis-pricing or improper valuation of derivatives, credit risk arising out of counterparty failing to honour its commitment, liquidity risk where the derivatives cannot be sold at prices that reflect the underlying assets, rates and indices, and price risk where the market price may move in adverse fashion. Derivatives require the maintenance of adequate controls to monitor the transactions entered into, the ability to assess the risk that a derivative adds to the portfolio and the ability to manage the risks as a result of the possible failure of the counterparty to comply with the terms of the derivative contract.
- To the extent that Derivatives are utilised to seek to achieve the investment objectives of the Scheme, and for purposes other than hedging, the overall risk of loss to the Scheme may be increased. To the extent that Derivatives are utilised for hedging purposes, the risk of loss to the Scheme may be increased where the value of the Derivative instrument and the value of the Security or position which it is hedging are insufficiently correlated.
- **Futures and Call Options:-** The Scheme may invest in Derivatives such as futures and call options. The option buyer's risk is limited to the premium paid, while the risk of an option writer is unlimited. However the gains of an option writer are limited to the premiums earned. The writer of a call option bears a risk of loss if the value of the underlying asset increases above the exercise price. The loss can be unlimited as the underlying asset can increase to any level. The writer of a put option bears the risk of loss if the value of the underlying asset declines below the exercise price and the loss is limited

to the strike price. The relevant stock exchange, if any, may impose restrictions on the exercise of options and may also restrict the exercise of options at certain times in specified circumstances.

- **Covered call options for equity shares**

A. Benefits of using Covered Call strategy in Mutual Funds:

The covered call strategy can be followed by the Fund Manager in order to hedge risk thereby resulting in better risk adjusted returns of the Scheme. The strategy offers the following benefits:

- a) Hedge against market risk - Since the fund manager sells a call option on a stock already owned by the mutual fund scheme, the downside from fall in the stock price would be lower to the extent of the premium earned from the call option.
- b) Generating additional returns in the form of option premium in a range bound market.

Thus, a covered call strategy involves gains for unit holders in case the strategy plays out in the right direction

B. Risks for writing covered call options for equity shares:

- a) Writing call options are highly specialized activities and entail higher than ordinary investment risks. In such investment strategy, the profits from call option writing is capped at the option premium, however the downside depends upon the increase in value of the underlying equity shares.
- b) The Scheme may write covered call option only in case it has adequate number of underlying equity shares as per regulatory requirement.

This would lead to setting aside a portion of investment in underlying equity shares. If covered call options are sold to the maximum extent allowed by regulatory authority, the scheme may not be able to sell the underlying equity shares immediately if the view changes to sell and exit the stock. The covered call options need to be unwound before the stock positions can be liquidated. This may lead to a loss of opportunity, or can cause exit issues if the strike price at which the call option contracts have been written become illiquid. Hence, the scheme may not be able to sell the underlying equity shares, which can lead to temporary illiquidity of the underlying equity shares and result in loss of opportunity.

- c) The writing of covered call option would lead to loss of opportunity due to appreciation in value of the underlying equity shares. Hence, when the appreciation in equity share price is more than the option premium received the scheme would be at a loss.
- d) The total gross exposure related to option premium paid and received must not exceed the regulatory limits of the net assets of the scheme.

- This may restrict the ability of Scheme to buy any options.
- Investments in index futures face the same risk as investments in a portfolio of shares representing an index. The extent of loss is the same as in the underlying Securities.

- The risk of loss in trading futures contracts can be substantial, because of the low margin deposits required, the extremely high degree of leverage involved in futures pricing and the potential high volatility of the futures markets.

5. Risk associated with Overseas Investment

- Subject to necessary approvals and within the investment objectives of the Scheme, the Scheme may invest in overseas markets which carry a risk on account of fluctuations in the foreign exchange rates, nature of securities market of the country, repatriation of capital due to exchange controls and political circumstances.
- It is the AMC's belief that investment in Permitted Foreign Securities offers new investment and portfolio diversification opportunities into multi-market and multi-currency products. However, such investments also entail additional risks. Such investment opportunities may be pursued by the AMC provided they are considered appropriate in terms of the overall investment objectives of the Scheme. Since the Scheme would invest in Permitted Foreign Securities including but not limited to units/securities issued by overseas mutual fund or unit trusts which are registered with the overseas regulator, there may not be readily available and widely accepted benchmarks to measure performance of the Scheme. To manage risks associated with foreign currency and interest rate exposure, the Scheme may use derivatives in accordance with conditions as may be stipulated by SEBI/RBI from time to time.
- Offshore investments will be made subject to any/all approvals, conditions thereof as may be stipulated by SEBI/RBI and provided such investments do not result in expenses to the Scheme in excess of the ceiling on expenses prescribed by and consistent with costs and expenses attendant to international investing.
- To the extent that the assets of the Scheme will be invested in securities denominated in foreign currencies, the Indian Rupee equivalent of the net assets, distributions and income may be adversely affected by changes in the value of certain foreign currencies relative to the Indian Rupee. The repatriation of capital to India may also be hampered by changes in regulations concerning exchange controls or political circumstances as well as the application to it of other restrictions on investment. Due to time zone differences, NAV of investee scheme in such cases may not be available for the same day.
- The investment limit in foreign securities currently applicable to Mutual Fund under paragraph 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023 read in lines with SEBI's Circulars SEBI/IMD/CIR No.2/122577/08 dated April 8, 2008, SEBI/HO/IMD/DF3/CIR/P/2020/225 dated November 5, 2020, if overall limit for the Mutual Fund in overseas securities reaches USD 1 billion or the overall limit for Mutual Fund Industry in overseas securities reaches USD 7 billion, then Mutual Fund will not be able to invest in overseas securities / will not be able to do incremental overseas investment, unless such limit is increased or further directions is received from SEBI or RBI in this regard. It may be noted that the cap of USD 1 billion will be monitored and enforced at the Mutual Fund level and not at the individual scheme level.

6. Risks associated with investment in Securitised Instruments:

Generally available Asset Classes for Securitisation in India are:

- Commercial Vehicles
- Auto and Two wheeler pools
- Mortgage pools (residential housing loans)

- Personal Loan, credit card and other retail loans
- Corporate loans/receivables

Underlying Risk: Each asset class has a different underlying risk, however, residential mortgages are supposed to be having lower default rates. On the other hand, repossession and subsequent recovery of commercial vehicles and other auto assets is fairly easier and better compared to mortgages. Some of the asset classes such as personal loans, credit card receivables etc., being unsecured credits in nature, may witness higher default rates. As regards corporate loans/receivables, depending upon the nature of the underlying security for the loan or the nature of the receivable the risks would correspondingly fluctuate. However, the credit enhancement stipulated by rating agencies for such asset class pools is typically much higher and hence their overall risks are comparable to other AAA rated asset classes.

The rating agencies have an elaborate system of stipulating margins, over collateralisation and guarantee to bring risk limits in line with the other AAA rated securities. Please note that the scheme(s) intends to invest predominantly in AAA rated securitised debt.

Investment exposure of the Fund with reference to Securitised Debt:

The Fund will predominantly invest only in those securitization issuances which have AAA rating indicating the highest level of safety from credit risk point of view at the time of making an investment. The Fund will not invest in foreign securitised debt.

The Fund may invest in various type of securitisation issuances, including but not limited to Asset Backed Securitisation, Mortgage Backed Securitisation, Personal Loan Backed Securitisation, Collateralized Loan Obligation/Collateralized Bond Obligation and so on.

The Fund does not propose to limit its exposure to only one asset class or to have asset class based sub-limits as it will primarily look towards the AAA rating of the offering.

Risk Factors specific to investments in Securitised and Structured Instruments: Underlying Risk

Each asset class has a different underlying risk, however, residential mortgages are supposed to be having lower default rates. On the other hand, repossession and subsequent recovery of commercial vehicles and other auto assets is fairly easier and better compared to mortgages. Some of the asset classes such as personal loans, credit card receivables etc., being unsecured credits in nature, may witness higher default rates. As regards corporate loans/receivables, depending upon the nature of the underlying security for the loan or the nature of the receivable the risks would correspondingly fluctuate. However, the credit enhancement stipulated by rating agencies for such asset class pools is typically much higher and hence their overall risks are comparable to other similarly rated asset classes.

Limited Liquidity & Price Risk :

Presently, secondary market for securitised papers is not very liquid. There is no assurance that a deep secondary market will develop for such securities. This could limit the ability of the investor to resell them. Even if a secondary market develops and sales were to take place, these secondary transactions may be at a discount to the initial issue price due to changes in the interest rate structure.

Limited Recourse, Delinquency and Credit Risk:

Securitised transactions are normally backed by pool of receivables and credit enhancement as stipulated by the rating agency, which differ from issue to issue. The Credit Enhancement stipulated represents a limited loss cover to the Investors. These Certificates represent an undivided beneficial interest in the underlying receivables and there is no obligation of either the Issuer or the Seller or the originator, or the parent or any affiliate of the Seller, Issuer and Originator. No financial recourse is available to the Certificate Holders against the Investors' Representative. Delinquencies and credit losses may cause depletion of the amount available under the Credit Enhancement and thereby the Investor Payouts may get affected if the amount available in the Credit Enhancement facility is not

enough to cover the shortfall. On persistent default of a Obligor to repay his obligation, the Servicer may repossess and sell the underlying Asset.

However many factors may affect, delay or prevent the repossession of such Asset or the length of time required to realize the sale proceeds on such sales. In addition, the price at which such Asset may be sold may be lower than the amount due from that Obligor.

Risks due to possible prepayments:

Asset securitisation is a process whereby commercial or consumer credits are packaged and sold in the form of financial instruments. Full prepayment of underlying loan contract may arise under any of the following circumstances:

- Obligor pays the Receivable due from him at any time prior to the scheduled maturity date of that Receivable; or
- Receivable is required to be repurchased by the Seller consequent to its inability to rectify a material misrepresentation with respect to that Receivable; or
- The Servicer recognizing a contract as a defaulted contract and hence repossessing the underlying Asset and selling the same.
- In the event of prepayments, investors may be exposed to changes in tenor and yield.

Bankruptcy of the Originator or Seller

If originator becomes subject to bankruptcy proceedings and the court in the bankruptcy proceedings concludes that the sale from originator to Trust was not a sale then an Investor could experience losses or delays in the payments due. All possible care is generally taken in structuring the transaction so as to minimize the risk of the sale to Trust not being construed as a “True Sale”. Legal opinion is normally obtained to the effect that the assignment of Receivables to Trust in trust for and for the benefit of the Investors, as envisaged herein, would constitute a true sale.

Bankruptcy of the Investor’s Agent

If Investor’s agent, becomes subject to bankruptcy proceedings and the court in the bankruptcy proceedings concludes that the recourse of Investor’s Agent to the assets/receivables is not in its capacity as agent/Trustee but in its personal capacity, then an Investor could experience losses or delays in the payments due under the swap agreement. All possible care is normally taken in structuring the transaction and drafting the underlying documents so as to provide that the assets/receivables if and when held by Investor’s Agent is held as agent and in Trust for the Investors and shall not form part of the personal assets of Investor’s Agent. Legal opinion is normally obtained to the effect that the Investors Agent’s recourse to assets/receivables is restricted in its capacity as agent and trustee and not in its personal capacity.

Credit Rating of the Transaction/Certificate

The credit rating is not a recommendation to purchase, hold or sell the Certificate in as much as the ratings do not comment on the market price of the Certificate or its suitability to a particular investor. There is no assurance by the rating agency either that the rating will remain at the same level for any given period of time or that the rating will not be lowered or withdrawn entirely by the rating agency.

Risk of Co-mingling

The Servicers normally deposit all payments received from the Obligors into the Collection Account. However, there could be a time gap between collection by a Servicer and depositing the same into the Collection account especially considering that some of the collections may be in the form of cash. In this interim period, collections from the Loan Agreements may not be segregated from other funds of the Servicer. If the Servicer fails to remit such funds due to Investors, the Investors may be exposed to a potential loss. Due care is normally taken to ensure that the Servicer enjoys highest credit rating on stand alone basis to minimize Co-mingling risk.

7. Risks associated with segregated portfolio

- Investor holding units of segregated portfolio may not be able to liquidate their holding till the time recovery of money from the issuer.
- Security comprising of segregated portfolio may not realise any value
- Listing of units of segregated portfolio in recognised stock exchange does not necessarily guarantee their liquidity. There may not be active trading of units in the stock market. Further trading price of units on the stock market may be significantly lower than the prevailing NAV

8. Risk associated with Short Selling

- Purchasing a security entails the risk of the security price going down. Short selling of securities (i.e. sale of securities without owning them) entails the risk of the security price going up there by decreasing the profitability of the short position. Short selling is subject to risks related to fluctuations in market price, and settlement/liquidity risks. If required by the Regulations, short selling may entail margin money to be deposited with the clearing house and daily mark to market of the prices and margins. This may impact fund pricing and may induce liquidity risks if the fund is not able to provide adequate margins to the clearing house. Failure to meet margin requirements may result in penalties being imposed by the exchanges and clearing house.
- Engaging in securities lending is subject to risks related to fluctuations in collateral value and settlement/liquidity and counter party risks. The risks in lending portfolio securities, as with other extensions of credit, consist of the failure of another party, in this case the approved intermediary, to comply with the terms of agreement entered into between the lender of securities i.e. the scheme and the approved intermediary. Such failure to comply can result in the possible loss of rights in the collateral put up by the borrower of the securities, the inability of the approved intermediary to return the securities deposited by the lender and the possible loss of any corporate benefits accruing to the lender from the securities deposited with the approved intermediary. The Mutual Fund may not be able to sell such lent securities and this can lead to temporary illiquidity and in turn cannot protect from the falling market price of the said security.

9. Risks associated with investing in Tri-Party Repo through CCIL (TREPS)

The mutual fund is a member of securities segment and Tri-party Repo trade settlement of the Clearing Corporation of India (CCIL). All transactions of the mutual fund in government securities and in Tri-party Repo trades are settled centrally through the infrastructure and settlement systems provided by CCIL; thus reducing the settlement and counterparty risks considerably for transactions in the said segments. CCIL maintains prefunded resources in all the clearing segments to cover potential losses arising from the default member. In the event of a clearing member failing to honor his settlement obligations, the default fund is utilized to complete the settlement. The sequence in which the above resources are used is known as the “Default Waterfall”. As per the waterfall mechanism, after the defaulter’s margins and the defaulter’s contribution to the default fund have been appropriated, CCIL’s contribution is used to meet the losses. Post utilization of CCIL’s contribution if there is a residual loss, it is appropriated from the default fund contributions of the non-defaulting members. Thus the scheme is subject to risk of the initial margin and default fund contribution being invoked in the event of failure of any settlement obligations. In addition, the fund contribution is allowed to be used to meet the residual loss in case of default by the other clearing member (the defaulting member).

10. Risks associated with Securities Lending and Borrowing (SLB)

Securities Lending is lending of securities through an approved intermediary to a borrower under an agreement for a specified period with the condition that the borrower will return equivalent securities of the same type or class at the end of the specified period along with the corporate benefits accruing on the securities borrowed. The risks in security lending consist of the failure of intermediary / counterparty, to comply with the terms of agreement entered into between the lender of securities i.e. the scheme and the intermediary / counterparty. Such failure to comply can result in the possible loss of rights in the collateral put up by the borrower of the securities, the inability of the approved intermediary to return the securities deposited by the lender and the possible loss of any corporate benefits accruing to the lender from the securities deposited with the approved intermediary. The scheme may not be able to sell lent out securities, which can lead to temporary illiquidity & loss of opportunity.

11. Risks factors associated with processing of transaction through Stock Exchange Mechanism:

The trading mechanism introduced by the stock exchange(s) is configured to accept and process transactions for mutual fund units in both Physical and Demat Form. The allotment and/or redemption of Units through NSE and/or BSE or any other recognised stock exchange(s), on any Business Day will depend upon the modalities of processing viz. collection of application form, order processing/settlement, etc. upon which the Fund has no control. Moreover, transactions conducted through the stock exchange mechanism shall be governed by the operating guidelines and directives issued by respective recognized stock exchange(s).

12. Risk on Right to limit redemption:

Subject to the approval of Board of Directors of the AMC and Trustee Company and immediate intimation to SEBI, a restriction on redemptions may be imposed by the Scheme under certain exceptional circumstances, which the AMC / Trustee believe that may lead to a systemic crisis or event that constrict liquidity of most securities or the efficient functioning of markets (subject to lock in period, if any). Please refer to the paragraph "Right to Limit Redemptions" for further details.

13. Risks associated with investment in mutual fund units:

Investment in units of Mutual Fund scheme involves investment risks such as, but not limited to, trading volumes, settlement risk, liquidity risk, default risk including the possible loss of principal. The value of units of mutual fund scheme may fluctuate based on the price / value / interest rates of the underlying securities in which the mutual fund scheme invests. The value of underlying securities may be affected, inter-alia, by changes in market environment, interest rates, changes in credit rating, trading volumes, settlement periods and transfer procedures. The NAV is also exposed to price/interest rate risk and credit risk and may be affected inter-alia, by the counterparty's ability or willingness to meet its contractual obligations, government policy, volatility and liquidity in the money markets and pressure on the exchange rate of the rupee. Investment in units of mutual fund scheme is also exposed to risk of suspension of subscriptions / redemptions of the units, change in fundamental attributes etc. Since the Scheme may invest in schemes of Mutual Funds, scheme specific risk factors of each such mutual fund scheme will be applicable to the Scheme portfolio.

C. Risk Mitigation Strategies:

The Fund by utilizing a holistic risk management strategy will endeavor to manage risks associated with investing in debt and equity markets. The risk control process involves identifying & measuring the risk through various risk measurement tools.

The Fund has identified following risks of investing in equity and debt and designed risk management strategies, which are embedded in the investment process to manage such risks.

Nature of Risk	Risk Mitigation Strategies by AMC
For making investment in equity schemes	
<p>Liquidity Risk: Trading volumes, settlement periods and transfer procedures may restrict the liquidity of underlying investments.</p>	<p>All trades are executed on the two leading exchanges, the NSE and BSE. The internal investment process incorporates the days required to sell as an important criteria for investment decisions. Further, the days required to liquidate an investment is actively monitored by our internal systems. This ensures that the liquidity risk in the portfolio is minimized.</p>
<p>Settlement Risk: Different segments of Indian financial markets have different settlement periods and such periods may be extended significantly by unforeseen circumstances. The inability of the Schemes to make intended securities' purchases due to settlement problems could cause the Schemes to miss certain investment opportunities.</p>	<p>The portfolio invests only in stocks listed on the Bombay Stock Exchange and/or the National Stock Exchange. Both these exchanges are regulated by SEBI. The counterparty risk and settlement risk for all trades on the NSE is guaranteed by the National Securities Clearing Corporation Ltd. (a wholly owned subsidiary of the NSE); and by the Trade Guarantee Fund of BSE. Fixed income investments for equity schemes are limited to highly liquid money market instruments and used only as a cash management tool. Therefore, this minimizes the settlement risk in the portfolio.</p>
<p>Volatility Risk: Equity securities and equity related securities are volatile and prone to price fluctuations on a daily basis.</p>	<p>The schemes has a diversified portfolio to counter the volatility in the prices of individual stocks. Diversification in the portfolio reduces the impact of high fluctuations in daily individual stock prices on the portfolio.</p>
For making investment in fixed income and money markets	
<p>Credit Risk: Debt securities are subject to the risk of an issuer's inability to meet principal and interest payments on the obligations.</p>	<p>The fund has a rigorous credit research process. The credit team analyses and approves each issuer before investment by the schemes. There is a regulatory and internal cap on exposure to each issuer. This ensures a diversified portfolio and reduced credit risk in the portfolio.</p>
<p>Liquidity Risk: The corporate debt market is relatively illiquid vis-à-vis the government securities market. Even though the government securities market is more liquid compared to that of other debt</p>	<p>The scheme is envisaged to be actively managed portfolios. The liquidity and volatility of a security are important criteria in security selection process. This ensures that liquidity risk is minimized.</p>

<p>instruments, on occasions, there could be difficulties in transacting in the market due to extreme volatility or unusual constriction in market volumes or on occasions when an unusually large transaction has to be put through.</p>	
<p>Investing in unrated securities: Lower rated or unrated securities are more likely to react to developments affecting the market and the credit risk than the highly rated securities which react primarily to movements in the general level of interest rates. Lower rated securities also tend to be more sensitive to economic conditions than higher rated securities.</p>	<p>The schemes have a rigorous credit research process and as such all investments, rated or unrated, are analyzed and approved by the credit team before investment by the schemes. Further there is a regulatory and internal cap on exposure to unrated issuers, limiting exposure to unrated securities.</p>
<p>Investing in unlisted securities: The Schemes may invest in securities which are not quoted on a stock exchange (“unlisted securities”) which in general are subject to greater price fluctuations, less liquidity and greater risk than those which are traded in the open market. Unlisted securities may lack a liquid secondary market and there can be no assurance that the Schemes will realise its investments in unlisted securities at a fair value.</p>	<p>The schemes will predominantly invest in listed securities and in some instances, invest in securities which are expected to be listed. Further, listing of debt securities typically has no significant impact on the liquidity, trading volatility and price discovery.</p>
<p>Settlement Risk: Delays or other problems in settlement of transactions could result in temporary periods when the assets of the Scheme are not invested and no return is earned thereon.</p>	<p>The AMC has well laid out processes and systems, which mitigate operational risks attached with the settlement process.</p>
<p>Reinvestment Risk: This risk refers to the interest rate levels at which cash flows received from the securities in the Plans are reinvested. The additional income from reinvestment is the “interest on interest” component. The risk is that the rate at which interim cash flows can be reinvested may be lower than that originally assumed.</p>	<p>Reinvestment risk is an inherent feature of the portfolio management process. It may be managed, to a certain extent, by seeking to invest in securities with relatively low intermittent cash flows.</p>

II. Information about the scheme:

A. Where will the Scheme Invest

Subject to the Regulations and other prevailing laws as applicable, the corpus of the Scheme can be invested in any (but not exclusively) of the following securities:

- 1) Indian Equity and equity related securities including convertible bonds and debentures and warrants carrying the right to obtain equity shares.

- 2) Securities created and issued by the Central and State Governments and/or repos/ reverse repos in such Government Securities as may be permitted by RBI (including but not limited to coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds and treasury bills)
- 3) Securities guaranteed by the Central and State Governments (including but not limited to coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds and treasury bills)
- 4) Repos of Corporate debt securities.
- 5) Debt securities issued by domestic Government agencies and statutory bodies, which may or may not carry a Central/State Government guarantee.
- 6) Corporate debt securities (of both public and private sector undertakings)
- 7) Securities issued by banks (both public and private sector) as permitted by SEBI from time to time and development financial institutions
- 8) Money market instruments permitted by SEBI, having maturities of up to one year, or in alternative investment for the call money market.
- 9) Certificate of Deposits (CDs)
- 10) Tri -Party Repo (TREPS)
- 11) Commercial Paper (CPs)
- 12) The non-convertible part of convertible securities
- 13) Derivative instruments like, Stock / Index Futures, Stock / Index Options and such other derivative instruments permitted by SEBI.
- 14) Foreign securities as defined under Paragraph 12.19 of SEBI master circular dated May 19, 2023. The Investment in Foreign Securities shall be in accordance with the guidelines issued by SEBI and RBI from time to time
- 15) Schemes managed by the AMC or the schemes launched by SEBI registered Mutual Funds, provided it is in conformity to the investment objectives of the Scheme and in terms of the prevailing Regulations.
- 16) Any other instruments, as may be permitted by RBI / SEBI / such other Regulatory Authority, from time to time; subject to Regulatory approval.

The securities mentioned above could be listed or permitted unlisted, privately placed, secured or unsecured, rated or un-rated and of any maturity, as enabled under SEBI Regulations/ circulars/ RBI. The securities may be acquired from primary market/ Initial Public Offer (IPO), secondary market operations, private placement or negotiated deals.

Overseas Investments by the Scheme:

According to paragraph 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023, mutual funds can invest in certain permissible foreign securities.

As per paragraph 12.19.1 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023 such investments are subject to an overall limit of US\$ 7 billion for all mutual funds put together. The Mutual Funds have been allowed an individual limit of US\$ 1 billion for overseas investments. The Scheme may, with the approval of SEBI/ RBI invest in foreign securities as specified by SEBI. The overall ceiling for investment in overseas ETFs that invest in securities is US \$ 1 billion subject to a maximum of US \$ 300 million per mutual fund.

The AMC is allowed to invest in overseas securities upto 20% of the average Asset Under Management ('AUM') in overseas securities of the previous three calendar months subject to maximum limit of USD 1 billion per Mutual Fund. The above limits shall be considered as soft limits for the purpose of reporting only by Mutual Funds on monthly basis as per paragraph 12.19.1.3(d) of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023.

The Mutual Fund may, where necessary will appoint intermediaries as sub-managers, sub-custodians, etc. for managing and administering such investments. The appointment of such

intermediaries shall be in accordance with the applicable requirements of SEBI and within the permissible ceilings of expenses.

Position of Debt Market in India

The Indian debt market, one of the largest in Asia, is developing rapidly buoyed by a multitude of factors including new instruments, increased liquidity, deregulation of interest rates and improved settlement systems. The major players in the Indian debt markets today are banks, financial institutions, insurance companies, pension funds, provident funds and mutual funds. The instruments in the market can be broadly categorized as those issued by corporates, banks, financial institutions and those issued by state/central governments. The risks associated with any investments are - credit risk, interest rate risk and liquidity risk. While corporate papers carry credit risk due to changing business conditions, government securities do not have credit risk as they are sovereign in nature. Interest rate risk is present in all debt securities and depends on a variety of macroeconomic factors. The largest segment of the Indian Debt market consists of the Government of India securities where the daily average trading volume is in excess of Rs. 40,000 crores, with instrument tenors ranging from short dated Treasury Bills to long dated securities extending upto 50 years. The Corporate bond market, though relatively less liquid, is also fast developing with an increased participation from the banks, financial institutions, mutual funds, provident funds, insurance companies and corporate treasuries. Public Financial Institutions, Public Sector Undertakings and Private AAA Corporates are the major issuers. Corporate bonds majorly are issued as fixed rate bonds. The yield curve usually tends to be positive sloping i.e. yield of shorter dated securities being lower than that of longer dated ones.

The money markets in India essentially consist of call money market (i.e. market for overnight and term money between banks and institutions), repo transactions (temporary sale with an agreement to buy back the securities at a future date at specified price), Tri-Party Repo, commercial papers (CPs, short term unsecured promissory note, generally issued by corporates), certificate of deposits (CDs, issued by banks) and Treasury Bills (issued by RBI). A predominantly institutional market, the key money market players are banks, financial institutions, insurance companies, mutual funds, primary dealers and corporates.

The various instruments currently available for investments are:

Issuer	Instrument	Maturity	Yields (%) as on May 31, 2024	Liquidity
GOI	Treasury Bill	91 days	6.81%	High
GOI	Treasury Bill	364 days	6.98%	High
GOI	Short Dated	1-3 Years	6.95% - 7.00%	High
GOI	Medium Dated	3-5 Years	6.97% - 7.03%	High
GOI	Long Dated	5-10 Years	6.97% - 7.04%	High
Corporate	Taxable Bonds (AAA)	1-3 Years	7.50% - 7.75%	Medium
Corporate	Taxable Bonds (AAA)	3-5 Years	7.45% - 7.70%	Low to medium
Corporate	CPs (A1+)	3 months	7.12%-7.20 %	Medium to High
Corporate	CPs (A1+)	1 Year	7.63% -7.70%	Medium

Source: CCIL/Market reports

The actual yields will, however, vary in line with general levels of interest rates and debt/money market conditions prevailing from time to time.

B. What are the investment restrictions?

Pursuant to Regulations, specifically the Seventh Schedule and amendments thereto, the following investment restrictions are currently applicable to the Scheme:

- The Scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV in the equity shares or equity related instruments of any company;
- The Mutual Fund under all its Schemes shall not own more than 10% of any company's paid up capital carrying voting rights; Provided, investment in the asset management company or the trustee company of a mutual fund shall be governed by clause (a), of sub-regulation (1), of regulation 7B.
- All investments by the Scheme in equity shares and equity related instruments shall only be made provided such securities are listed or to be listed;
- The Scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its net assets in debt instruments comprising money market & non money market instruments issued by a single issuer, which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency authorized to carry out such activity under the SEBI Act. Such investment limit may be extended to 12% of the net assets of the Scheme with the prior approval of the Trustees and the Board of the AMC. Such limit shall not be applicable for investments in government securities, treasury bills & Tri-Party Repo. Provided further that investment within such limit can be made in mortgage backed Securitised debts which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency registered with SEBI.

A mutual fund scheme shall not invest more than:

- a) 10% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated AAA; or
- b) 8% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated AA; or
- c) 6% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated A and below issued by a single issuer.

The above investment limits may be extended by up to 2% of the NAV of the scheme with prior approval of the Board of Trustees and Board of Directors of the AMC, subject to compliance with the overall 12% limit specified in Clause 1 of Seventh Schedule of MF Regulation.

Such limit shall not be applicable for investments in government securities, treasury bills & Tri-Party Repos on Government Securities or TREPS. Provided further that investment within such limit can be made in mortgage backed Securitised debts which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency registered with SEBI. Provided further that such limit shall not be applicable for investments in case of debt exchange traded funds or such other funds as may be specified by the Board from time to time.

- Scheme shall not invest in unlisted debt instruments including commercial papers, except Government Securities and other money market instruments and derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps, Interest Rate Futures, etc. which are used by mutual fund for hedging: Provided that Mutual Fund Schemes may invest in unlisted non-convertible debentures up to a maximum of 10% of the debt portfolio of the scheme subject to such conditions as may be specified by SEBI from time to time:

Provided further that the norms for investments by mutual fund schemes in unrated debt instruments shall be specified by SEBI from time to time.

Note:

- a) SEBI vide paragraph 12.1 of Master Circular of Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023 has issued following guidelines wrt investment in unlisted debt & money market instruments
 - b) Mutual fund scheme may invest in unlisted non-convertible debentures (NCDs) that have a simple structure (i.e with fixed and uniform coupon, fixed maturity period, without any options, fully paid up upfront, without any credit enhancements or structured obligations) and are rated and secured with coupon payment frequency on monthly basis.
 - c) All fresh investments by mutual fund schemes in CPs would be made only in CPs which are listed or to be listed with effect from one month from the date of operationalization of framework for listing of CPs or January 01, 2020, whichever is later.
 - d) Restrictions on Investment in debt instruments having Structured Obligations / Credit Enhancements:

The investment of mutual fund schemes in the following instruments shall not exceed 10% of the debt portfolio of the schemes and the group exposure in such instruments shall not exceed 5% of the debt portfolio of the schemes:

 - I. Unsupported rating of debt instruments (i.e. without factoring-in credit enhancements) is below investment grade and
 - II. Supported rating of debt instruments (i.e. after factoring-in credit enhancement) is above investment grade.
 - III. For the purpose of this provision, ‘Group’ shall have the same meaning as defined in 12.9.3.3 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023.
 - IV. Investment limits as mentioned above shall not be applicable on investments in securitized debt instruments, as defined in SEBI (Public Offer and Listing of Securitized Debt Instruments) Regulations 2008.

Investment in debt instruments, having credit enhancements backed by equity shares directly or indirectly, shall have a minimum cover of 4 times considering the market value of such shares
- The Scheme may invest in unrated debt and money market instruments other than government securities, treasury bills, derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps (IRS), Interest Rate Futures (IRF) etc. subject to following limit
 - a. Investments in such instruments, shall not exceed 5% of the net assets of the scheme.
 - b. All such investments shall be made with prior approval of the Board of AMC and the Board of Trustees.

Provided further that mutual fund schemes shall comply with the norms under this clause within the time and in the manner as may be specified by SEBI:

- The Scheme may invest in another scheme of the Mutual Fund or any other mutual fund. The aggregate inter-scheme investment made by all the schemes under the same management or in schemes under management of any other asset management company shall not exceed 5% of the net asset value of the Fund. No investment management fees shall be charged by the Scheme for investing in other schemes of the Mutual Fund or in the schemes of any other mutual fund.
- The Scheme shall not make any investment in:
 - a. Any unlisted Security of an associate or group company of the Sponsor; or

- b. Any Security issued by way of private placement by an associate or group company of the Sponsor; or
 - c. the listed Securities of group companies of the Sponsor which is in excess of 25% of the net assets.
- Transfer of investments from one scheme to another scheme in the Mutual Fund is permitted provided –
 - a) such transfers are done at the prevailing market price for quoted instruments on Spot Basis (Spot Basis shall have the same meaning as specified by a stock exchange for spot transactions);
 - b) the Securities so transferred shall be in conformity with the investment objective of the Scheme to which such transfer has been made.
 - c) the same are in line with paragraph 12.30 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023.
- The Mutual Fund shall get the Securities purchased or transferred in the name of the Fund on account of the Scheme, wherever investments are intended to be of a long-term nature.
- The Mutual Fund shall buy and sell securities on the basis of deliveries and shall in all cases of purchases take delivery of the relevant securities and in all cases of sale, deliver the securities. The Mutual Fund may however engage in short selling of securities in accordance with the framework relating to short selling and securities lending and borrowing specified by SEBI. Further that the Mutual Fund shall enter into derivatives transactions in a recognised stock exchange, subject to the framework specified by SEBI. The sale of government securities already contracted for purchase shall be permitted in accordance with the guidelines issued by the RBI in this regard.
- The Scheme shall not invest in a Fund of Funds scheme.
- In term of paragraph 4.4.4 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023, no Mutual Fund under all its schemes shall own more than 10% of debt instruments with special features or Tier 1 bonds and Tier 2 bonds issued under Basel III framework with special features issued by a single issuer. Further, the scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV of the debt portfolio of the scheme in such instruments; and shall not invest more than 5% of its NAV of the debt portfolio of the scheme in such instruments issued by a single issuer.
- **Participation of scheme in repo of corporate debt securities:**

In accordance with Chapter 12.18 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023, schemes of the Mutual Fund shall participate in the ‘Corporate Bond Repo’ transactions as per guidelines issued by Reserve Bank of India (RBI) from time to time. Currently the applicable guidelines are as under:

- a. Gross exposure of the scheme to repo transactions in corporate debt securities shall not be more than 10% of the net assets of the concerned scheme.
- b. The cumulative gross exposure through repo transactions in corporate debt securities along with equity, debt and derivatives shall not exceed 100% of the net assets of the concerned scheme.
- c. Mutual Funds shall participate in repo transactions only in ‘AA and above’ rated corporate debt securities.
- d. In terms of Regulation 44(2) mutual funds shall borrow through repo transactions only if the tenor of the transaction does not exceed a period of six months.

The investment restrictions applicable to the Scheme's participation in the Corporate Bond repos will also be as prescribed or varied by SEBI or by the Board of PGIM India Trustees Pvt. Ltd. (subject to SEBI requirements) from time to time.

The following guidelines shall be followed by PGIM India Mutual Fund for participating in repo in Corporate debt securities, which have been approved by the Board of AMC and Trustee Company:

a) Category of Counterparty to be considered for making investment:

All entities eligible for transacting in Corporate Bond repos as defined by SEBI and RBI shall be considered for repo transactions

b) Credit rating of Counterparty to be considered for making investment:

The scheme shall participate in Corporate Bond repo transactions with counterparties having a minimum investment grade rating and approved by the Investment Committee on a case-to-case basis. In case a Counterparty is unrated, the Investment Committee will decide/ assign a rating to the Counterparty and report the same to the Board.

c) Tenor of Repo and Collateral:

As a repo seller (borrowing), the scheme will borrow cash for a period not exceeding 6 months or as per extant regulations. As a repo buyer, the Scheme are allowed to undertake the transactions (lending) for maximum maturity upto one year or such other terms as may be approved by the Investment Committee. There shall be no restriction / limitation on the tenor of the underlying collateral that is being accepted.

d) Applicable haircuts:

As per RBI circular RBI/2012-13/365 IDMD.PCD.09/14.03.02/2012-13 dated 07/01/2013, all Corporate Bond repo transaction will be subject to a minimum haircut given as given below:

- a. AAA : 7.50%
- b. AA+ : 8.50%
- c. AA : 10.00%

The haircut will be applicable on the prevailing market value of the said security on the prevailing date of trade. However, the fund manager may ask for a higher haircut (while lending) or give a higher haircut (while borrowing) depending on the prevailing market and liquidity situation.

- The Scheme will comply with the following restrictions for trading in exchange traded derivatives, as specified by SEBI vide its circular DNPD/Cir-29/2005 dated September 14, 2005, Circular DNPD/Cir-30/2006 dated January 20, 2006 and Circular DNPD/Cir-31/2006 dated September 22, 2006 and circular no. SEBI/HO/MRD/DP/CIR/P/2016/143 dated December 27, 2016, read in line with paragraph 7.5 and 12.25 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023:

i. Position limit for the Mutual Fund in equity index options contracts:

- a. The Mutual Fund position limit in all equity index options contracts on a particular underlying index shall be Rs. 500 Crores or 15% of the total open interest of the market in equity index option contracts, whichever is higher, per Stock Exchange.

- b. This limit would be applicable on open positions in all options contracts on a particular underlying index.

ii. Position limit for the Mutual Fund in equity index futures contracts:

- a. The Mutual Fund position limit in all equity index futures contracts on a particular underlying index shall be Rs. 500 Crores or 15% of the total open interest in the market in equity index futures contracts, whichever is higher, per Stock Exchange.
- b. This limit would be applicable on open positions in all futures contracts on a particular underlying index.

iii. Additional position limit for hedging:

In addition to the position limits at point (i) and (ii) above, Mutual Fund may take exposure in equity index derivatives subject to the following limits:

- a. Short positions in index derivatives (short futures, short calls and long puts) shall not exceed (in notional value) the Mutual Fund's holding of stocks.
- b. Long positions in index derivatives (long futures, long calls and short puts) shall not exceed (in notional value) the Mutual Fund's holding of cash, government securities, T-Bills and similar instruments.

iv. Position limit for the Mutual Fund for stock based derivative contracts:

The Mutual Fund position limit in a derivative contract on a particular underlying stock, i.e. stock option contracts and stock futures contracts:

- The combined futures and options position limit shall be 20% of the applicable Market Wide Position Limit (MWPL).

v. Position limit for the Scheme:

The position limits for the Scheme and disclosure requirements are as follows–

- a. For stock option and stock futures contracts, the gross open position across all derivative contracts on a particular underlying stock of a scheme of the Mutual Fund shall not exceed the higher of:

1% of the free float market capitalisation (in terms of number of shares)
Or
5% of the open interest in the derivative contracts on a particular underlying stock (in terms of number of contracts).
- b. This position limit shall be applicable on the combined position in all derivative contracts on an underlying stock at a Stock Exchange
- c. For index based contracts, the Mutual Fund shall disclose the total open interest held by the Scheme or all schemes put together in a particular underlying index, if such open interest equals to or exceeds 15% of the open interest of all derivative contracts on that underlying index.

Further, paragraph 12.25 of SEBI vide Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023, has prescribed the following investment restrictions with respect to investment in derivatives:

- a) The cumulative gross exposure through equity, debt and derivative positions should not exceed 100% of the net assets of the scheme. Cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days may be treated as not creating any exposure.
- b) The total exposure related to option premium paid must not exceed 20% of the net assets of the scheme.
- c) Exposure due to hedging positions may not be included in the above mentioned limits subject to the following:-
 - (i) Hedging positions are the derivative positions that reduce possible losses on an existing position in securities and till the existing position remains;
 - (ii) Hedging positions cannot be taken for existing derivative positions. Exposure due to such positions shall have to be added and treated under limits mentioned in Point (a) above.
 - (iii) Any derivative instrument used to hedge has the same underlying security as the existing position being hedged.
 - (iv) The quantity of underlying associated with the derivative position taken for hedging purposes does not exceed the quantity of the existing position against which hedge has been taken.
- d) Mutual Fund may enter into plain vanilla interest rate swaps for hedging purposes. The counter party in such transactions has to be an entity recognized as a market maker by RBI. Further, the value of the notional principal in such cases must not exceed the value of respective existing assets being hedged by the scheme. Exposure to a single counterparty in such transactions should not exceed 10% of the net assets of the scheme.
- e) Exposure due to derivative positions taken for hedging purposes in excess of the underlying position against which the hedging position has been taken, shall be treated under the limits mentioned in Point (a) above.
- f) Mutual Fund may write call options only under a covered call strategy for constituent stocks of NIFTY 50 and BSE SENSEX subject to the following:
 - a. The total notional value (taking into account strike price as well as premium value) of call options written by a scheme shall not exceed 15% of the total market value of equity shares held in that scheme.
 - b. The total number of shares underlying the call options written shall not exceed 30% of the unencumbered shares of a particular company held in the scheme. The unencumbered shares in a scheme shall mean shares that are not part of Securities Lending and Borrowing Mechanism (SLBM), margin or any other kind of encumbrances.
 - c. At all points of time the Mutual Fund scheme shall comply with the provisions at points (a) and (b) above. In case of any passive breach of the requirement at paragraph (a) above, the respective scheme shall have 7 trading days to rebalance

the portfolio. During the rebalancing period, no additional call options can be written in the said scheme.

- d. In case a Mutual Fund scheme needs to sell securities on which a call option is written under a covered call strategy, it must ensure compliance with paragraphs (a) and (b) above while selling the securities.
 - e. In no case, a scheme shall write a call option without holding the underlying equity shares. A call option can be written only on shares which are not hedged using other derivative contracts.
 - f. The premium received shall be within the requirements prescribed in terms of paragraph 12.25.2 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023 on Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023 i.e. the total gross exposure related to option premium paid and received must not exceed 20% of the net assets of the scheme.
 - g. The exposure on account of the call option written under the covered call strategy shall not be considered as exposure in terms of paragraph 12.25.8i(g) of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023.
 - h. The call option written shall be marked to market daily and the respective gains or losses factored into the daily NAV of the respective scheme(s) until the position is closed or expired.
- Pending deployment of funds of a Scheme in terms of the investment objectives of the Scheme, the AMC may invest the funds of the Scheme in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks in accordance with the guidelines set out by SEBI under the Regulations. The Scheme will comply with the following guidelines/restrictions for parking of funds in short term deposits:-
 - a. "Short Term" for parking of funds shall be treated as a period not exceeding 91 days.
 - b. Such short-term deposits shall be held in the name of the Scheme.
 - c. The Scheme shall not park more than 15% of the net assets in short term deposit(s) of all the scheduled commercial banks put together. However, such limit may be raised to 20% with the approval of the Trustee.
 - d. Parking of funds in short term deposits of associate and sponsor scheduled commercial banks together shall not exceed 20% of total deployment by the Mutual Fund in short term deposits.
 - e. The Scheme shall not park more than 10% of the net assets in short term deposit(s), with any one scheduled commercial bank including its subsidiaries.
 - f. The Scheme shall not park funds in short-term deposit of a bank which has invested in the said Scheme. Further Trustees/AMC shall also ensure that a bank in which scheme has short term deposit does not invest in the Scheme until the Scheme has short term deposits with such bank.
 - g. AMC shall not charge any investment management and advisory fees for parking of funds in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks.

However, the above provisions will not apply to term deposits placed as margins for trading in cash and derivatives market.

- Save as otherwise expressly provided under SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996, the Scheme shall not advance any loans.

- The Fund shall not borrow except to meet temporary liquidity needs of the Fund for the purpose of repurchase/redemption of Units or payment of interest and/or IDCW to the Unit holders. Provided that the Fund shall not borrow more than 20% of the net assets of the individual Scheme and the duration of the borrowing shall not exceed a period of 6 month.

All investment restrictions shall be applicable at the time of making investment. The AMC/Trustee may alter these above stated restrictions from time to time to the extent the Regulations change, so as to permit the Scheme to make its investments in the full spectrum of permitted investments for mutual funds to achieve its respective investment objective.

C. Fundamental Attributes:

Following are the Fundamental Attributes of the Scheme, in terms of Clause 1.14 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023:

(i) Type of a Scheme

An open ended Dynamic Asset Allocation Fund

(ii) Investment Objective

- **Main Objective**

To provide capital appreciation and income distribution to the investors by dynamically managing the asset allocation between equity and fixed income using equity derivatives strategies, arbitrage opportunities and pure equity investments. The scheme seeks to reduce the volatility by diversifying the assets across equity and fixed income.

However, is no assurance that the investment objective of the Scheme will be achieved. The Scheme does not guarantee/ indicate any returns.

- **Investment pattern:** Please refer to section ‘Asset Allocation’ under Section I, Part II - A

(iii) Terms of Issue

- Liquidity provisions such as listing, repurchase, redemption. **Refer Section I, Part I – Highlights / Summary of the Scheme**
- Aggregate maximum fees and expenses charged to the Scheme. **Refer Section I, Part III, Point no. C- Annual Scheme Recurring Expenses**
- The Scheme does not provide any safety net or guarantee.

In accordance with Regulation 18(15A) of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations and Clause 1.14.1.4 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023, the Trustee will ensure that no change in the Fundamental Attributes of the Scheme(s) and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder or the Trust or fees and expenses payable or any other change which would modify the Scheme and the Plan(s) /Option(s) there under and affect the interest of the Unit holders is carried out unless:

- SEBI has reviewed and provided its comments on the proposal;
- written communication about the proposed change is sent to each Unit holder and an advertisement is given in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the head office of the Mutual Fund is situated; and

- the Unit holders are given an option for a period of 30 calendar days to exit at the prevailing NAV without any exit load.

D. Other Scheme Specific Disclosures:

<p>Listing and transfer of units</p>	<p>The Scheme is an open ended scheme under which sale and repurchase will be made on a continuous basis and therefore listing on stock exchanges is not envisaged. However, the Trustee/AMC reserves the right to list the Units.</p> <p>Units of the Scheme held in the Demat form are fully and freely transferable in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 2018 as may be amended from time to time through off market deals or in accordance with the stock exchange rules, upon the Scheme being listed. Transfers should be only in favor of transferees who are eligible for holding Units under the Scheme.</p> <p>Units of the Scheme are freely transferable in demat and non demat mode.</p> <p>If a person becomes a holder of the Units consequent to operation of law, or upon enforcement of a pledge, the Mutual Fund will, subject to production of satisfactory evidence, effect the transfer, if the transferee is otherwise eligible to hold the Units. Similarly, in cases of transmission of Units consequent on the death of a unitholder, the transferee’s name will be recorded by the AMC / Registrar subject to production of satisfactory evidence and completing the requisite procedure / documentation (as explained in SAI).</p>
<p>Dematerialization of units</p>	<p>The investors shall have an option to hold the Units in demat mode. In case of SIP transactions, the units will be allotted based on the applicable NAV, the same will be credited to unitholder’s Demat account on a weekly basis, upon realization of funds/ credit confirmation. For example, for fund realization/ credit confirmation received from the bankers from Monday to Friday of a week, the Units will be credited to unitholder’s Demat account with the DP in the following week on Monday.</p> <p>To hold the Units in demat mode, the investor will be required to have a beneficiary account with a Depository Participant (DP) of the NSDL/CDSL and will be required to mention in the application form, DP’s Name, DP ID and Beneficiary Account No. with the DP at the time of subscribing to the Units. The AMC will credit the Units to the Beneficiary Account of Unit holder within five working days from the date of clearance of the investor’s cheque.</p> <p>If a Unit holder desires to opt for dematerialization of units held under physical account statement at a later date, he will be required to make an application to AMC/ RTA/DP in Conversion Request Form (available on the website of the Mutual Fund or with the DPs) along with Statement of Account, a copy of Client Master Report (CMR) or Transaction Statement (only the page of Transaction Statement reflecting the name and pattern of holding) issued by its Depository Participant. Application for issue of Units in demat mode may be submitted to any of the OPAs / ISCs or DPs. The AMC will credit the Units to the Beneficiary Account of Unit holder within two working days from receipt of demat request.</p> <p>In case the unit holders do not provide their Demat Account details, or the demat details provided in the application form are incomplete / incorrect or do not</p>

	match with the details with the Depository records, the Units will be allotted in physical account statement mode provided the application is otherwise complete in all respect and accordingly, an Account Statement shall be sent to them.
Minimum Target amount (This is the minimum amount required to operate the scheme and if this is not collected during the NFO period, then all the investors would be refunded the amount invested without any return.)	Not Applicable. The Scheme is open on an ongoing basis for subscription/redemption at NAV based prices.
Maximum Amount to be raised (if any)	Not Applicable
Dividend Policy (IDCW)	<p>Under the Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal option, the Trustee will have the discretion to declare the IDCW, subject to availability of distributable surplus calculated in accordance with the Regulations. Further investors are requested to note that the amounts can be distributed out of investors capital (Equalization Reserve) which is part of a sale price that represents realized gains. The actual declaration of IDCW and frequency will inter-alia, depend on availability of distributable surplus calculated in accordance with the Regulations and the decisions of the Trustee shall be final in this regard. There is no assurance or guarantee to the Unit holders as to the rate of IDCW nor that the IDCW will be paid regularly.</p> <p><u>IDCW Distribution Procedure</u></p> <p>In accordance with Chapter 11 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Fund dated May 19, 2023 the procedure for IDCW distribution would be as under:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Quantum of IDCW and the record date will be fixed by the Trustee. IDCW so decided shall be paid, subject to availability of distributable surplus. 2. Within one calendar day of decision by the Trustee, the AMC shall issue notice to the public communicating the decision about the IDCW including the record date, in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the head office of the Mutual Fund is situated. 3. Record date shall be the date, which will be considered for the purpose of determining the eligibility of investors whose names appear on the register of Unit holders for receiving IDCW. The Record Date will be 2 business days from the date of issue of notice. 4. The NAV will be adjusted to the extent of IDCW distribution and statutory levy, if any, at the close of business hours on record date.
Allotment (Detailed procedure)	All applicants will receive full and firm allotment of Units, provided the applications are complete in all respects and are found to be in order. The AMC retain the sole and absolute discretion to reject any application. Allotment to NRIs/FPIs will be subject to RBI approval, if any, required.

	<p>An applicant in a scheme whose application has been accepted shall have the option either to receive the statement of accounts or to hold the units in dematerialised form and the asset management company shall issue to such applicant, a statement of accounts specifying the number of units allotted to the applicant or issue units in the dematerialized form as soon as possible but not later than five working days from the date of closure of the initial subscription list or from the date of receipt of the application.</p> <p>In case of Unit holder who have provided their e-mail address the Fund will provide the Account Statement only through e-mail message, subject to Regulations and unless otherwise required. In cases where the email does not reach the Unit holder, the Fund / its Registrar & Transfer Agents will not be responsible, but the Unit holder can request for fresh statement. The Unit holder shall from time to time intimate the Fund / its Registrar & Transfer Agent about any changes in his e-mail address.</p> <p>All Units will rank <i>pari passu</i>, among Units within the same Option in the Scheme concerned as to assets, earnings and the receipt of IDCW distributions, if any, as may be declared by the Trustee.</p> <p>In case the Unit Holder desires to hold Units in dematerialized/rematerialized form at a later date, the request for conversion of Units held in non-dematerialized form into dematerialized form or vice-versa should be submitted along with a dematerialized/rematerialized request form to their Depository Participants.</p>
Refund	<p>If application is rejected, full amount will be refunded within 5 working days of rejection of application. If refunded later than 5 working days @ 15% p.a. for delay period will be paid and charged to the AMC .</p>
<p>Who can invest</p> <p><i>(This is an indicative list and investors shall consult their financial advisor to ascertain whether the scheme is suitable to their risk profile).</i></p>	<p>The following persons are eligible to invest in the Units of the Scheme (subject, wherever relevant, to the Purchase of Units of the Scheme of the Mutual Fund being permitted and duly authorized under their respective by-laws /constitutions, charter documents, corporate / other authorisations and relevant statutory provisions etc):-</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Resident Indian adult individuals either singly or jointly (not exceeding three) or on an Anyone or Survivor basis; 2. Hindu Undivided Family (HUF) through Karta; 3. Resident Indian Minors or Non-Resident Indian Minors through their parent/ legal guardian; 4. Partnership Firms; 5. Proprietorship in the name of the sole proprietor; 6. Companies, Bodies Corporate, Public Sector Undertakings (PSUs.), Association of Persons (AOP) or Bodies of Individuals (BOI) and societies registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860; 7. Banks (as permitted by RBI) and Financial Institutions;

	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 8. Religious and Charitable Trusts, Wakfs or endowments of private trusts (subject to receipt of necessary approvals as “Public Securities” as required) and Private trusts authorized to invest in mutual fund schemes under their trust deeds; 9. Non-Resident Indians (NRIs)/ Persons of Indian origin (PIOs) residing abroad on repatriation basis or on non – repatriation basis; 10. Foreign Portfolio Investors, subject to provisions of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Foreign Portfolio Investors) Regulations, 2014; 11. Army, Air Force, Navy and other para-military units and bodies created by such institutions; 12. Scientific and Industrial Research Organisations; 13. Multilateral Funding Agencies/ Bodies Corporate incorporated outside India with the permission of Government of India/ RBI 14. Provident/ Pension/ Gratuity Fund to the extent they are permitted; 15. Other schemes of PGIM India Mutual Fund or any other mutual fund subject to the conditions and limits prescribed by SEBI Regulations; 16. Trustee, AMC or Sponsor or their associates may subscribe to Units under the Scheme(s) <p>The AMC reserve the right to include/exclude new/existing categories of investors to invest in the Scheme from time to time, subject to applicable Laws, if any. Prospective investors are advised to satisfy themselves that they are not prohibited by any law governing such entity and any Indian law from investing in the Scheme and are authorized to invest in mutual fund units as per their respective constitutions, charter documents, corporate / other authorizations and relevant statutory provisions.</p> <p>Subject to the Regulations and applicable law, an application for Units from an applicant may be accepted or rejected at the sole and absolute discretion of the AMC/Trustee.</p>
Who cannot invest	<p>The following persons cannot invest in the Scheme:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. United States Person (U.S. person) as defined under the extant laws of the United States of America; 2. Residents of Canada 3. Any individual who is a foreign national or any entity that is not an Indian Resident under the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999, except where registered with SEBI as a FPIs or FPIs sub account; 4. Non-Resident Indians residing in the Financial Action Task Force (FATF) Non-Compliant Countries and Territories (NCCTs); 5. Overseas Corporate Bodies;

	<p>The AMC reserve the right to include/exclude new/existing categories of investors to invest in the Scheme from time to time, subject to applicable Laws, if any. Prospective investors are advised to satisfy themselves that they are not prohibited by any law governing such entity and any Indian law from investing in the Scheme and are authorized to invest in mutual fund units as per their respective constitutions, charter documents, corporate / other authorizations and relevant statutory provisions.</p> <p>Subject to the Regulations and applicable law, an application for Units from an applicant may be accepted or rejected at the sole and absolute discretion of the AMC/Trustee.</p>
<p>How to Apply and other details</p>	<p>The Application form shall be made available availability of application form from either the Investor Service Centers (ISCs)/Official Points of Acceptance(OPAs) of AMC or may be downloaded from the website of AMC (www.pgimindiamf.com)</p> <p>Please refer to the SAI and Application form for the instructions.</p> <p>Please refer the AMC website (www.pgimindiamf.com) for the list of official points of acceptance, collecting banker details etc.</p> <p>All transaction requests can be submitted at any of the Official Points of Acceptance, the addresses of which are given at the end of this SID. <i>(Please refer to the back cover page of this SID for details)</i></p> <p>The AMC may designate additional centres of the Registrar as the Official Points of Acceptance during the Ongoing Offer Period and change such centres, if necessary.</p> <p>As per the directives issued by SEBI, it is mandatory for applicants to mention their bank account numbers in their applications and therefore, investors are requested to fill-up the appropriate box in the application form failing which applications are liable to be rejected.</p>
<p>The policy regarding reissue of repurchased units, including the maximum extent, the manner of reissue, the entity (the scheme or the AMC) involved in the same.</p>	<p>Units once redeemed will be extinguished and will not be reissued.</p>
<p>Restrictions, if any, on the right to freely retain or dispose of units being offered.</p>	<p><u>Pledge of Units:-</u></p> <p>The Units under the Scheme may be offered as security by way of a pledge / charge in favor of scheduled banks, financial institutions, non-banking finance companies (NBFC's), or any other body. The AMC/RTA will note and record such Pledged Units. A standard form for this purpose is available on request at all ISCs. The AMC shall mark a lien on the specified units only upon receiving the duly completed form and documents as it may require. Disbursement of such loans will be at the entire discretion of the bank / financial institution / NBFC or any other body concerned and the Mutual Fund assumes no responsibility thereof.</p>

The Pledgor will not be able to redeem/switch Units that are pledged until the entity to which the Units are pledged provides a written authorisation to the Mutual Fund that the pledge / lien/ charge may be removed. As long as Units are pledged, the Pledgee will have complete authority to redeem such Units. IDCW declared on Units under lien will be paid / re-invested to the credit of the Unit Holder and not the lien holder unless specified otherwise in the lien letter. For units of the Scheme held in electronic (Demat) form, the rules of Depository applicable for pledge will be applicable for Pledge/Assignment of units of the Scheme. Pledgor and Pledgee must have a beneficial account with the Depository. These accounts can be with the same DP or with different DPs.

Lien on Units:-

On an ongoing basis, when existing and new investors make Subscriptions, pending clearance of the payment instrument, a temporary hold (lien) will be created on the Units allotted and such Units shall not be available for redemption/switch out until the payment proceeds are realised by the Fund. In case a Unit holder redeems Units immediately after making subscription for purchase of units, the redemption request for such investor shall be rejected. In case the cheque/draft is dishonored during clearing process by the bank, the transaction will be reversed and the Units allotted there against shall be cancelled under intimation to the applicant. In respect of NRIs, the AMC/ RTA shall mark a temporary hold (lien) on the Units, in case the requisite documents (such as FIRC/Account debit letter) have not been submitted along with the application form and before the submission of the redemption request. The AMC reserves the right to change the operational guidelines for temporary lien on Units from time to time.

Suspension of sale of units

With the approval of the Boards of Directors of the Trustee and the Asset Management Company, the sale of Units may be suspended temporarily or indefinitely when any of the following conditions exist:

1. The equity / debt market stops functioning or trading is restricted.
2. Periods of extreme volatility in the equity / debt market, which, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, is prejudicial to the interest of the investors.
3. When there is a strike by the banking community or trading is restricted by RBI or other authority.
4. Period of extreme volatility in the equity / debt / money market, which in the opinion of the Board of Directors of AMC and Trustee is prejudicial to the interest of the scheme's investors.
5. As and when directed by the Government of India or RBI or SEBI to do so or conditions relating to natural calamity/external aggression/internal disturbances etc. arises, so as to cause volatile movements in the money or debt market, which in the opinion of the AMC, will be prejudicial to the interest of the unitholders, if further trading in the scheme is continued.
6. Break down in the information processing/communication systems affecting the valuation of investments/processing of sale/repurchase request.
7. Natural calamity.
8. SEBI, by order, so directs.
9. Trustee views that increasing the Scheme's size further may prove detrimental to the existing/prospective Unitholders of the Scheme.

	<p>10. Any other circumstances which in the opinion of the Board of Directors of AMC and Trustee is prejudicial to the interest of the existing/prospective investors.</p> <p><u>Right to Limit Redemption:-</u></p> <p>The AMC may, under the below mentioned circumstances, impose restriction on redemption (including switch-outs) for a period not exceeding 10 working days in any 90 days period. Such restriction may be imposed when there are circumstances leading to a systemic crisis or event that severely constricts market liquidity or the efficient functioning of markets such as:</p> <p><u>Liquidity issues</u> - When market at large becomes illiquid affecting almost all securities rather than any <u>issuer specific security</u>;</p> <p><u>Market failures, exchange closures</u> - When markets are affected by unexpected events which impact the functioning of exchanges or the regular course of transactions. Such unexpected events could also be related to political, economic, military, monetary or other emergencies;</p> <p><u>Operational issues</u> - When exceptional circumstances are caused by force majeure, unpredictable operational problems and technical failures (e.g. a black out).</p> <p>However, such restriction would not be applicable to the redemption (including switch-outs) requests received for up to INR 2 Lakhs. In case of redemption (including switch-outs) requests above INR 2 Lakhs, the AMC shall redeem the first INR 2 Lakhs without such restriction and remaining part over and above INR 2 Lakhs shall be subject to such restriction.</p> <p>Any imposition of restriction on redemption (including switch-outs) of units of the Scheme shall be made applicable only after specific approval of Board of AMC and Trustee and the same shall also be informed to SEBI immediately.</p>
<p>Cut off timing for subscriptions/ redemptions/ switches</p> <p>This is the time before which your application (complete in all respects) should reach the official points of acceptance.</p>	<p><u>SUBSCRIPTION/PURCHASE INCLUDING SWITCH-INS:-</u></p> <p>a) In respect of valid application received before 3.00 p.m. on a business day and funds for the entire amount of subscription/ purchase as per the application are credited to the bank account of the Scheme and are available for utilization before the cut-off time, the closing NAV of the day on which the funds are available for utilisation shall be applicable;</p> <p>b) In respect of valid application received after 3.00 p.m. on a business day and funds for the entire amount of subscription / purchase as per the application are credited to the bank account of the Scheme and are available for utilization before the cut-off time of the next business day, the closing NAV of the next business day shall be applicable;</p> <p>c) However, irrespective of the time of receipt of valid application on a given Business day, where the funds are not available for utilisation before the cut off time on the day of the application, the closing NAV of the Business Day on which the funds are available for utilisation before the cut-off time (3:00 p.m.) shall be applicable.</p>

	<p>For determining the availability of funds for utilisation, the funds for the entire amount of subscription/purchase (including switch-in) as per the application should be credited to the bank account of the scheme before the cut-off time and the funds are available for utilisation before the cut-off time without availing any credit facility whether intra-day or otherwise, by the Scheme.</p> <p>REDEMPTIONS INCLUDING SWITCH-OUTS:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) In respect of valid applications received upto 3 p.m. on a business day by the Mutual Fund, closing NAV of the day of receipt of application, shall be applicable. 2) In respect of valid applications received after 3 p.m. on a business day by the Mutual Fund, the closing NAV of the next business day shall be applicable. <p>Switch Transactions</p> <p>Valid Switch application will be considered for processing on the earliest day which is a Business Day for both the ‘Switch out’ scheme and the ‘Switch in’ scheme. Application for ‘Switch in’ shall be treated as purchase application and the Applicable NAV based on the cut off time for purchase shall be applied. Application for Switch out shall be treated as redemption application, and the Applicable NAV based on the cut off time for redemption shall be applied.</p>
<p>Minimum amount for purchase/redemption/switches</p>	<p>Minimum Amount of Purchase/Switch-in – Rs. 5,000/- and in multiples of Re.1/- thereafter.</p> <p>Minimum Additional Purchase - Rs. 1,000/- and in multiples of Re.1/- thereafter.</p> <p>Minimum Redemption Amount/Switch-out: - Rs. 1,000/- and in multiples of Re. 1/- or account balance whichever is lower.</p> <p>Note:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In case the Unitholder specifies the number of Units and amount in the redemption request, the number of Units shall be considered for Redemption. • In case the Unit holder does not specify the number of Units or amount in the redemption request, the request will be rejected. • If the balance Units in the Unitholder’s account do not cover the amount specified in the Redemption request, then the Mutual Fund shall repurchase the entire balance of Units in account of the Unitholder. <p>In case a Unitholder has purchased Units on multiple days in a single folio, the Units will be redeemed / switched out on a ‘First in First Out’ (FIFO) basis, i.e., the Units acquired chronologically first / earlier will be redeemed / switched out first, and the Exit Load, if any, applicable to each of the Units would correspond to the period of time the Units were held by the Unitholder.</p>
<p>Accounts Statements</p>	<p>The AMC shall send an allotment confirmation specifying the units allotted by way of email and/or SMS within 5 working days of receipt of valid application/transaction to the Unit holders registered e-mail address and/ or mobile number (whether units are held in demat mode or in account statement</p>

	<p>form).</p> <p>A Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) detailing all the transactions across all mutual funds (including transaction charges paid to the distributor) and holding at the end of the month shall be sent to the Unit holders in whose folio(s) transaction(s) have taken place during the month by mail or email on or before 15th of the succeeding month.</p> <p>Half-yearly CAS shall be issued at the end of every six months (i.e. September/ March) on or before 21st day of succeeding month, to all investors providing the prescribed details across all schemes of mutual funds and securities held in dematerialized form across demat accounts, if applicable</p> <p>For further details, refer SAI.</p>
Dividend/ IDCW	The payment of dividend/IDCW to the unitholders shall be made within seven working days from the record date.
Redemption	<p>The redemption or repurchase proceeds shall be dispatched to the unitholders within three working days from the date of redemption or repurchase.</p> <p>For list of exceptional circumstances refer para 14.1.3 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023</p> <p>For schemes investing atleast 80% of total assets in permissible overseas investments (as per Clause 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023), the transfer of redemption or repurchase proceeds to the unitholders shall be made within five working days from the date of redemption or repurchase.</p>
Bank Mandate	As per the directives issued by SEBI, it is mandatory for applicants to mention their bank account numbers in their applications/request for redemption and therefore, investors are requested to fill-up the appropriate box in the application/request for redemption form failing which applications/request for redemption are liable to be rejected.
Delay in payment of redemption / repurchase proceeds/dividend	The Asset Management Company shall be liable to pay interest to the unitholders at rate as specified vide clause 14.2 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023 by SEBI for the period of such delay.
Unclaimed Redemption and Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal Amount	<p>The unclaimed redemption and IDCW amounts may be deployed by the Mutual Fund in call money market or money market instruments or a separate plan of only Overnight scheme / Liquid scheme / Money Market Mutual Fund scheme floated by Mutual Fund specifically for deployment of the unclaimed amounts. Provided that such schemes where the unclaimed redemption and dividend amounts are deployed shall be only those Overnight scheme/ Liquid scheme / Money Market Mutual Fund schemes which are placed in A-1 cell (Relatively Low Interest Rate Risk and Relatively Low Credit Risk) of Potential Risk Class matrix as per paragraph 17.5 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023. AMCs shall not be permitted to charge any exit load in this plan and TER (Total Expense Ratio) of such plan shall be capped as per the TER of direct plan of such scheme or at 50bps whichever is lower.</p> <p>Investors who claim these amounts during a period of three years from the due date shall be paid at the prevailing Net Asset Value. After a period of three</p>

	<p>years, this amount will be transferred to a pool account and the investors can claim the amount at prevailing NAV at the end of the third year. The income earned on such funds will be used for the purpose of investor education. The AMC will make a continuous effort to remind the investors through letters to take their unclaimed amounts. The Fund shall not be liable to pay any interest or compensation on unclaimed amount.</p> <p>For more details on how to claim the unclaimed redemption/IDCW amount, please refer to the website of the Fund viz. www.pgimindiamf.com.</p>
<p>Disclosure w.r.t investment by minors</p>	<p>Payment for investment by any mode shall be accepted from the bank account of the minor, parent or legal guardian of the minor, or from a joint account of the minor with parent or legal guardian. For existing folios, the AMCs shall insist upon a Change of Pay-out Bank mandate before redemption is processed. Irrespective of the source of payment for subscription, all redemption proceeds shall be credited only in the verified bank account of the minor, i.e. the minor may hold account with the parent/ legal guardian after completing all KYC formalities.</p> <p>Upon the minor attaining the status of major, the minor in whose name the investment was made, shall be required to provide all the KYC details, updated bank account details including cancelled original cheque leaf of the new account and his/her specimen signature duly authenticated by banker/guardian. Investors shall additionally note that, upon the minor attaining the status of major, the account shall be frozen for operation by the guardian on the day the minor attains the age of majority and no further transactions including standing instructions like SIP / STP / SWP shall be allowed till the documents for changing the status are received.</p>

III. Other Details:

A. Periodic Disclosures:

<p>Monthly / Half – yearly Disclosures: Portfolio</p> <p>This is a list of securities where the corpus of the scheme is currently invested. The market value of these investments is also stated in portfolio disclosures.</p>	<p>The AMC, shall disclose portfolio (along with ISIN) in a user friendly & downloadable spreadsheet format, as on the last day of the month/half year for the scheme(s) on its website https://www.pgimindiamf.com/statutory-disclosure/financials and on the website of AMFI www.amfiindia.com within 10 days from the close of each month/half year.</p> <p>In case of unitholders whose email addresses are registered with, PGIM India Mutual Fund shall send via email both the monthly and half yearly statement of scheme portfolio within 10 days from the close of each month /half year respectively.</p> <p>The AMC shall publish an advertisement every half-year, in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi, disclosing the hosting of the half yearly statement of the schemes portfolio on the AMC’s website www.pgimindiamf.com. and on the website of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com). The AMC shall provide physical copy of the statement of scheme portfolio without any cost, on specific request received from a unitholder.</p> <p>For further details, Kindly refer AMC website, SAI and AMFI website.</p>
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<p>Half Yearly Results</p>	<p>The Mutual Fund shall within one month of the close of each half year i.e., 31st March and 30th September, upload the soft copy of its unaudited financial results containing the details specified in Regulation 59 on its website (https://www.pgimindiamf.com/statutory-disclosure/financials) and shall publish an advertisement disclosing uploading of such financial results on its website, in one English newspaper having nationwide circulation and in one regional newspaper circulating in the region where the head office of the Mutual Fund is situated. This shall also be displayed on the website of AMFI.</p> <p>For further details, Kindly refer AMC website, SAI and AMFI website.</p>
<p>Annual Report</p>	<p>The Scheme wise annual report or an abridged summary thereof shall be provided to all Unit holders not later than four months (or such other period as may be specified by SEBI from time to time) from the date of closure of the relevant accounting year (i.e., 31st March each year). Scheme wise annual report shall be displayed on the website of the AMC (www.pgimindiamf.com) and Association of Mutual Funds in India (www.amfiindia.com).</p> <p>In case of unitholders whose email addresses are available with the Mutual Fund, the scheme annual reports or abridged summary would be sent only by email. Unitholders whose email addresses are not available with the Mutual Fund will have an option of receiving a physical copy of scheme annual reports or abridged summary by post/courier. The AMC shall provide a physical copy of scheme annual report or abridged summary without charging any cost, upon receipt of a specific request from the unitholders, irrespective of registration of their email addresses. Physical copies of annual report will also be available to unitholders at the registered office at all times. The full annual report shall be available for inspection at the Head Office of the Mutual Fund and a copy shall be made available to the Unit holders on request on payment of nominal fees, if any.</p> <p>The AMC shall publish an advertisement every year, in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi, disclosing the hosting of the scheme wise annual report on the AMC website(https://www.pgimindiamf.com/statutory-disclosure/financials) and on the website of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com).</p> <p>For further details, Kindly refer AMC website, SAI and AMFI website.</p>
<p>Risk-o-meter</p>	<p>Mutual Fund/AMCs shall disclose risk-o-meter of the scheme and benchmark while disclosing the performance of scheme vis-à-vis benchmark and shall send the details of the scheme portfolio while communicating the fortnightly, monthly and half-yearly statement of scheme portfolio via email. Any change in risk-o-meter shall be communicated by way of Notice cum Addendum and by way of an email or SMS to unitholders of that particular scheme. Risk-o-meter shall be evaluated on a monthly basis and Mutual Funds/AMCs shall disclose the Risk-o-meter along with portfolio disclosure for all their schemes on the website of the Mutual Fund (www.pgimindiamf.com) and that of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) within 10 days from the close of each month.</p>
<p>Scheme Summary Document</p>	<p>The AMC has provided on its website a standalone scheme document for all the Schemes which contains all the details of the Scheme including but not limited to Scheme features, Fund Manager details, investment details, investment objective, expense ratios, portfolio details, etc. Scheme summary document is uploaded on</p>

	the websites of AMC, AMFI and stock exchanges in 3 data formats i.e. PDF, Spreadsheet and a machine readable format (either JSON or XML).
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B. Transparency/NAV Disclosure:

The NAV of the Scheme will be calculated and disclosed on all Business Days. The AMC shall update the NAVs on the website of the AMC (www.pgimindiamf.com) and of the Association of Mutual Funds in India-AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) before 11:00 p.m. on every Business Day.

In case of any delay, the reasons for such delay would be explained to AMFI by the next Business Day. If the NAVs are not available before the commencement of Business Hours on the following Business day due to any reason, the Mutual Fund shall issue a press release giving reasons and explaining when the Mutual Fund would be able to publish the NAV.

Investor may write to AMC for availing facility of receiving the latest NAVs through SMS. The AMC shall disclose portfolio (along with ISIN) in a user friendly & downloadable spreadsheet format, as on the last day of the month/half year for the scheme(s) on its website www.pgimindiamf.com and on the website of AMFI www.amfiindia.com within 10 days from the close of each month/half year.

In case of unitholders whose email addresses are registered with PGIM India Mutual Fund, the AMC shall send via email both the monthly and half yearly statement of scheme portfolio within 10 days from the close of each month/half year respectively. The AMC shall publish an advertisement every half-year, in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi, disclosing the hosting of the half yearly statement of the schemes portfolio on the AMC's website www.pgimindiamf.com and on the website of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com). The AMC shall provide physical copy of the statement of scheme portfolio without any cost, on specific request received from a unitholder.

C. Transaction charges and stamp duty:

Transaction charges:

In accordance with paragraph 10.5 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Fund dated May 19, 2023, the AMC/ Fund shall deduct a Transaction Charge on per purchase / subscription of Rs. 10,000/- and above, as may be received from new investors (an investor who invests for the first time in any mutual fund schemes) and existing investors.

Investors are requested to note that w.e.f. January 1, 2023, PGIM India has stopped deducting transaction charges for investments in Regular Plans, and consequently no transaction charges shall be deducted from the investment amount for transactions / applications received from the distributor (i.e. in Regular Plan) and full subscription amount will be invested in the Scheme.

Stamp Duty:

Mutual fund units issued against Purchase transactions (whether through lump-sum investments or SIP or STP or switch-ins or reinvestment under IDCW Option) would be subject to levy of stamp duty @ 0.005% of the amount invested. The rate and levy of stamp duty may vary as amended from time to time.

For further details, please refer SAI.

D. Associate Transactions:

Please refer to Statement of Additional Information (SAI).

E. Taxation:

For details on taxation please refer to the clause on Taxation in the SAI apart from the following:

	Resident Investors	Mutual Fund
Tax on dividend	Taxed in the hands of unitholders at applicable rate under the provisions of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (Act)	Taxed in the hands of unitholders at the rate of 20% under section 115A/115AD of the Act (plus applicable surcharge and health and education cess)
Capital gain Long Term:	10% (plus applicable surcharge and health and education cess) without indexation (Refer Note 5)	10% (plus applicable surcharge and health and education cess) without indexation (Refer Note 5)
Short Term:	15% (plus applicable surcharge and health and education cess)	15% (plus applicable surcharge and health and education cess)

The information is provided for general information only. However, in view of the individual nature of the implications, each investor is advised to consult his or her own tax advisors / authorised dealers with respect to the specific amount of tax and other implications arising out of his or her participation in the schemes.

Notes –

1. PGIM India Mutual Fund is a Mutual Fund registered with the Securities & Exchange Board of India and hence the entire income of the Mutual Fund will be exempt from income tax in accordance with the provisions of section 10(23D) of the Act.
2. Surcharge at the following rate to be levied in case of individual / HUF / non-corporate non-firm unit holders for equity oriented mutual fund:

Income	Individual /HUF / non-corporate non-firm unit holders
(a) Above Rs 50 lakh upto 1 crore (including dividend income and capital gains income under section 111A, 112 and 112A of the Act)	10%
(b) Above Rs 1 crore upto Rs 2 crores (including dividend income and capital gains income under section 111A and 112A of the Act)	15%
(c) Above Rs 2 crores upto Rs 5 crores [excluding dividend income (dividend received from domestic companies only) and capital gains income under section 111A, 112 and 112A of the Act]	25%
(d) Above Rs 5 crores [excluding dividend income (dividend received from domestic companies only) and capital gains income under section 111A, 112 and 112A of the Act]	37%*

(e) Above Rs 2 crores [including dividend income (dividend received from domestic companies only) and capital gains income under section 111A, 112 and 112A of the Act)] but not covered in point (c) and (d) above	15%
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*Surcharge rate shall not exceed 25% in case of individual and HUF opting for new tax regime under section 115BAC of the Act.

3. Surcharge rates for Companies/ firm

Total Income	Rate of Surcharge for Domestic companies *	Rate of Surcharge for Foreign Companies
Above Rs 1 crore upto Rs 10 crores	7%	2%
Above Rs 10 crores	12%	5%

*Surcharge rate shall be 10% in case resident companies opting taxation under section 115BAA and section 115BAB of the Act on any income earned.

In case of firm with total income exceeding Rs 1 crore, surcharge rate shall be 12%.

- Health and Education cess at 4% on aggregate of base tax and surcharge.
- As per section 112A of the Act, long-term capital gains, exceeding Rs 1,00,000, arising from transfer of equity oriented mutual funds, shall be chargeable at the rate of 10% (plus applicable surcharge and health and education cess).
- The Scheme will attract securities transaction tax (STT) at 0.001% on the redemption value.
- Withholding of Taxation by Mutual Fund will as per applicable withholding tax rate.
- All the above non-resident investors may also claim the tax treaty benefits available, if any.

F. Rights of Unitholders:

Please refer to the Statement of Additional Information for details.

G. List of official points of acceptance:

To get more information on list of official point of acceptance, Please refer link: <https://www.pgimindiamf.com/reach-us>.

H. Penalties, Pending Litigation or Proceedings, Findings of Inspections or Investigations For Which Action May Have Been Taken Or Is In The Process Of Being Taken By Any Regulatory Authority

- Penalties and action(s) taken against foreign Sponsor during the last three years in the jurisdiction of the country where the principal activities (in terms of income / revenue) of the Sponsor are carried out or where the headquarters of the Sponsor is situated:- *None*
- Monetary penalties imposed and/ or action taken against Indian Sponsor (if any) during the last three years or pending with any financial regulatory body or governmental authority, against Sponsor and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company; for irregularities or for violations in the financial services sector, or for defaults with respect to shareholders or

debenture holders and depositors, or for economic offences, or for violation of securities law including details of settlement, if any, arrived at with the aforesaid authorities during the last three years:- *None*

3. Details of violations and enforcement actions taken by SEBI in the last three years and/ or pending with SEBI for the violation of SEBI Act, 1992 and Rules and Regulations framed there under including debarment and/ or suspension and/ or cancellation and/ or imposition of monetary penalty/adjudication/enquiry proceedings, if any, to which the Sponsor and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company and/ or any of the directors and/ or key personnel (especially the fund managers) of the AMC and Trustee Company were/ are a party:-
 - SEBI vide it's Final Order dated February 11, 2022, levied a penalty of R. 6 lakhs on Dr. V.R. Narasimhan for an alleged violation of Securities Contracts (Regulations) (Stock Exchanges and Clearing Corporations) Regulations, 2012 relating to the period when he was Chief Regulatory Officer and Compliance Officer at NSE during 2016. Dr. Narasimhan has appealed the Final Order.
 - SEBI conducted a thematic inspection of PGIM India Mutual Fund for the period from August 1, 2018 to February 28, 2019. SEBI had issued a Show Cause Notice on April 13, 2022 to PGIM India Asset Management Private Limited and certain officials and ex-officials with allegations relating to Inter Scheme Transfers and Valuation of Downgraded Securities. The AMC and other noticees replied to the Show Cause Notice and availed of a personal hearing, after which, SEBI has issued an Order dated June 30, 2022 imposing a penalty of Rs. 25,00,000/- on the AMC; Rs. 5,00,000/- on the Chief Executive Officer; and Rs. 2,00,000/- each on the Head of Fixed Income and two ex-officials. The AMC has filed an appeal before the Securities Appellate Tribunal against the SEBI order dated June 30, 2022 to the extent of the findings and penalty imposed by SEBI. The SAT bench had passed a stay order on the impugned order, subject to deposit of 50% of the penalty imposed upon the Appellants. Accordingly, the Appellants have paid an amount of INR 18 lakhs on September 13, 2022.
4. Any pending material civil or criminal litigation incidental to the business of the Mutual Fund to which the Sponsor and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company and/ or any of the directors and/ or key personnel are a party:-*None*
5. Any deficiency in the systems and operations of the Sponsor and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees/Trustee Company requiring disclosure here by SEBI has specifically advised to be disclosed in the SID, or which has been notified by any other regulatory agency:- *None*

The above information has been disclosed in good faith as per the information available to the AMC.

Please refer AMC website for latest updates on Penalties, Pending Litigation or Proceedings, Findings of Inspections or Investigations

Please refer link: <https://www.pgimindiamf.com/statutory-disclosure/sid-kim-sai-related-disclosures>

The Scheme under this Scheme Information Document was approved by the Board of Directors of PGIM India Trustees Private Limited (Trustees to PGIM India Mutual Fund) on May 29, 2020. The Trustees have ensured that the Scheme approved is a new product offered by PGIM India Mutual Fund and is not a minor modification of its existing schemes.

Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.

For PGIM India Asset Management Private Limited

Sd/-
Ajit Menon
Chief Executive Officer

Place: Mumbai
Date: June 26, 2024

COMMON APPLICATION FORM

(To be Used / Distributed along with Scheme Information Document)

Investors must read the Key Information Memorandum, Instructions and Product Labeling before completing this Form.

Please read the instructions before filling up the Application Form. Tick (✓) whichever is applicable, strike out whichever is not required.



PGIM
India Mutual Fund

Application No. _____

Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-II DOF3/P/CIR/2021/573 dated June 07, 2021 on Potential Risk Class (PRC) Matrix for debt schemes based on Interest Rate Risk and Credit Risk, PGIM India Asset Management Private Limited has positioned its debt schemes in terms of PRC matrix consisting of parameters based on maximum interest rate risk (measured by Macaulay Duration of the scheme) and maximum credit risk (measured by Credit Risk Value of the scheme). Accordingly, the debt schemes of PGIM India Mutual Fund are positioned in PRC matrix as follows:

Potential Risk Class			
Credit Risk →	Relatively Low (Class A)	Moderate (Class B)	Relatively High (Class C)
Interest Rate Risk ↓			
Relatively Low (Class I)	A-I • PGIM India Overnight Fund	B-I • PGIM India Liquid Fund • PGIM India Ultra Short Duration Fund • PGIM India Money Market Fund (No. of Segregated Portfolio)*	C-I NIL
Moderate (Class II)	A-II NIL	B-II NIL	C-II NIL
Relatively High (Class III)	A-III • PGIM India Gilt Fund • PGIM India Dynamic Bond Fund • PGIM India CRISIL IBX Gilt Index - Apr 2028 Fund	B-III • PGIM India Corporate Bond Fund	C-III NIL

Sr. No.	Name of the Scheme	Type of the Scheme
1	PGIM India Overnight Fund	An open ended debt scheme investing in overnight securities. A relatively low interest rate risk and relatively low credit risk scheme.
2	PGIM India Liquid Fund	An open ended liquid scheme. A relatively low interest rate risk and moderate credit risk scheme.
3	PGIM India Ultra Short Duration Fund	An open ended ultra-short term debt scheme investing in instruments such that the Macaulay duration of the portfolio is between 3 months to 6 months. A relatively low interest rate risk and moderate credit risk scheme.
4	PGIM India Money Market Fund (No. of Segregated Portfolio 1)*	An open ended debt scheme investing in money market instruments. A relatively low interest rate risk and moderate credit risk scheme.
5	PGIM India Dynamic Bond Fund	An open ended dynamic debt scheme investing across duration. A relatively high interest rate risk and relatively low credit risk scheme.
6	PGIM India Corporate Bond Fund	An open ended debt scheme predominantly investing in AA+ and above rated corporate bonds. A relatively high interest rate risk and moderate credit risk scheme.
7	PGIM India Gilt Fund	An open ended debt scheme investing in government securities across maturities. A relatively high interest rate risk and relatively low credit risk scheme.
8	PGIM India CRISIL IBX Gilt Index - Apr 2028 Fund	An open-ended Target Maturity Index Fund investing in constituents of the CRISIL-IBX Gilt Index - April 2028. A relatively high interest rate risk and relatively low credit risk

* The scheme has 1 segregated portfolio which was created under PGIM India Credit Risk Fund. Main portfolio of PGIM India Credit Risk Fund was merged with PGIM India Low Duration Fund w.e.f. January 22, 2022 which was further merged with PGIM India Money Market Fund w.e.f. September 30, 2023.)

CAF_V1.2 March 2024



ACKNOWLEDGMENT SLIP (To be filled in by the investor)

Application No. _____

Name _____ PAN | | | | | | | | | |

An Application for scheme **PGIM INDIA**

Along with Cheque / DD No. / UTR No. | | | | | | | | | | Dated | D | D | M | M | Y | Y | Y | Y |

Drawn on (Bank) _____ Amount ₹ | | | | | | | | | |

Signature, Stamp & Date

COMMON APPLICATION FORM

(To be Used / Distributed along with Scheme Information Document)

Investors must read the Key Information Memorandum, Instructions and Product Labeling before completing this Form.

Please read the instructions before filling up the Application Form. Tick (✓) whichever is applicable, strike out whichever is not required.



PGIM
India Mutual Fund

1. DISTRIBUTOR INFORMATION					
ARN code	RIA code	ARN / RIA Name	Sub broker ARN code	Sub broker code **	EUIN*
ARN -	RIA -		ARN -		

*Employee Unique Identification Number **As allotted by ARN holder. Upfront commission shall be paid directly by the investor to the AMFI registered Distributors based on the investors' assessment of various factors including the service rendered by the distributor. Declaration for "execution-only" transaction (only where EUIN box is left blank). I/We hereby confirm that the EUIN box has been intentionally left blank by me/us as this transaction is executed without any interaction or advice by the employee/relationship manager/sales person of the above distributor/sub broker or notwithstanding the advice of in-appropriateness, if any, provided by the employee/relationship manager/sales person of the distributor/sub broker. By mentioning RIA code, I/We authorize you to share my/our transactions data feed/portfolio holdings/ NAV details under Direct Plan of scheme(s) managed by you with the Investment Adviser.

Signature of 1st Applicant / Guardian	Signature of 2nd Applicant	Signature of 3rd Applicant
---------------------------------------	----------------------------	----------------------------

2. EXISTING FOLIO NUMBER	GO GREEN INITIATIVE
Folio No. <input type="text"/> The details in our records under the folio number mentioned alongside will apply for this application.	<input type="checkbox"/> Opt-in – Physical <input type="checkbox"/> Opt-out – Email Refer instruction no. 11

3. MODE OF HOLDING (Please ✓) Single OR Anyone or Survivor OR Joint (Default option)

4. DEMAT ACCOUNT DETAILS		Kindly fill the below details for allotment of units in demat mode	
National Securities Depository Limited		Central Depository Services (India) Limited	
Depository Participant Name		Depository Participant Name	
DP ID	IN	Beneficiary A/c No.	

5. SOLE / FIRST APPLICANT'S DETAILS # Mandatory

Mr Ms Mrs M/S (Please ✓)

Name# Gender (Please ✓) Male Female
(Name as per PAN)

Date of Birth/Incorporation# Proof of DOB of Minor enclosed (Please ✓) Passport Birth Certificate Other please specify

Father's name

Mother's name

PAN# NOTE- PAN copy mandatory CKYC / KIN

Legal Entity Identification *Applicable for Non-Individuals only

Guardian Name (in case of Minor) / POA (Contact Person For Non Individuals / POA Holder Name) (Name as per PAN) Refer instruction no. 5

Father's name

Mother's name

PAN# NOTE- PAN copy mandatory DOB# CKYC / KIN

Natural Guardian Legal Guardian[§] § Enclose supporting documents

Mailing Address (as per KYC records)

City

Pincode State Country

I/ we confirm, below contact details are of (Please select (✓) any) Primary holder ^Family Specify relationship

Mobile No. Email ID

^ "Family" for this purpose shall mean self, spouse, dependent children and dependent parents.

Phone (Off) Fax No. Phone (Res)

Overseas Address (Mandatory in case of NRI/ FII applicant, in addition to mailing address)

City

Pincode State Country

ADDITIONAL KYC DETAILS

Tax Status: (Please ✓)

Resident Individual NRI-Repatriation NRI-Non Repatriation Partnership Trust HUF AOP Minor through guardian Company

Fils PIO Body Corporate Society/Club Sole Proprietorship Non Profit Organisation Financial Institution NBFC Others please specify

Non-Profit Organization (NPO):

We are falling under "Non-Profit Organization" [NPO] which has been constituted for religious or charitable purposes referred to in clause (15) of section 2 of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961), and is registered as a trust or a society under the Societies Registration Act, 1860 (21 of 1860) or any similar State legislation or a Company registered under the section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013 (18 of 2013) Yes No

If yes, please quote Registration No. of Darpan portal of Niti Aayog Enclosed relevant documentary proof evidencing the above definition.

If not, please register immediately and confirm with the above information. Failure to get above confirmation or registration with the portal as mandated, wherever applicable will force MF / AMC to register your entity name in the above portal and may report to the relevant authorities as applicable. We am/are aware that we may be liable for it for any fines or consequences as required under the respective statutory requirements and authorize you to deduct such fines/charges under intimation to me/us or collect such fines/charges in any other manner as might be applicable.

Occupation:

Private Sector Service Public Sector Service Government Service Business Professional Agriculturist Retired
 Housewife Student Forex Dealer Others please specify

Gross Annual Income:

Below 1 Lac 1-5 Lacs 5-10 Lacs 10-25 Lacs >25 Lacs-1 crore >1 crore
OR Net worth (Mandatory for Non-Individuals) ₹ as on (Not older than 1 year)

For Individuals [Please ✓]: I am Politically Exposed Person (PEP)^ I am Related to Politically Exposed Person (RPEP) Not applicable

For Non-Individuals [Please ✓] (Please attach mandatory Ultimate Beneficial Ownership (UBO) declaration form

(i) Foreign Exchange / Money Changer Services Yes No (ii) Gaming / Gambling / Lottery / Casino Services Yes No (iii) Money Lending / Pawning Yes No

^ PEP are defined as individuals who are or have been entrusted with prominent public functions in a foreign country, e.g., Heads of States or of Governments, senior politicians, senior Government/judicial/ military officers, senior executives of state owned corporations, important political party officials, etc.

FATCA DETAILS ^ Refer Instructions page no. 9 (FATCA & CRS Instructions)

FATCA Declaration No. Are you a Tax Resident of any Country other than India? Yes No

FATCA & CRS Details: For Individuals (Mandatory). Non Individual - investors should mandatory fill separate FATCA/CRS Detail Form

The below information is required for all applicant(s)/ guardian. Is the applicant(s)/ guardian's Country of Birth / Citizenship / Nationality / Tax Residency other than India? Yes No
If Yes, please provide the following information [mandatory]. Please indicate all countries in which you are resident for tax purposes and the associated Tax Reference Numbers below:

*Please indicate all countries in which you are a resident for tax purpose, associated Taxpayer Identification Number and Identification type e.g. TIN etc.

Country of tax resident	1.	2.	3.
Tax Payer Ref ID No.	1.	2.	3.
Identification Type	1.	2.	3.

In case Country of Tax Residence is only India then details of Country of Birth & Nationality need not be provided. In case Tax Identification Number is not available, kindly provide its functional equivalent.

Country of Birth: City of Birth: Country of Nationality:

If TIN is not available, Please ✓ the reason A, B or C (as defined below): Reason A B C

SECOND APPLICANT'S DETAILS

Mr Ms Mrs (Please ✓)

Name# Gender (Please ✓) Male Female
(Name as per PAN)

Father's name

Mother's name

PAN# NOTE- PAN copy mandatory DOB# CKYC / KIN

I/ we confirm, below contact details are of (Please select (✓) any) Primary holder ^Family Specify relationship

Mobile No. Email ID

^ "Family" for this purpose shall mean self, spouse, dependent children and dependent parents.

Phone (Off) Phone (Res)

ADDITIONAL KYC DETAILS

Tax Status: (Please ✓)

Resident Individual NRI-Repatriation NRI-Non Repatriation Partnership Trust HUF AOP Minor through guardian Company
 Fils PIO Body Corporate Society/Club Sole Proprietorship Non Profit Organisation Financial Institution NBFC Others please specify

Occupation:

Private Sector Service Public Sector Service Government Service Business Professional Agriculturist Retired
 Housewife Student Forex Dealer Others please specify

Gross Annual Income:

Below 1 Lac 1-5 Lacs 5-10 Lacs 10-25 Lacs >25 Lacs-1 crore >1 crore
OR Net worth (Mandatory for Non-Individuals) ₹ as on (Not older than 1 year)

For Individuals [Please ✓]: I am Politically Exposed Person (PEP)^ I am Related to Politically Exposed Person (RPEP) Not applicable

^ PEP are defined as individuals who are or have been entrusted with prominent public functions in a foreign country, e.g., Heads of States or of Governments, senior politicians, senior Government/judicial/ military officers, senior executives of state owned corporations, important political party officials, etc.

FATCA DETAILS ^ Refer Instructions page no. 9 (FATCA & CRS Instructions)

FATCA Declaration No. Are you a Tax Resident of any Country other than India? Yes No

FATCA & CRS Details: For Individuals (Mandatory). Non Individual - investors should mandatory fill separate FATCA/CRS Detail Form

The below information is required for all applicant(s)/ guardian. Is the applicant(s)/ guardian's Country of Birth / Citizenship / Nationality / Tax Residency other than India? Yes No
If Yes, please provide the following information [mandatory]. Please indicate all countries in which you are resident for tax purposes and the associated Tax Reference Numbers below:

*Please indicate all countries in which you are a resident for tax purpose, associated Taxpayer Identification Number and Identification type e.g. TIN etc.

Country of tax resident	1.	2.	3.
Tax Payer Ref ID No.	1.	2.	3.
Identification Type	1.	2.	3.

In case Country of Tax Residence is only India then details of Country of Birth & Nationality need not be provided. In case Tax Identification Number is not available, kindly provide its functional equivalent.

Country of Birth: City of Birth: Country of Nationality:

If TIN is not available, Please ✓ the reason A, B or C (as defined below): Reason A B C

THIRD APPLICANT'S DETAILS

Mr Ms Mrs (Please) Name# _____
(Name as per PAN)

Father's name _____
 Mother's name _____

PAN# _____ DOB# _____ CKYC / KIN _____ Gender (Please) Male Female

NOTE- PAN copy mandatory
 # I/ we confirm, below contact details are of (Please select) any Primary holder ^Family _____ Specify relationship _____
 Mobile No. _____ Email ID _____
 ^ "Family" for this purpose shall mean self, spouse, dependent children and dependent parents.
 Phone (Off) _____ Phone (Res) _____

ADDITIONAL KYC DETAILS

Tax Status: (Please)
 Resident Individual NRI-Repatriation NRI-Non Repatriation Partnership Trust HUF AOP Minor through guardian Company
 Fils PIO Body Corporate Society/Club Sole Proprietorship Non Profit Organisation Financial Institution NBFC Others _____ please specify _____

Occupation:
 Private Sector Service Public Sector Service Government Service Business Professional Agriculturist Retired
 Housewife Student Forex Dealer Others _____ please specify _____

Gross Annual Income:
 Below 1 Lac 1-5 Lacs 5-10 Lacs 10-25 Lacs >25 Lacs-1 crore >1 crore
 OR Net worth (Mandatory for Non-Individuals) ₹ _____ as on [D][D][M][M][Y][Y][Y][Y] (Not older than 1 year)

For Individuals [Please]: I am Politically Exposed Person (PEP)^ I am Related to Politically Exposed Person (RPEP) Not applicable
 ^ PEP are defined as individuals who are or have been entrusted with prominent public functions in a foreign country, e.g., Heads of States or of Governments, senior politicians, senior Government/judicial/ military officers, senior executives of state owned corporations, important political party officials, etc.

FATCA DETAILS

^ Refer Instructions page no. 9 (FATCA & CRS Instructions)

FATCA Declaration No. _____ Are you a Tax Resident of any Country other than India? Yes No

FATCA & CRS Details: For Individuals (Mandatory). Non Individual - investors should mandatory fill separate FATCA/CRS Detail Form

The below information is required for all applicant(s)/ guardian. Is the applicant(s)/ guardian's Country of Birth / Citizenship / Nationality / Tax Residency other than India? Yes No
 If Yes, please provide the following information [mandatory]. Please indicate all countries in which you are resident for tax purposes and the associated Tax Reference Numbers below:
 *Please indicate all countries in which you are a resident for tax purpose, associated Taxpayer Identification Number and Identification type e.g. TIN etc.

Country of tax resident	1.	2.	3.
Tax Payer Ref ID No.	1.	2.	3.
Identification Type	1.	2.	3.

In case Country of Tax Residence is only India then details of Country of Birth & Nationality need not be provided. In case Tax Identification Number is not available, kindly provide its functional equivalent.

Country of Birth: _____ City of Birth: _____ Country of Nationality: _____

If TIN is not available, Please the reason A, B or C (as defined below): Reason A B C

6. BANK ACCOUNT DETAILS FOR PAYOUT (Mandatory to attach proof, incase the payout Bank account is different from the source Bank account.)

Bank Name _____ Branch _____
 Bank A/c No. _____ Account Type (Please) Savings Current NRE NRO Others _____ (please specify) _____
 Bank Address _____ City _____
 Pincode _____ State _____ Country _____
 IFSC (11 digits)* _____ MICR (9 digits) _____ *This is an 11 Digit Number, kindly obtain it from your cheque copy or Bank Branch.

7. INVESTMENT DETAILS

Mode of Investment Lumpsum Lumpsum with SIP Standalone SIP SIP (First installment through cheque) Micro Investment

In case of single scheme the cheque should be drawn in favor of scheme name and for multiple schemes, cheque should be drawn in favor of "PGIM India Mutual Fund - Common Collection A/c"

Scheme / Plan	Growth	IDCW^ Payout	IDCW Reinvestment	Amount
PGIM INDIA _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Regular <input type="checkbox"/> Direct	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	₹ _____
PGIM INDIA _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Regular <input type="checkbox"/> Direct	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	₹ _____
PGIM INDIA _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Regular <input type="checkbox"/> Direct	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	₹ _____
Note: * If Multiple option is opted then the investment amount should match with the total amount.				TOTAL+ ₹ _____

(For Plans & Sub-options please see key scheme features). Allow maximum 3 schemes in one application. ^IDCW option is not available for FOF Schemes.

8. SIP INVESTMENT DETAILS

Refer Instruction no. 7

Scheme / Plan	Growth	IDCW^ Payout	IDCW Reinvestment	Amount
PGIM INDIA _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Regular <input type="checkbox"/> Direct	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	₹ _____
PGIM INDIA _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Regular <input type="checkbox"/> Direct	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	₹ _____
PGIM INDIA _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Regular <input type="checkbox"/> Direct	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	₹ _____
Note: * If Multiple option is opted then the investment amount should match with the total amount.				TOTAL+ ₹ _____

Monthly SIP Amount (figure) _____ (words) _____
 SIP Frequency (Please any one) Monthly Quarterly SIP Date: [D][D] (Any date of the month & quarter) No. of Instalment _____
 Start Date [M][M][Y][Y][Y][Y] End Date* [M][M][Y][Y][Y][Y] Maximum duration of 40 years.
 OTM Debit Mandate is already registered in the folio. Please fill, Unique Mandate (UMRN)* _____
 SIP THROUGH AUTO DEBIT (OTM) (Please also fill and attach the SIP OTM Form available on page no. 5)
 SIP THROUGH POST-DATED CHEQUE Second & subsequent Instalment cheque Details Cheque Nos. _____ From To _____
 If Start Date is not mentioned, next applicable SIP cycle date would be applied for processing. Cheque Dates [D][D][M][M][Y][Y][Y][Y] From To [D][D][M][M][Y][Y][Y][Y]

Note: *Existing Mandate should be valid for the enrolled period.

9. PAYMENT DETAILS

Payment Type [Please Third Party Payment (Please attach 'Third Party Payment Declaration Form') (Please refer instruction 7)]

Investment Amount DD Charges (if applicable) Total Amount

Mode of Payment Cheque Demand Draft Electronic Fund Transfer Existing OTM

Cheque/DD Number Date Drawn on Bank / Branch

UMRN No. (If existing OTM) UTR dated

10. SIP TOP-UP SIP Top Up (Optional) - Available only for investments effected through OTM.

Top Up Amount ₹ Top Up Frequency () Half Yearly* Yearly

Top Up to continue till# maximum duration of 40 years (Please any 1) OR Top Up to continue till SIP amount reaches* ₹

^ SIP Top Up will cease once the mentioned amount is reached. # It is the date from which SIP Top Up amount will cease * Default option if not selected.

11. NOMINATION DETAILS (To be filled in by individuals singly or jointly. Mandatory only for Investors who opt to hold units in Non-Demat Form)

Nominee Name Date of Birth

Address

Relationship with applicant Nominee (%)

Name of Guardian (in case nominee is a minor)

Declare that I / We do not wish to appoint a nominee for our investments in the above folio. I / We understand that in the event of death of all unitholder(s) in the folio, the legal heirs for the unit holders would need to submit all requisite documents for transmitting the units in favour of the legal heir based on applicable legal / regulatory requirements at the stage of initiation of the transmission request.

If you wish to appoint multiple nominees, please use the multiple nomination form available or visit our website to update nomination.

12. DECLARATION AND SIGNATURES

I/We hereby confirm and declare as under:- I/We have read and understood the contents of the Statement of Additional Information of PGIM India Mutual Fund and the Scheme Information Document(s)/Key Information memorandum of the respective Scheme(s) and Addenda thereto, issued from time to time and the Instructions. I/We, hereby apply to the Trustee of PGIM India Mutual Fund for allotment of units of the respective Scheme(s) of PGIM India Mutual Fund, as indicated above and agree to abide by the terms, conditions, rules and regulations of the relevant Scheme(s). I/We have neither received nor been induced by any rebate or gifts, directly or indirectly in making this investment. I/We declare that I am/We are authorised to make this investment and the amount invested in the Scheme is through legitimate sources only and is not designed for the purpose of contravention or evasion of any Act, Regulation, Rule, Notification, Directions or any other applicable laws enacted by the Government of India or any Statutory Authority. The ARN holder has disclosed to me/us all the commissions (in the form of trail commission or any other mode), payable to him for the different competing Schemes of various Mutual Funds from amongst which the Scheme(s) is/are being recommended to me/us. I/We declare that the information given in this application form is correct, complete and truly stated. In the event of my/our not fulfilling the KYC process to the satisfaction of the AMC/PGIM India Mutual Fund, I/We hereby authorise the AMC/PGIM India Mutual Fund to redeem the units against the funds invested by me/us at the applicable NAV as on the date of such redemption. I/We agree that PGIM India Mutual Fund can debit from my Folio Transaction Charges as applicable. I/We agree to notify PGIM India Asset Management Private Limited immediately in the event the information in the self-certification changes. **For investors investing in Direct Plan:** I/We hereby agree that the AMC has not recommended or advised me/us regarding the suitability or appropriateness of the product/scheme/plan. **Applicable to Micro Investors:** I/We hereby declare that I/We do not have any existing Micro investments which together with the current application will result in aggregate investments exceeding Rs. 50,000 in a year. **Applicable to NRIs:** I/We confirm that I am/We are Non-Resident(s) of Indian Nationality/Origin and I/We hereby confirm that the funds for subscription have been remitted from abroad through normal banking channels or from funds in my/our Non-Resident External/Ordinary Account/FCNR Account(s). **FATCA and CRS Declaration:** I/We hereby acknowledge and confirm that the information provided in this form is true and correct to the best of my/our knowledge and belief. In case any of the above specified information is found to be false or untrue or misleading or misrepresenting, I/We shall be liable for it. I/We also undertake to keep you informed in writing about any changes/modification to the above information in future and also undertake to provide any other additional information as may be required at your end. I/We hereby authorise you to disclose, share, remit in any form, mode or manner, all/any of the information provided by me/us, including all changes, updates to such information as and when provided by me/us to Mutual Fund, its Sponsor, Asset Management Company, trustees, their employees ('the Authorised Parties') or any Indian or foreign governmental or statutory or judicial authorities/agencies including but not limited to the Financial Intelligence Unit-India (FIU-IND), the tax /revenue authorities and other investigation agencies without any obligation of advising me/us of the same.

SIGNATURE(S)

1 st Applicant / Guardian / POA Signature	2 nd Applicant / POA Signature	3 rd Applicant / POA Signature
--	---	---

Date Place



ONE TIME MANDATE FORM FOR NACH / ECS / AUTO DEBIT / LUMP SUM / SIP

(*Mandatory field)

UMRN For office use Date*

Sponsor Bank Code Utility Code

CREATE MODIFY CANCEL

I/We hereby authorize to debit (Please)

Bank a/c number*

With Bank* Name of customers bank IFSC* MICR*

an amount of Rupees* Amount in words ₹ In Figures

FREQUENCY* Mthly Qly H-Yrly As & When presented DEBIT TYPE* Fixed Amount Maximum Amount

Reference - 1 Application no. / Folio number Phone No

Reference - 2 Email ID

I agree for the debit of mandate processing charges by the bank whom I am authorizing to debit my account as per latest schedule of charges of the bank.

Maximum period of validity of this mandate is 40 years only.

PERIOD*

From	<input type="text" value="D D M M Y Y Y Y"/>	<input type="text" value="x x Signature of first account holder"/>	<input type="text" value="x x Signature of second account holder"/>	<input type="text" value="x x Signature of third account holder"/>
To	<input type="text" value="D D M M Y Y Y Y"/>	<input type="text" value="Name of first account holder"/>	<input type="text" value="Name of second account holder"/>	<input type="text" value="Name of third account holder"/>

- This is to confirm that the declaration has been carefully read, understood & made by me/us. I am authorizing the User entity/ Corporate to debit my account.
- I have understood that I am authorized to cancel/amend this mandate by appropriately communicating the cancellation / amendment request to the User entity/ corporate or the bank where I have authorized the debit.
- Maximum period of validity of this mandate is 40 years only.

GENERAL GUIDELINES FOR COMMON APPLICATION FORM

- a. Please read the Scheme Information Document/Key Information Memorandum of the Scheme carefully before investing.
- b. Please furnish all information marked as 'MANDATORY'. In the absence of any mandatory information, the application would be rejected.
- c. The application form should be completed in ENGLISH and in BLOCK LETTERS.
- d. All cheques, demand drafts and pay orders should be crossed "Account Payee only" and made in favour of "Scheme Name A/c First Investor Name" or "Scheme Name A/c Permanent Account No."
- e. If the Scheme name on the application form and on the payment instrument are different, the application may be processed and units allotted at applicable NAV of the scheme mentioned in the application / transaction slip duly signed by investor(s).
- f. Any over-writing / changes made while filling the form must be authenticated by canceling the original entry, re-entering correct details and ensuring that all applicants counter-sign against each correction.
- g. Investors must write the application form number / folio number on the reverse of the cheque / demand draft.
- h. FATCA Declaration: Individual investors, please fill in FATCA / CRS annexure and attach along with Application form. Non-Individual investors, please fill in UBO form along with FATCA / CRS annexure and attach along with Application form available on our website
- i. In case of new individual investors who are not CKYC compliant, please fill the CKYC form issued by Central KYC Registry (CKYC) appended in the form and also available on our website.
- j. In case of existing individual and non individual investors who are KYC compliant, please provide the KYC acknowledgement issued by the KYC Registration Agency.
- k. Please strike off sections that are not applicable.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMMON APPLICATION FORM

1. DISTRIBUTOR INFORMATION

- a. Upfront commission shall be paid directly by the investor to the AMFI registered Distributors based on the investors assessment of various factors including the service rendered by the distributor.
- b. Please mention 'DIRECT' in case the application is not routed through any distributor.
- c. Pursuant to SEBI circular dated September 13, 2012, mutual funds have created a unique identity number of the employee/ relationship manager/ sales person of the distributor interacting with the investor for the sale of mutual fund products, in addition to the AMFI Registration Number (ARN) of the distributor. This Employee Unique Identification Number is referred as "EUIIN". EUIIN aims to assist in tackling the problem of mis-selling even if the employee/relationship manager/sales person leaves the employment of the distributor or his/her sub broker. Quoting of EUIIN is mandatory in case of advisory transactions.
- d. Distributors are advised to ensure that the sub broker affixes his/her ARN code in the column "Sub broker ARN code" separately provided, in addition to the current practice of affixing the internal code issued by the main ARN holder in the "Sub broker code (as allotted by ARN holder)" column and the EUIIN of the Sales Person (if any) in the "EUIIN" column.
- e. Distributors are advised to ensure that they fill in the RIA code, in case they are a Registered Investment Advisor.
- f. Investors are requested to note that EUIIN is applicable for transactions such as Purchases, Switches, Registrations of SIP / STP and EUIIN is not applicable for transactions such as Installments under SIP/ STP / SWP / IDCW Reinvestments, Redemption, SWP Registration.
- g. Investors are requested to note that EUIIN is largely applicable to sales persons of non individual ARN holders only (whether acting in the capacity of the main distributor or sub broker). Further, EUIIN will not be applicable for overseas distributors who comply with the requirements as per AMFI circular CIR/ARN-14/12-13 dated July 13, 2012.

h. TRANSACTION CHARGES

In accordance with SEBI Circular No. IMD/ DF/13/ 2011 dated August 22, 2011 read with circular no. CIR/ IMD/ DF/ 21/ 2012 dated September 13, 2012, the AMC/ Fund shall deduct a Transaction Charge on per purchase / subscription of Rs. 10,000/- and above, as may be received from new investors (an investor who invests for the first time in any mutual fund schemes) and existing investors. Investors are requested to note that no transaction charges shall be deducted from the investment amount for transactions / applications received from the distributor (i.e. in Regular Plan) and full subscription amount will be invested in the Scheme.

2. EXISTING INVESTORS OF PGIM INDIA MUTUAL FUND (PGIMIF)

If you are an existing investor please fill your existing folio number, so the unit will be allotted in the same folio. If it is left blank, then new folio number will be generated.

3. MODE OF HOLDING

Please select mode of holding, if option left blank then default option of jointly will be considered.

4. UNIT HOLDING OPTION (Demat / Non - Demat Mode)

- a. Investors can hold units in demat / non-demat mode. In case demat account details are not provided or details of DP ID / BO ID, provided are incorrect or demat account is not activated or not in active status, the units would be allotted in non-demat mode.
- b. Statement of Accounts would be sent to Investors who are allotted units in non-demat mode.
- c. Units held in dematerialized form are freely transferable with effect from October 01, 2011, except units held in Equity link savings Scheme during the lock-in period.

5. APPLICANT'S INFORMATION

- a. Please furnish names of all applicants. The name of the Sole /First Applicant should be mentioned in the same manner in which it appears in the Income Tax PAN card. Please note the following:
 - In case the applicant is a Non-Individual investor, the Contact Person's name should be stated in the space provided (Name of Guardian / Contact Person)
 - In case the applicant is a minor, the Guardian's name should be stated in the space provided (Name of Guardian / Contact Person). It is mandatory to provide the minor's date of birth in the space provided.
 - In case the application is being made on behalf of a minor, he / she shall be the Sole Holder/ Beneficiary. There shall be no joint account with a minor unitholder.
- b. As per recent guidelines, Primary holders are required to provide their Email Address and Mobile number for ease of communications and to prevent fraudulent transactions.
- c. If there is more than one applicant but the mode of holding is not specified, the same would be treated as Joint.
- d. Please indicate the tax status of the sole/1 applicant at the time of investment. The abbreviations used in this section are :
NRI: Non-Resident Indian Individual, PIO: Person of Indian Origin, FI: Foreign Institutional Investor, NGO: Non Government Organization, AOP: Association of Persons, BOI: Body of Individuals, HUF : Hindu Undivided Family.
- e. Where the investment is on behalf of a Minor by the Guardian:
 - The Minor shall be the first and sole holder in the account.
 - No Joint holders are allowed. In case an investor provides joint holder details, these shall be ignored.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ONE TIME MANDATE FORM

One Time Mandate (OTM) is an authorization to the bank issued by an investor to debit their bank account up to a maximum limit as provided by the investor in the OTM mandate. This would facilitate debits for all purchases initiated by the investor up to maximum limit from the bank account provided in the section.

1. To avail this facility the investors of the fund shall be required to submit one time mandate, completely filled in with all the details in the designated mandate form. Please attach a cancelled cheque copy.
2. Investors, who have not registered for OTM facility, may fill the OTM form and submit duly signed with their name mentioned.
3. Mobile Number and Email Id: Unit holder(s) should mandatorily provide their mobile number and email id on the mandate form. Where the mobile number and email id mentioned on the mandate form differs from the ones as already existing in the folio, the details provided on the mandate will be updated in the folio. All future communication whatsoever would be, thereafter, sent to the updated mobile number and email id.
4. Unit holder(s) need to provide along with the mandate form an original cancelled cheque (or a copy) with name and account number pre-printed of the bank account to be registered or bank account verification letter for registration of the mandate failing which registration may not be accepted. The Unit holder(s) cheque/ bank account details are subject to third party verification.
5. Investors are deemed to have read and understood the terms and conditions of OTM Facility, SIP registration through OTM facility, the Scheme Information Document, Statement of Additional Information, Key Information Memorandum, Instructions and Addenda issued from time to time of the respective Scheme(s) of PGIM India Mutual Fund.
6. Date and the validity of the mandate should be mentioned in DD/MM/YYYY format.
7. Utility Code of the Service Provider will be mentioned by PGIM India Mutual Fund
8. Tick on the respective option to select your choice of action and instruction.
9. The numeric data like Bank account number, Investors account number should be left padded with zeroes.
10. Please mention the Name of Bank and Branch, IFSC / MICR Code also provide An Original Cancelled copy of the cheque of the same bank account registered in One Time Mandate.
11. Amount payable for service or maximum amount per transaction that could be processed in words.
The amount in figures should be same as the amount mentioned in words, in case of ambiguity the mandate will be rejected.
12. For the convenience of the investors the frequency of the mandate will be "As and When Presented"
13. Please affix the Names of customer/s and signature/s as well as seal of Company (where required) and sign the undertaking.
14. PGIM India MF may amend the above terms and conditions, at any time without prior notice to investors and such amended terms and conditions will there upon apply to and bind willing on the investors.
15. For period selection investor has option to mention end date.
16. The validity of the mandates can be only for a maximum duration of 40 years or below from the Start Date.

- Guardian should be either a natural guardian (i.e. father or mother) or a court appointed legal guardian.
 - Guardian should mention the relationship with Minor and date of birth of the Minor on the application form.
 - Documents evidencing the relationship and date of birth of the Minor should be submitted along with the application form. Photo copy of any one of the following documents can be submitted:
 - Birth certificate of the minor or
 - school leaving certificate / mark sheet of Higher Secondary board of respective states, ICSE, CBSE etc.
 - Passport of the minor
 - Any other suitable proof evidencing the relationship.
 - Where the guardian is not a natural guardian (father or mother) and is a court appointed legal guardian, suitable supporting documentary evidence should be provided.
 - If the mandatory details and/or documents are not provided, the application is liable to be rejected without any information to the applicant.
 - The bank a/c to be in name of minor or guardian with minor as joint.
- f. PGIM India Mutual Fund has decided to restrict subscriptions from United States persons (U.S. person) as defined under the extant laws of the United States of America and Residents of Canada in the schemes of PGIM India Mutual Fund. Any individual who is a foreign national or any entity that is not an Indian Resident under the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999, except where registered with SEBI as a FPI. Non-Resident Indians residing in the Financial Action Task Force (FATF) Non Compliant Countries and Territories (NCCTs) & Overseas Corporate Bodies.

g. **KYC Requirements And Details:**

Please furnish PAN & KYC details for each applicant/unit holder, including the Guardian and/ or Power Of Attorney (POA) holders as explained in the below points.

• **PAN**

It is mandatory for all investors (including guardians, joint holders, NRIs and power of attorney holders) to provide their Income Tax Permanent Account Number (PAN) and also submit a photo copy of the PAN card at the time of purchase of Units except for investors who are exempted from PAN requirement, please refer to KYC Form for exemption of PAN requirement.

• **KNOW YOUR CUSTOMER (KYC)**

Individual client who has registered under Central KYC Records Registry (CKYCR) has to fill the 14 digit KYC Identification Number (KIN) in application form as per AMFI circular 135/BP/68/2016-17. To download Common KYC Application Form, please visit our website www.pgimindiamf.com.

• **Operationalisation of Central KYC Records Registry (CKYCR)**

Central Registry of Securitisation and Asset Reconstruction and Security interest of India ('CERSAI') has been authorised by Government of India to act as Central KYC Records Registry under Prevention of Money-Laundering (Maintenance of Records) Rules, 2005 ('PMLA Rules').

SEBI vide its circular ref. no. CIR/MIRSD/66/2016 dated July 21, 2016 and circular ref. no. CIR/MIRSD/120/2016 dated November 10, 2016 has prescribed that the Mutual Fund/ AMC should capture KYC information for sharing with CKYCR as per the KYC template prescribed by CERSAI.

In accordance with the aforesaid SEBI circulars and AMFI best practice guidelines for implementation of CKYC norms with effect from February 1, 2017:

- Individual investors who have never done KYC process under KRA regime i.e. a new investor who is new to KRA system and whose KYC is not registered or verified in the KRA system shall be required to provide KYC details in the CKYC Form to the Mutual Fund/ AMC.
- Individual investor who fills old KRA KYC Form, should provide additional / missing information using Supplementary KYC Form or fill CKYC Form.
- Details of investors shall be uploaded on the system of CKYCR and a 14 digit unique KYC identifier ('KIN') will be generated for such customer.
- New investors, who have completed CKYC process & have obtained KIN may quote their KIN in the application form instead of submitting CKYC Form/ Supplementary KYC Form.
- AMC/ Mutual Fund shall use the KIN of the investor to download the KYC information from CKYCR system and update its records.
- If the PAN of investor is not updated on CKYCR system, the investor should submit self-certified copy of PAN card to the Mutual Fund/ AMC.

The CKYC Form and Supplementary KYC Form are available at Investor Service Centre (ISC) of PGIM India Mutual Fund and on website www.pgimindiamf.com.

The AMC reserves the right to reject transaction application in case the investor(s) fails to submit information and/or documentation as mentioned above. In the event of non compliance of KYC requirements, the Trustee / AMC reserves the right to freeze the folio of the investor(s).

• **Micro Investment**

With effect from October 30, 2012, where the aggregate of the lump sum investment (fresh purchase & additional purchase) and Micro SIP installments by an investor in a financial year i.e. April to March does not exceed Rs. 50,000/- it shall be exempt from the requirement of PAN.

However, requirements of Know Your Customer (KYC) shall be mandatory.

Accordingly, investors seeking the above exemption for PAN still need to submit the KYC Acknowledgement, irrespective of the amount of investment. This exemption will

be available only to Micro investment made by the individuals being Indian citizens (including NRIs, Joint holders, minors acting through guardian and sole proprietary firms). PIOs, HUFs, QFIs and other categories of investors will not be eligible for this exemption.

h. **Contact Information**

- Please furnish the full postal address of the Sole/ First Applicant with PIN/Postal Code and complete contact details. (P.O. Box address is not sufficient).
- Please note that all communication i.e. Account statement, Annual Report, News Letters will be sent via e-mail, if the e-mail id of the investor is provided in the application form. The Account statement will be encrypted with a password before sending the same to the registered email id. Should the unitholder face any difficulty in accessing/opening the Account Statements/ documents sent via email, the unitholder may call/write to the AMC/ Registrar and ask for a physical copy.
- Overseas address is mandatory for NRI/FII investors.

i. **Instructions for LEI**

As per the RBI circular no RBI/2020-21/82, obtaining the Legal Entity Identifier is mandatory for all non-individuals and it should be quoted in any financial transactions of Rs.50 Crores and above routed through RTGS/NEFT w.e.f 1st April 2021. It is applicable for all purchases (inward remittance), redemption / dividend / brokerage payouts (outward remittance).

6. **BANK DETAILS**

- Please furnish complete Bank Account Details of the Sole/First Applicant. This is a mandatory requirement and applications not carrying bank account details shall be rejected. Bank details provided in the application form will be considered as the default Bank Mandate for remitting redemption proceeds/IDCW amount.
- Please provide your complete Core Banking Account Number, (if applicable), in your Bank Mandate in the Application Form. In case you are not aware of the Core Banking Account Number, kindly check the same with your bankers.
- Please attach a original cancelled cheque leaf if your investment instrument is not from the same bank account mentioned in the Application form.
- PGIM India Mutual Fund will endeavour to remit the Redemption and IDCW proceeds through electronic mode, wherever sufficient bank account details of the unit holder are available.

7. **INVESTMENT/PAYMENT DETAILS**

Introduction of Direct Plan:-

The AMC has introduced a separate plan for direct investments (i.e. investments not routed through an AMFI Registration Number (ARN) Holder ("Distributor") (hereinafter referred to as "Direct Plan") with effect from January 1, 2013 ("Effective Date").

- Direct Plan is only for investors who purchase /subscribe Units in a Scheme directly with the Fund and is not available for investors who route their investments through a Distributor.
- Investors may please note that the Direct Plan under the Schemes is meant for investors who understand the capital market, mutual funds and the risks associated therewith. The risks associated with the investments in the Schemes vary depending upon the investment objective, asset allocation and investment strategy of the Schemes and the investments may not be suited for all categories of investors. The AMC believes that investors investing under the Direct Plan of the Schemes are aware of the investment objective, asset allocation, investment strategy, risks associated therewith and other features of the Schemes and has taken an informed investment decision. Please note that Scheme Information Document(s), Statement of Additional Information, Key Information Memorandum or any other advertisements and its contents are for information only and do not constitute any investment advice or solicitation or offer for sale of units of the Schemes from the AMC.

- All Options/Sub-Options offered under the Schemes (hereinafter referred as "Regular Plan") will also be available for subscription under the Direct Plan. Thus, from the Effective Date, there shall be 2 Plans available for subscription under the Schemes viz., Regular Plan and Direct Plan.

- Investors subscribing under Direct Plan of the Schemes should indicate the Scheme/ Plan name in the application form as "Scheme Name – Direct Plan" form for e.g. "PGIM India Midcap Opportunities Fund Direct Plan". Investors should also indicate "Direct" in the ARN column of the application form.

However, in case Distributor code is mentioned in the application form, but "Direct Plan" is indicated against the Scheme name, the Distributor code will be ignored and the application will be processed under Direct Plan.

- Please note, where application is received for Regular Plan without Distributor code or "Direct" mentioned in the ARN Column, the application will be processed under Direct Plan.

- Please indicate the Option/Plan under which you wish to invest. Also indicate your choice of Payout of Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal option or Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal option. If any of the information is left blank, the default option will be applicable.

- Investment cheque is not mandatory if investor wish to start a SIP.
- Please note investor needs to fill the Common Application Form and SIP Investment Form.
- Payment may be made only by Cheque or Bank Draft or Electronic Fund Transfer. Cheque/Draft should be drawn in favour of the "Scheme name", e.g. "PGIM India Midcap Opportunities Fund" and crossed "Account Payee only".
- Please tick and fill in the appropriate section based on the Type of Investment i.e. LUMPSUM or SIP or Micro investment. Please fill an Auto Debit form in case of investment through SIP - Auto Debit Facility.

- In case of multiple schemes, cheque should be drawn in favour of "PGIM India Mutual Fund - Common Collection A/c"
- Allow maximum 3 schemes in one application.
- Third Party payment will not be accepted. In case of exceptions (as per AMFI Circular) to third party payment, please fill the 'Third Party Declaration Form'.
- "Third Party Payment" shall mean payment made through an instrument issued from an account other than that of the beneficiary investor. In case of payment instruments issued from a joint bank account, the first named applicant/investor must be one of the joint holders of the bank account from which the payment instrument is issued. 'Related persons/s' means such persons as may be specified by the AMC from time to time.

The investors making an application under the exceptional cases are required to comply with the following, without which their applications for subscriptions for units will be rejected / not processed.

- Mandatory KYC compliance of the investor and the person making the payment, in order to determine the identity of the investor and the person issuing the payment instrument.
- Submit a separate, prescribed, 'Third Party Payment Declaration Form' and the person making the payment i.e., the Third Party, giving details of the bank account from which the payment is made and the relationship of the Third Party with the beneficiary. (The declaration form is available at www.pgimindiafm.com)
- Submit a cancelled cheque leaf or copy of bank statement / pass book page mentioning bank account number, account holders' name and address or such other document as the AMC may require for verifying the source of funds to ascertain that funds have been remitted from the drawer's account only.

For identifying Third Party Payments, investors are required to comply with the requirements specified below:

- Payment by Cheque: An investor at the time of his/her purchase must provide the details of pay-in bank account (i.e. account from which a subscription payment is made) and pay-out bank account (i.e. account into which redemption/IDCW proceeds are to be paid). Identification of third party cheques by the AMC / Registrars will be on the basis of either matching of pay-in bank account details with registered/pay-out bank account details or by matching the bank account number/name/signature of the first named investor with the name/account number/signature available on the cheque. If the name/bank account number is not pre-printed on the cheque and signature on the cheque does not match with signature on the application, then the first named applicant/investor should submit any one of the following documents:

- a copy# of the bank passbook or a statement of bank account having the name and address of the account holder and account number;
- a letter* (in original) from the bank on the bank's letterhead certifying that the investor maintains an account with the bank, alongwith information like bank account number, bank branch, account type, the MICR code of the branch & IFSC Code (where available).

*In respect of (ii) above, it should be certified by the bank manager with his/her full signature, name, employee code, bank seal and contact number. Investors should note that where the bank account numbers have changed on account of the implementation of core banking system at their banks, any related communication from the bank towards a change in bank account number should accompany the application form for subscription of units.

- Payment by Prefunded Instrument:

- If the subscription is settled with pre-funded instruments such as Pay Order, Demand Draft, Banker's cheque, etc., a certificate (in original) from the Issuing banker must accompany the purchase application, stating the Account holder's name and the Account number which has been debited for issue of the instrument. The account number mentioned in the Certificate should be a registered bank account or the first named unitholder should be one of the account holders to the bank account debited for issue of such instruments.

- Payment by RTGS, NEFT, ECS, Bank transfer, etc:

A copy of the instruction to the bank stating the account number debited must accompany the purchase application. The account number mentioned on the transfer instruction copy should be a registered bank account or the first named unitholder should be one of the account holders to the bank account.

The above broadly covers the various modes of payment for mutual fund subscriptions. The above list is only indicative not exhaustive list and any other mode of payment as introduced from time to time will also be covered accordingly. In case the application for subscription does not comply with the above provisions, the AMC / Registrars retains the Sole and absolute discretion to reject/not process such application and refund the subscription money and shall not be liable for any such rejection.

Renaming of Dividend options:

Investors are requested to note that pursuant to SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/DF3/CIR/P/2020/194 dated October 05, 2020, the 'Dividend options' under all the existing schemes of PGIM India Mutual Fund ('the Mutual Fund') shall be renamed as follows with effect from April 1, 2021.

Option/facility	Name
Dividend Payout	Payout of Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal option (IDCW)
Dividend Re-investment	Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal option (IDCW)

Investors are requested to note that the above changes are changes in the disclosure requirements. There is no change in the current manner of calculation and distribution of dividend. Whenever distributable surplus will be distributed, a clear segregation between income

distribution (appreciation on NAV) and capital distribution (Equalization Reserve) shall be suitably disclosed in the Consolidated Account Statement provided to investors.

I. LUMPSUM INVESTMENT

If you are from a city where there is no designated Investor Service Centre of PGIMIMF, you may make a payment by a Demand Draft for the investment amount. Please enter the cheque or DD amount, DD Charges (if applicable) and the investment amount. The AMC shall bear the DD Charges incurred by an applicant as per demand draft charges prescribed by State Bank of India. The AMC shall, however, not refund any DD charges to the investor under any circumstances.

II. INVESTMENT UNDER SIP

- The following criteria should be met for an SIP investment as specified in the SID and any addenda issued there to :

- Minimum amount per instalment
- Minimum number of instalments
- Aggregate investment via SIP

If the SIP period is not specified by the investor then the SIP enrolment will be deemed to be for 40 years and processed accordingly. The SIP facility will be available on the following dates in a Month or Quarter as chosen by the investor : Any date available of the month & quarter. If any of the said dates happen to be a holiday / non-transaction day, then the SIP transaction will be processed on the next business day.

- SIP Mode – Auto Debit (ECS/Direct Debit/NACH) OR Post-Dated Cheques
- For SIP application, the first investment cheque is optional. However, an original cancelled cheque is mandatory to verify the SIP bank details.
- The first instalment (in case investor wishes to make the first investment with the SIP application form) you may pay either through Auto Debit (ECS/Direct Debit/NACH) or by Post Dated Cheques.

If you wish to opt for payments through Auto Debit, please indicate your preference for SIP through Auto Debit (ECS/Direct Debit/NACH) in the box provided for the purpose and fill in the attached AUTO DEBIT FACILITY FORM. If you wish to pay for your future SIPs through Post Dated Cheques (PDC), you should not fill in the AUTO DEBIT FACILITY FORM. Please mention the second and subsequent Instalment cheque details in the space provided for the purpose.

- The first instalment cheque should be dated with the date of submission of the Application Form.

Please note the following:

- For SIPs through PDCs, the first SIP cheque needs to be from the same bank account as the PDC's for your future SIP Instalments.
- The Second SIP Instalment has to be at least 20 days in case direct debit and 30 days in case of ECS after the date of the first SIP Instalment.
- The first Instalment cheque and the subsequent Instalments (either through PDCs or Auto Debit) should be for the same amount.

- In case of single scheme the cheque should be drawn in favor of scheme name (For e.g "PGIM India Midcap Opportunities Fund") and for multiple schemes, cheque should be drawn in favor of "PGIM India Mutual Fund - Common Collection A/c"
- In case of SIP through Auto Debit, the Auto Debit Authorisation needs to be filled in and signed by the Bank Account holders in the same order and manner in which the Bank account is held by them.
- In case of any mismatch between the 'No. of instalment' and the 'SIP period', the SIP period will be considered as per the Auto Debit Facility Form.
- In case of any discrepancy between the Application Form and the Auto Debit Facility Form, the SIP details provided in the latter will be considered for investment.
- SIP Instalment Requirement:

SIP (All open ended schemes except PGIM India Long Term Equity Fund)			
Frequency	Min Amount Rs.	Multiple of Rs.	Min Number of Instalments
Monthly & Quarterly	1000	1	5

SIP - PGIM India Long Term Equity Fund			
Frequency	Min Amount Rs.	Multiple of Rs.	Min Number of Instalments
Monthly	500	500	12
	1000 and above	500	6
Quarterly	1000	500	6

The Mutual Fund currently has 1 (one) Segregated Portfolio which was created under PGIM India Credit Risk Fund. The Main portfolio of PGIM India Credit Risk Fund was merged with PGIM India Money Market Fund w.e.f. January 22, 2022. No redemption and subscription is allowed in Segregated Portfolio. The units of Segregated Portfolio are listed on NSE (Stock Exchange). Please refer SID of PGIM India Money Market Fund on our website for more information.

NRI investors

NRIs and PIOs may purchase units of the scheme(s) on a repatriation and non-repatriation basis, while FIIs may purchase units only on a repatriation basis. They shall attach a copy of the cheque used for payment or a Foreign Inward Remittance Certificate (FIRC) or an Account Debit Certificate from the bankers along with the application form to enable the AMC to ascertain the repatriation status of the amount invested. The account type shall be clearly ticked as NRE or NRO or FCNR, to enable the AMC determine the repatriation status of the investment amount. The AMC and the Registrar may rely on the repatriation status of the investment purely based on

the details provided in the application form.

Repatriation basis

- NRIs and PIOs may pay their subscription amounts by way of Indian Rupee drafts purchased abroad, cheques drawn on Non-Resident External (NRE) Accounts or Indian Rupee drafts payable at par at any of the centres where the AMC has a designated ISC and purchased out of funds held in NRE Accounts / FCNR Accounts. FILs may pay their subscription amounts either by way of inward remittance through normal banking channels or out of funds held in Foreign Currency Accounts or Non Resident Rupee Accounts maintained with a designated branch of an authorised dealer with the approval of RBI.
- In case Indian Rupee drafts are purchased abroad or from FCNR/NRE accounts, an account debit certificate from the bank issuing the draft confirming the debit shall also be submitted with the application form. NRIs shall also be required to furnish such other documents as may be necessary and as requested by the AMC/Mutual Fund/Registrar, in connection with the investment in the schemes.

Non-Repatriation basis

NRIs and PIOs may pay their subscription amounts by cheques/demand drafts drawn out of Non-Resident Ordinary (NRO) accounts/ Non-Resident Special Rupee (NRSR) accounts and Non Resident Non-Repatriable (NRNR) accounts payable at the city where the application form is accepted.

8. FOREIGN ACCOUNT TAX COMPLIANCE (FATCA)

FATCA & CRS TERMS & CONDITIONS: Details under FATCA & CRS: The Central Board of Direct Taxes has notified Rules 114F to 114H, as part of the Income- tax Rules, 1962, which Rules require Indian financial institutions such as the Bank to seek additional personal, tax and beneficial owner information and certain certifications and documentation from all our account holders. In relevant cases, information will have to be reported to tax authorities / appointed agencies. Towards compliance, we may also be required to provide information to any institutions such as withholding agents for the purpose of ensuring appropriate withholding from the account or any proceeds in relation thereto.

Should there be any change in any information provided by you, please ensure you advise us promptly, i.e., within 30 days.

Please note that you may receive more than one request for information if you have multiple relationships with PGIM India Mutual Fund or its group entities. Therefore, it is important that you respond to our request, even if you believe you have already supplied any previously requested information.

FATCA & CRS INSTRUCTIONS:

[^]In case Tax Identification Number is not available, kindly provide its functional equivalent.

Reason A: The country where the Account holder is liable to pay tax does not issue Tax Identification Number to its residents.

Reason B: No TIN required. (Section this reason Noly if the authorities of the respective country of tax residence do not require the TIN to be collected)

Reason C: Other, please state the reason therefore

For Non-Individual investors, please fill in UBO form along with FATCA / CRS annexure and attach along with Application form available on our website www.pgimindiamf.com

If you have any questions about your tax residency, please contact your tax advisor. If you are a US citizen or resident or greencard holder, please include United States in the foreign country information field along with your US Tax Identification Number.

\$It is mandatory to supply a TIN or functional equivalent if the country in which you are tax resident issues such identifiers. If no TIN is yet available or has not yet been issued, please provide an explanation and attach this to the form.

SEBI issued its circular no. CIR/MIRSD/2/2015 dated August 26, 2015 interalia advising intermediaries to take necessary steps to ensure compliance with the requirements specified in the rules and guidelines specified by the Government of India. AMFI also issued its best practices guidelines circular no. 63/2015-16 dated September 18, 2015 on this matter. The AMC and the Mutual Fund are required to adhere to various requirements interalia including submission of various information / details relating to the investors in the schemes of the mutual fund, to authorities, as specified under the applicable laws. Accordingly, the following aspects need to be adhered to :

- With effect from November 1, 2015 all investors will have to mandatorily provide the information and declarations pertaining to FATCA/CRS for all new accounts opened, failing which the application / transaction request shall be liable to be rejected.
- For all new accounts opened by investors, from September 1, 2015 till October 31, 2015, MFs need to obtain relevant FATCA declarations. These details / certification need to be obtained by December 31, 2015, particularly in cases where, after Indicia search, a positive match is found with any US indicia.
If self-certification is not provided by an investor or the reasonableness of self-certification cannot be confirmed, the account is treated as reportable.
- For accounts opened between July 1, 2014 and August 31, 2015, the Government of India vide its press release dated April 11, 2017 has required that all efforts should be made by the AMC to obtain the self-certification from the investor. Further, in case selfcertifications are not provided by unitholders till April 30, 2017, the folios would be blocked, which would mean that the AMC would prohibit the unitholder from effecting any transaction with respect to such folios. For pre-existing accounts (as on December 31, 2015 in case of CRS and June 30, 2014 in case of FATCA), specific investors above specified threshold limits would be required to provide self-certification forms.

Investors are requested to provide all the necessary information / declarations to facilitate compliance, considering India's commitment to implement CRS and FATCA under the relevant international treaties.

Please consult your professional tax advisor for further guidance on your tax residency, if required.

In case customer has the following Indicia pertaining to a foreign country and yet declares self to be non-tax resident in the respective country, customer to provide relevant Curing Documents as mentioned below:

FATCA & CRS Indicia observed (ticked)	Documentation required for Cure of FATCA/ CRS Indicia
U.S. place of birth	1. Self-certification that the account holder is neither a citizen of United States of America nor a resident for tax purposes; 2. Non-US passport or any non-US government issued document evidencing nationality or citizenship; AND 3. Any one of the following documents: Certified Copy of "Certificate of Loss of Nationality or Reasonable explanation of why the customer does not have such a certificate despite renouncing US citizenship; or Reason the customer did not obtain U.S. citizenship at birth
Residence/ mailing address in a country other than India	1. Self-certification that the account holder is neither a citizen of United States of America nor a tax resident of any country other than India; and 2. Documentary evidence
Telephone number in a country other than India	If no Indian telephone number is provided 1. Self-certification that the account holder is neither a citizen of United States of America nor a tax resident of any country other than India; and 2. Documentary evidence If Indian telephone number is provided along with a foreign country telephone number 1. Self-certification that the account holder is neither a citizen of United States of America nor a tax resident for tax purposes of any country other than India; OR 2. Documentary evidence
Telephone number in a country other than India	1. Self-certification that the account holder is neither a citizen of United States of America nor a tax resident of any country other than India; and 2. Documentary evidence

9. NOMINATION DETAILS

You may nominate a maximum of 3 persons, to receive the Units/amounts standing to your credit payable in the event of death of the Unit Holder(s) in respect of investment under a folio.

- The nomination may be made only by individuals applying for/holding units on their own behalf, singly or jointly.
- Non-individuals including society, trust, body corporate, partnership firm, Karta of HUF, holder of POA or a parent/guardian applying on behalf of a minor beneficiary cannot nominate.
- A minor can be nominated and in that event, the name and address of the guardian of the minor nominee shall be provided in the application. Nomination can also be in favour of the Central Government, State Government, and a local authority, any person designated by virtue of his office or a religious or charitable trust.
- The Nominee shall not be a trust (other than a religious or charitable trust), society, body corporate, partnership firm, Karta of Hindu Undivided Family or a Power of Attorney holder.
- A Non-Resident Indian can be a Nominee subject to the exchange control regulations in force, from time to time.
- Transfer of units in favour of a Nominee shall be valid discharge by the AMC/Mutual Fund against the legal heir.
- The cancellation of nomination can be made only by the individual(s) who hold units on their own behalf singly or jointly and who made the original nomination. On cancellation of the nomination, the nomination shall stand rescinded and the AMC shall not be under any obligation to transfer the units in favour of the Nominee.
- In the event of the unit holders not indicating the percentage of allocation/share for each of the nominees, the AMC shall settle the claim equally amongst all the nominees
- It is recommended for the nominee/Guardian (in case the nominee is a minor) to provide the signature in the space provided.
- Investors should opt for the nomination facility to avoid hassles and inconveniences in case of unforeseen events in future.
- Nomination by a Unit holder shall be applicable for all the investments in all schemes held in a particular folio.
- Every new nomination for a folio will overwrite the existing nomination
- Nomination shall not be allowed in a folio held on behalf of a minor Unit holder.
- Nomination shall be mandatory for all new singly held folios of individual investors.
- In case of multiple nominees, the percentage of allocation/share in whole numbers and without decimals infavour of each of the nominees should be indicated against the name of the nominees.

Such allocation/ share should total to 100 percent. In the event of the Unit holder(s) fail to indicate the percentage of allocation/share for each of the nominees, the Fund/ AMC, by invoking default option shall settle the claim equally amongst all the nominees.

In case you do not wish to nominate, kindly indicate by ticking in the space provided.

10. DECLARATION AND SIGNATURES

- Please tick the box provided for EUIN declaration in this section in case the ARN is mentioned in the distributor section and the EUIN is left blank.
- All signatures should be hand written in English or any Indian language. Thumb impressions should be from the left hand for males and the right hand for females and in both cases must be attested by a Judicial Magistrate or a Notary Public.
- If the application form is signed by a Power of Attorney (PoA) holder, the form should be accompanied by a notarised photocopy of the PoA. Alternatively, the original PoA may be submitted, which will be returned after verification. If the PoA is not submitted with the application, the Application Form will be rejected. The POA should contain the signature of the investor (POADonor) and the POAholder.
- In case of corporates or any non-individual investors, a list of authorised signatories should be submitted along with Application form or in case of any change in the authorised signatory list, the AMC / Registrar must be notified within 7 days.
- In case of application under POA or by a Non-Individual (i.e. Company, trust, society, partnership firm etc.) the relevant POA or the resolution should specifically provide for/ authorize the POA holder/ authorized signatory to make application/ invest moneys on behalf of the investor.

11. GO GREEN INITIATIVE IN MUTUAL FUNDS

- With respect to the recent directives issued by SEBI via Gazette Notification SEBI/LAD-NRO/ GN/2018/14 & Circular SEBI / HO / IMD / DF2 / CIR / P/2018/92 regarding Go Green Initiative

in Mutual Funds regarding disclosing and providing information to investors through digital platform as a green initiative measure.

- In line with above initiative, PGIM India Mutual Fund has adopted 'Go Green Initiative for Mutual Funds' and accordingly, the scheme Annual Reports /Abridged Summary will be hosted on our website www.pgimindiamf.com in a downloadable format. Further, wherever email ids are registered in our records, the scheme Annual Reports / Abridged Summary will be sent via email.
- If you do not opt-in to receive a physical copy of the scheme Annual Report/ Abridged Summary, you can view the same on our website or alternatively contact our registered office to get a physical copy of the Annual Report/Abridged Summary.

12. IMPLEMENTATION OF AMENDMENTS IN INDIAN STAMP ACT, 1899

Investors / Unit Holders of all the Scheme(s) of the Mutual Fund pursuant to Notification No. S.O. 4419(E) dated December 10, 2019 issued by Department of Revenue, Ministry of Finance, Government of India, read with Part I of Chapter IV of Notification dated February 21, 2019 and Notification dated March 30, 2020 issued by Legislative Department, Ministry of Law and Justice, Government of India on the Finance Act, 2019, a stamp duty @ 0.005% of the transaction value would be levied on mutual fund transactions with effect from July 1, 2020. Accordingly, pursuant to levy of stamp duty, the number of units allotted on purchase, switch-ins, SIP/STP installments (including IDCW reinvestment) to the unitholders would be reduced to that extent.

13. TDS ON DIVIDEND (IDCW)

For the Tax and TDS implementation refer the scheme SID.